2007 SESSION

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2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 59.1-310.1, 59.1-310.3, and 59.1-310.5 of the Code of Virginia, 3 relating to the operation of tanning facilities. 4 [S 1231] 5 Approved 6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: That §§ 59.1-310.1, 59.1-310.3, and 59.1-310.5 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 7 1. 8 reenacted as follows: 9 § 59.1-310.1. Definitions. 10 As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise: "Fitzpatrick scale" means the following scale for classifying a skin type, based on the skin's reaction 11 12 to the first 10 to 45 minutes of sun exposure after the winter season: 13 14 Sunburning and Tanning History Skin Type: 15 Always burns easily; never tans 7 16 2 Always burns easily; tans minimally 17 3 Burns moderately; tans gradually 18 4 Burns minimally; always tans well 19 Rarely burns; tans profusely 5 Never burns; deeply pigmented 20 6 21 22 "Owner" means a person who owns or operates a tanning facility. "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or association. 23 24 "Phototherapy device" means a piece of equipment that emits ultraviolet radiation and that is used by 25 a health care professional provider in the treatment of a disease. 26 "Tanning device" means any equipment that emits electromagnetic radiation with wavelengths in the 27 air between 200 and 400 nanometers and that is used for tanning of human skin, including a sunlamp, 28 tanning booth, or tanning bed. The term also includes any accompanying equipment, including protective 29 eyewear, timers, and handrails. "Tanning facility" means a business that provides persons access to tanning devices. 30 31 § 59.1-310.3. Notice to customers; liability. 32 A. A tanning facility shall give each customer a written statement warning that: 33 1. Failure to use the eye protection provided to the customer by the tanning facility may result in 34 damage to the eyes; 35 2. Overexposure to ultraviolet light causes burns; 36 3. Repeated exposure may result in premature aging of the skin and skin cancer; 37 4. Abnormal skin sensitivity or burning may be caused by reactions of ultraviolet light to certain (i) 38 foods; (ii) cosmetics; or (iii) medications, including tranquilizers, diuretics, antibiotics, high blood 39 pressure medicines, or birth control pills; and 40 5. Any person taking a prescription or over-the-counter drug should consult a physician prior to 41 using a tanning device. 42 B. Prior to allowing a prospective customer to use a tanning device, the owner or his designee shall obtain on the written statement the signature of each customer on a duplicate of the written statement 43 provided to the customer under subsection A. In addition, the owner or his designee shall obtain, every 44 45 six months, the signature of the parent or legal guardian of a prospective customer who is under the age of 15 and is not emancipated under Virginia law. 46 47 C. Compliance with the notice requirements does not affect the liability of a tanning facility operator 48 owner or a manufacturer of a tanning device. 49 D. The signed duplicates of the written statements provided under subsection A may be retained at a 50 location other than the tanning facility if an electronic or facsimile image of the original is readily 51 available at each of an owner's tanning facilities. § 59.1-310.5. Operational requirements. 52 53 A. A tanning facility shall have an operator present during operating hours. The operator shall be 54 sufficiently knowledgeable in the correct operation of the tanning devices used at the facility and shall 55 inform and assist each customer in the proper use of the tanning device.

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56 B. The owner or his designee shall identify the skin type of the customer based on the Fitzpatrick
57 scale, document the skin type of the customer, and advise the customer of the customer's maximum time
58 of recommended exposure in the tanning device.

59 C. Before each use of a tanning device, the operator shall provide the customer with properly 50 sanitized protective eyewear that protects the eyes from ultraviolet radiation and allows adequate vision 51 to maintain balance. The operator shall not allow a person to use a tanning device if that person has not 52 been provided protective eyewear. The operator shall also instruct each customer how to use suitable 53 physical aids, such as handrails and markings on the floor, to maintain proper exposure distance as 54 recommended by the manufacturer of the tanning device.

65 D. After each use of a tanning device, the owner or his designee shall clean the device with a cleaner or sanitizer capable of killing bacteria from any previous use.

67 C E. The tanning facility shall use a timer with an accuracy of at least plus or minus ten percent of 68 any selected time interval. The facility shall limit the exposure time of a customer on a tanning device 69 to the maximum exposure time recommended by the manufacturer. The facility shall control the interior 70 temperature of a tanning device so that it may not exceed 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

71 \hat{D} F. Either each time a customer uses a tanning facility or each time a person executes or renews a 72 contract to use a tanning facility, the person shall sign a written statement acknowledging that the person 73 has read and understood the required warnings before using the device and agrees to use the protective 74 eyewear that the tanning facility provides.

75 G. The owner shall be responsible for ensuring that each customer using the tanning facility is of 76 legal age to do so.

77 H. A tanning facility shall not claim, or distribute promotional material that claims that the use of a tanning device is safe, is without risk, or will result in medical or health benefits.