2007 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 2671]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-169.3, 37.2-900, 37.2-901 through 37.2-905, 37.2-906, 37.2-907,
37.2-908, 37.2-910, and 37.2-912 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 37.2-905.1 and 37.2-905.2, relating to civil commitment of sexually violent predators.

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Approved

8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 19.2-169.3, 37.2-900, 37.2-901 through 37.2-905, 37.2-906, 37.2-907, 37.2-908, 37.2-910, and 37.2-912 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 37.2-905.1 and 37.2-905.2 as follows:

\$ 19.2-169.3. Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; capital murder charge; referral
 to Commitment Review Committee.

14 A. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment pursuant to subsection A of 15 § 19.2-169.2, the director of the treating facility concludes that the defendant is likely to remain incompetent for the foreseeable future, he shall send a report to the court so stating. The report shall 16 17 also indicate whether, in the director's opinion, the defendant should be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, committed pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et 18 19 seq.) of Title 37.2, or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806 in the event he is found to be unrestorably incompetent. Upon receipt of the report, the court shall make a competency determination according to 20 21 the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1. If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future, it shall order that he be (i) released, 22 23 (ii) committed pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or (iii) reviewed for 24 commitment pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2, or (iv) certified pursuant to 25 § 37.2-806. However, if the court finds that the defendant is incompetent and is likely to remain so for 26 the foreseeable future and the defendant has been charged with a sexually violent offense, as defined in 27 § 37.2-900, he shall be reviewed for commitment pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future, 28 29 it may order treatment continued until six months have elapsed from the date of the defendant's initial 30 admission under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2.

31 B. At the end of six months from the date of the defendant's initial admission under subsection A of 32 § 19.2-169.2 if the defendant remains incompetent in the opinion of the director, the director shall so 33 notify the court and make recommendations concerning disposition of the defendant as described above. 34 The court shall hold a hearing according to the procedures specified in subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 and, 35 if it finds the defendant unrestorably incompetent, shall order one of the dispositions described above. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but restorable to competency, it may order continued treatment 36 under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods, provided a hearing pursuant to 37 38 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period and the defendant continues 39 to be incompetent but restorable to competency in the foreseeable future.

C. Unless an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder or the charges against an
incompetent criminal defendant have been previously dismissed, charges against an unrestorably
incompetent defendant shall be dismissed on the date upon which his sentence would have expired had
he been convicted and received the maximum sentence for the crime charged, or on the date five years
from the date of his arrest for such charges, whichever is sooner.

45 D. If the court orders an unrestorably incompetent defendant to be reviewed for commitment pursuant to § 37.2-904, it shall order the attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction wherein the 46 defendant was charged and the Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation 47 and Substance Abuse Services to provide the Commitment Review Committee established pursuant to 48 49 § 37.2-902 with any information relevant to the review, including, but not limited to: (i) a copy of the 50 warrant or indictment, (ii) a copy of the defendant's criminal record, (iii) information about the alleged crime, (iv) a copy of the competency report completed pursuant to § 19.2-169.1, and (v) a copy of the 51 report prepared by the director of the defendant's treating facility pursuant to this section. The court 52 53 shall further order that the defendant be held in the custody of the Department of Mental Health, Mental 54 Retardation and Substance Abuse Services for secure confinement and treatment until the Commitment 55 Review Committee's and Attorney General's review and any subsequent hearing or trial are completed. If 56 the court receives notice that the Attorney General has declined to file a petition for the commitment of

an unrestorably incompetent defendant as a sexually violent predator after conducting a review pursuant 57 58 to § 37.2-905, the court shall order that the defendant be released, committed pursuant to Article 5 59 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or certified pursuant to § 37.2-806.

60 E. In any case when an incompetent defendant is charged with capital murder, notwithstanding any 61 other provision of this section, the charge shall not be dismissed and the court having jurisdiction over 62 the capital murder case may order that the defendant receive continued treatment under subsection A of § 19.2-169.2 for additional six-month periods without limitation, provided that (i) a hearing pursuant to 63 64 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1 is held at the completion of each such period, (ii) the defendant remains 65 incompetent, (iii) the court finds continued treatment to be medically appropriate, and (iv) the defendant 66 presents a danger to himself or others.

67 F. The attorney for the Commonwealth may bring charges that have been dismissed against the defendant when he is restored to competency. 68 69

§ 37.2-900. Definitions. 70

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As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

71 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance 72 Abuse Services.

