2007 SESSION

ENROLLED

1

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-2722 and 54.1-3408 of the Code of Virginia, relating to practice 3 of dental hygienists.

4 5

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That §§ 54.1-2722 and 54.1-3408 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 8 § 54.1-2722. License; application; qualifications; practice of dental hygiene.

9 A. No person shall practice dental hygiene unless he possesses a current, active, and valid license 10 from the Board of Dentistry. The licensee shall have the right to practice dental hygiene in the Commonwealth for the period of his license as set by the Board, under the direction of any licensed 11 12 dentist.

13 B. An application for such license shall be made to the Board in writing, and shall be accompanied by satisfactory proof that the applicant (i) is of good moral character, (ii) is a graduate of an accredited 14 15 dental hygiene program offered by an accredited institution of higher education, (iii) has passed the dental hygiene examination given by the Joint Commission on Dental Examinations, and (iv) has 16 17 successfully completed a clinical examination acceptable to the Board.

18 C. The Board may grant a license to practice dental hygiene to an applicant licensed to practice in 19 another jurisdiction if he (i) meets the requirements of subsection B of this section; (ii) holds a current, unrestricted license to practice dental hygiene in another jurisdiction in the United States; (iii) has not 20 21 committed any act that would constitute grounds for denial as set forth in § 54.1-2706; and (iv) meets 22 other qualifications as determined in regulations promulgated by the Board.

23 D. A licensed dental hygienist may, under the direction or general supervision of a licensed dentist 24 and subject to the regulations of the Board, perform services that are educational, diagnostic, therapeutic, 25 or preventive. These services shall not include the establishment of a final diagnosis or treatment plan 26 for a dental patient. Pursuant to subsection T of § 54.1-3408, a licensed dental hygienist may administer topical oral fluorides under an oral or written order or a standing protocol issued by a dentist or a 27 28 doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

29 A dentist may also authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI nitrous 30 oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI local anesthesia. In its regulations, the Board of Dentistry shall establish the education and training 31 32 requirements for dental hygienists to administer such controlled substances under a dentist's direction.

33 For the purposes of this section, "general supervision" means that a dentist has evaluated the patient and prescribed authorized services to be provided by a dental hygienist; however, the dentist need not be 34 35 present in the facility while the authorized services are being provided.

The Board shall provide for an inactive license for those dental hygienists who hold a current, 36 37 unrestricted license to practice in the Commonwealth at the time of application for an inactive license 38 and who do not wish to practice in Virginia. The Board shall promulgate such regulations as may be 39 necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, including requirements for remedial education to 40 activate a license. 41

§ 54.1-3408. Professional use by practitioners.

A. A practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine or a licensed 42 43 nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, a licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, or a TPA-certified optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of this title shall 44 45 only prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances in good faith for medicinal or therapeutic purposes within the course of his professional practice. 46

47 B. The prescribing practitioner's order may be on a written prescription or pursuant to an oral 48 prescription as authorized by this chapter. The prescriber may administer drugs and devices, or he may 49 cause them to be administered by a nurse, physician assistant or intern under his direction and 50 supervision, or he may prescribe and cause drugs and devices to be administered to patients in state-owned or state-operated hospitals or facilities licensed as hospitals by the Board of Health or 51 psychiatric hospitals licensed by the State Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse 52 53 Services Board by other persons who have been trained properly to administer drugs and who administer 54 drugs only under the control and supervision of the prescriber or a pharmacist or a prescriber may cause 55 drugs and devices to be administered to patients by emergency medical services personnel who have 56 been certified and authorized to administer such drugs and devices pursuant to Board of Health

[H 2994]

HB2994ER

57 regulations governing emergency medical services and who are acting within the scope of such certification. A prescriber may authorize a licensed respiratory care practitioner as defined in § 54.1-2954 to administer by inhalation controlled substances used in inhalation or respiratory therapy.

C. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol, the prescriber, who is authorized by
state or federal law to possess and administer radiopharmaceuticals in the scope of his practice, may
authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to administer, under his supervision, radiopharmaceuticals used
in the diagnosis or treatment of disease.

D. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses and licensed practical nurses to possess (i) epinephrine for administration in treatment of emergency medical conditions and
(ii) heparin and sterile normal saline to use for the maintenance of intravenous access lines.

68 Pursuant to the regulations of the Board of Health, certain emergency medical services technicians 69 may possess and administer epinephrine in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

E. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed physical therapists to possess and
 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, and any other Schedule VI topical drug.

F. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and
administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, or other Schedule VI topical drugs, or to possess and
administer epinephrine for use in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

77 G. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the 78 course of his professional practice, and in accordance with policies and guidelines established by the 79 Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-50.2, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses or licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse to possess and 80 administer tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) in the absence of a prescriber. The Department of 81 Health's policies and guidelines shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the Centers 82 for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing transmission of mycobacterium tuberculosis and shall 83 be updated to incorporate any subsequently implemented standards of the Occupational Safety and 84 Health Administration and the Department of Labor and Industry to the extent that they are inconsistent 85 with the Department of Health's policies and guidelines. Such standing protocols shall explicitly describe 86 the categories of persons to whom the tuberculin test is to be administered and shall provide for 87 88 appropriate medical evaluation of those in whom the test is positive. The prescriber shall ensure that the 89 nurse implementing such standing protocols has received adequate training in the practice and principles 90 underlying tuberculin screening.

91 The Health Commissioner or his designee may authorize registered nurses, acting as agents of the 92 Department of Health, to possess and administer, at the nurse's discretion, tuberculin purified protein 93 derivative (PPD) to those persons in whom tuberculin skin testing is indicated based on protocols and 94 policies established by the Department of Health.

95 H. Pursuant to a written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his 96 professional practice, such prescriber may authorize, with the consent of the parents as defined in 97 § 22.1-1, an employee of a school board who is trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon to 98 assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes 99 and who requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for 100 the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia. Such authorization shall only be effective when a licensed 101 nurse, nurse practitioner, physician or physician assistant is not present to perform the administration of 102 the medication.

103 I. A prescriber may authorize, pursuant to a protocol approved by the Board of Nursing, the 104 administration of vaccines to adults for immunization, when a practitioner with prescriptive authority is 105 not physically present, (i) by licensed pharmacists, (ii) by registered nurses, or (iii) licensed practical 106 nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse. A prescriber acting on behalf of 107 and in accordance with established protocols of the Department of Health may authorize the 108 administration of vaccines to any person by a pharmacist or nurse when the prescriber is not physically 109 present.

110 J. A dentist may cause Schedule VI topical drugs to be administered under his direction and supervision by either a dental hygienist or by an authorized agent of the dentist.

Further, pursuant to a written order and in accordance with a standing protocol issued by the dentist in the course of his professional practice, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his general supervision, as defined in § 54.1-2722, to possess and administer topical oral fluorides, topical oral anesthetics, topical and directly applied antimicrobial agents for treatment of periodontal pocket lesions, as well as any other Schedule VI topical drug approved by the Board of Dentistry.

117 In addition, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI

HB2994ER

118 nitrous oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI119 local anesthesia.

120 K. (For expiration date - See Editor's note) This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs 121 by a person who has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board 122 of Nursing and who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to 123 dosage, frequency, and manner of administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the 124 Board of Pharmacy relating to security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be 125 normally self-administered by (i) a resident of a facility licensed or certified by the State Mental Health, 126 Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services Board; (ii) a resident of any assisted living facility 127 which is licensed by the Department of Social Services; (iii) a resident of the Virginia Rehabilitation 128 Center for the Blind and Vision Impaired; (iv) a resident of a facility approved by the Board or 129 Department of Juvenile Justice for the placement of children in need of services or delinquent or alleged 130 delinquent youth; (v) a program participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the Department of 131 Social Services; or (vi) a resident of any facility authorized or operated by a state or local government 132 whose primary purpose is not to provide health care services.