73 "Defendant" means any person charged with a sexually violent offense who is deemed to be an 74 unrestorably incompetent defendant pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and is referred for commitment review 75 pursuant to this chapter.

76 "Department" means the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse 77 Services. 78

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Corrections.

79 "Mental abnormality" or "personality disorder" means a congenital or acquired condition that affects 80 a person's emotional or volitional capacity and renders the person so likely to commit sexually violent offenses that he constitutes a menace to the health and safety of others. 81

"Respondent" means the person who is subject of a petition filed under this chapter.

"Sexually violent offense" means a felony under (i) a felony conviction under former § 18-54, former § 18.1-44, subdivision 5 of § 18.2-31, § 18.2-61, 18.2-67.1, or 18.2-67.2; (ii) a conviction under under 83 84 85 § 18.2-48 (ii), 18.2-48 (iii), 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, or 18.2-67.3; (iii) subdivision 1 of § 18.2-31 where the abduction was committed with intent to defile the victim; (iv) § 18.2-32 when the killing was in the 86 commission of, or attempt to commit rape, forcible sodomy, or inanimate or animate object sexual 87 *penetration*; (v) a felony conviction under the laws of the Commonwealth for a forcible sexual offense 88 89 committed prior to July 1, 1981, where the criminal behavior on which the conviction is based is set 90 forth in § 18.2-67.1 or 18.2-67.2, or is set forth in § 18.2-67.3; or (iv vi) a felony conviction for 91 conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit any of the above offenses.

"Sexually violent predator" means any person who (i) has been convicted of a sexually violent offense or has been charged with a sexually violent offense and is unrestorably incompetent to stand 92 93 94 trial pursuant to § 19.2-169.3 and (ii) because of a mental abnormality or personality disorder, finds it 95 difficult to control his predatory behavior, which makes him likely to engage in sexually violent acts.

96 § 37.2-901. Rights of prisoners and defendants.

97 In hearings and trials held pursuant to this chapter, prisoners and defendants shall have the following 98 rights:

- 99 1. To receive adequate notice of the proceeding.
- 100 2. To be represented by counsel.
- 101 3. To remain silent or to testify.
- 102 4. To be present during the hearing or trial.
- 103 5. To present evidence and to cross-examine witnesses.
- 104 6. To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file.

105 In no event shall a prisoner or defendant be permitted, as a part of any proceedings under this 106 chapter, to raise challenges to the validity of his prior criminal or institutional convictions, *charges*, or 107 sentences, or the computation of his term of confinement.

108 In the event the prisoner or defendant refuses to cooperate with the mental health examination 109 required under § 37.2-904, the court may admit evidence of such refusal and may bar the prisoner or 110 defendant from introducing his own expert psychiatric or psychological evidence. 111

§ 37.2-902. Commitment Review Committee; membership.

A. The Director shall establish a Commitment Review Committee (CRC) to screen, evaluate, and 112 113 make recommendations regarding prisoners in the custody of the Department of Corrections for the purposes of this chapter. The CRC shall be under the supervision of the Department of Corrections. 114 Members of the CRC and any licensed psychiatrists or licensed clinical psychologists providing 115 examinations under subsection B of § 37.2-904 shall be immune from personal liability while acting 116 within the scope of their duties except for gross negligence or intentional misconduct. 117

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118 B. The CRC shall consist of seven members to be appointed as follows: (i) three full-time employees 119 of the Department of Corrections, appointed by the Director; (ii) three full-time employees of the 120 Department, appointed by the Commissioner, at least one of whom shall be a psychiatrist or psychologist licensed to practice in the Commonwealth who is skilled in the diagnosis of mental 121 122 abnormalities and personality disorders associated with violent diagnosis, treatment and risk assessment 123 of sex offenders; and (iii) one assistant or deputy attorney general, appointed by the Attorney General. 124 Initial appointments by the Director and the Commissioner shall be for terms as follows: one member 125 each for two years, one member each for three years, and one member each for four years. The initial 126 appointment by the Attorney General shall be for a term of four years. Thereafter, all appointments to 127 the CRC shall be for terms of four years, and vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired terms. Five 128 *Four* members shall constitute a quorum.

129 C. The CRC shall meet at least monthly and at other times as it deems appropriate. The CRC shall130 elect a chairman from its membership to preside during meetings.

\$ 37.2-903. Treatment plans; database of prisoners convicted of sexually violent offenses; maintained
 by Department of Corrections; notice of pending release to CRC.