133 K. (For effective date - see Editor's note) This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs 134 by a person who has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board 135 of Nursing and who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to 136 dosage, frequency, and manner of administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the 137 Board of Pharmacy relating to security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be 138 normally self-administered by (i) a resident of a facility licensed or certified by the Department of 139 Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services; (ii) a resident of the Virginia 140 Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and Vision Impaired; (iii) a resident of a facility approved by the 141 Board or Department of Juvenile Justice for the placement of children in need of services or delinquent or alleged delinquent youth; (iv) a program participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the 142 143 Department of Social Services; or (v) a resident of any facility authorized or operated by a state or local 144 government whose primary purpose is not to provide health care services.

145 L. (For effective date - see Editor's note) Medication aides registered by the Board of Nursing 146 pursuant to Article 7 (§ 54.1-3041 et seq.) of Chapter 30 may administer drugs that would otherwise be 147 self-administered to residents of any assisted living facility licensed by the Department of Social 148 Services. A registered medication aide shall administer drugs pursuant to this section in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; in accordance 149 150 with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to security and recordkeeping; in 151 accordance with the assisted living facility's Medication Management Plan; and in accordance with such 152 other regulations governing their practice promulgated by the Board of Nursing.

M. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who administers such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration and with written authorization of a parent, and in accordance with school board regulations relating to training, security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by a student of a Virginia public school. Training for such persons shall be accomplished through a program approved by the local school boards, in consultation with the local departments of health.

160 N. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person to a child in a 161 child day program as defined in § 63.2-100 and regulated by the State Board of Social Services or the 162 Child Day Care Council, provided such person (i) has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and taught by a registered nurse, licensed practical 163 164 nurse, doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or pharmacist; (ii) has obtained written authorization from a parent or guardian; (iii) administers drugs only to the child identified on the prescription label in 165 accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of 166 administration; and (iv) administers only those drugs that were dispensed from a pharmacy and 167 168 maintained in the original, labeled container that would normally be administered by a parent or 169 guardian to the child.

170 O. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration or dispensing of drugs and devices by 171 persons if they are authorized by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with protocols 172 established by the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-42.1 when (i) the Governor has declared a disaster or a state of emergency caused by an act of terrorism or the United States Secretary 173 174 of Health and Human Services has issued a declaration of an actual or potential bioterrorism incident or 175 other actual or potential public health emergency; (ii) it is necessary to permit the provision of needed 176 drugs or devices; and (iii) such persons have received the training necessary to safely administer or 177 dispense the needed drugs or devices. Such persons shall administer or dispense all drugs or devices 178 under the direction, control and supervision of the State Health Commissioner.

P. Nothing in this title shall prohibit the administration of normally self-administered oral or topicaldrugs by unlicensed individuals to a person in his private residence.

181 Q. This section shall not interfere with any prescriber issuing prescriptions in compliance with his authority and scope of practice and the provisions of this section to a Board agent for use pursuant to subsection G of § 18.2-258.1. Such prescriptions issued by such prescriber shall be deemed to be valid prescriptions.

R. Nothing in this title shall prevent or interfere with dialysis care technicians or dialysis patient care 185 technicians who are certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions or persons 186 187 authorized for provisional practice pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this title, in the ordinary course of their duties in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility, from administering heparin, 188 189 topical needle site anesthetics, dialysis solutions, sterile normal saline solution, and blood volumizers, for 190 the purpose of facilitating renal dialysis treatment, when such administration of medications occurs under 191 the orders of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner or physician assistant and under the immediate and 192 direct supervision of a licensed registered nurse. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a patient care dialysis technician trainee from performing dialysis care as part of and within the scope of 193 the clinical skills instruction segment of a supervised dialysis technician training program, provided such 194 195 trainee is identified as a "trainee" while working in a renal dialysis facility.

196 The dialysis care technician or dialysis patient care technician administering the medications shall 197 have demonstrated competency as evidenced by holding current valid certification from an organization 198 approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) of this 199 title.

200 S. Persons who are otherwise authorized to administer controlled substances in hospitals shall be 201 authorized to administer influenza or pneumococcal vaccines pursuant to § 32.1-126.4.

T. A nurse or a dental hygienist may possess and administer topical fluoride varnish to the teeth of
 children aged six months to three years pursuant to an oral or written order or a standing protocol
 issued by a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine that conforms to standards adopted by the
 Virginia Department of Health.