A. The Director shall establish and maintain a treatment program for prisoners convicted pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2 and committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections. This program shall include a clinical assessment of all such prisoners upon receipt into the custody of the Department of Corrections and the development of appropriate treatment plans, if indicated. This program shall be operated under the direction of a licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist who is experienced in the diagnosis and treatment of mental abnormalities and disorders associated with criminal sexual diagnosis, treatment and risk assessment of sex offenders.

140 B. The Director shall establish and maintain a database of each prisoner in his custody who is (i) 141 incarcerated for a sexually violent offense or (ii) serving or will serve concurrent or consecutive time for another offense in addition to time for a sexually violent offense. The database shall include the 142 143 following information regarding each prisoner: (a) the prisoner's criminal record and (b) the prisoner's 144 sentences and scheduled date of release. A prisoner who is serving or will serve concurrent or 145 consecutive time for other offenses in addition to his time for a sexually violent offense, shall remain in 146 the database until such time as he is released from the custody or supervision of the Department of 147 Corrections or Virginia Parole Board for all of his charges. Prior to the initial assessment of a prisoner 148 under subsection C, the Director shall order a national criminal history records check to be conducted on 149 the prisoner.

150 C. Each month, the Director shall review the database and identify all such prisoners who are 151 scheduled for release from prison within 10 months from the date of such review who receive a score of 152 five or more on the Static-99 or a like similar score on a comparable, scientifically validated instrument 153 designated by the Commissioner, or a score of four on the Static-99 or a like score on a comparable, 154 scientifically validated instrument if the sexually violent offense mandating the prisoner's evaluation 155 under this section was a violation of (a) clause (iii) of subsection A of $\frac{8}{18.2-61}$; (b) subdivision A 1 of 156 § 18.2-67.1; (c) subdivision A 1 of § 18.2-67.2; or (d) subdivision A 1 of § 18.2-67.3 where the victim 157 was under the age of 13 and suffered physical bodily injury and any of the following where the victim was under the age of 13: § 18.2-61, 18.2-67.1, or 18.2-67.2. 158

D. If the Director and the Commissioner agree that no specific scientifically validated instrument
 exists to measure the risk assessment of a prisoner, the prisoner may instead be evaluated by a licensed
 psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist for an initial determination of whether or not the prisoner
 may meet the definition of a sexually violent predator.

E. Upon the identification of such prisoners, the Director shall forward their names, their scheduled dates of release, and copies of their files to the CRC for assessment.

\$ 37.2-904. CRC assessment of prisoners or defendants eligible for commitment as sexually violent
 predators; mental health examination; recommendation.

A. Within 90 120 days of receiving notice from the Director pursuant to § 37.2-903 regarding a prisoner who is in the database, or from a court referring an incompetent *a* defendant pursuant to § 19.2-169.3, the CRC shall (i) complete its assessment of the prisoner or defendant for possible commitment pursuant to subsection B and (ii) forward its written recommendation regarding the prisoner to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection C.

B. CRC assessments of eligible prisoners or incompetent defendants shall include a mental health examination, including a personal interview, of the prisoner or incompetent defendant by a licensed psychiatrist or a licensed clinical psychologist who is designated by the Commissioner, skilled in the diagnosis and, treatment of mental abnormalities and disorders associated with, and risk assessment of sex offenders, and not a member of the CRC. If the prisoner's or defendant's name was forwarded to the CRC based upon an evaluation by a licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist, a different licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist shall perform the examination for the CRC. The 179 licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist shall determine whether the prisoner or
 180 incompetent defendant is a sexually violent predator, as defined in § 37.2-900, and forward the results of
 181 this evaluation and any supporting documents to the CRC for its review.

182 The CRC assessment shall also include may be based on:

183 1. Consideration of the prisoner's score on the Static-99 or a comparable, scientifically validated
 184 instrument designated by the Commissioner; and

185 2. A An actuarial evaluation, clinical evaluation, or any other information or evaluation determined
186 by the CRC to be relevant, including but not limited to, a review of (i) the prisoner's or incompetent
187 defendant's institutional history and treatment record, if any; (ii) his criminal background; and (iii) any
188 other factor that is relevant to the determination of whether he is a sexually violent predator.

189 Notwithstanding § 19.2-299.1 or any other provision of law, the CRC is authorized to possess, copy,
 190 and use presentence reports, postsentence reports, and victim impact statements for all lawful purposes.

191 C. Following the examination and review conducted pursuant to subsection B, the CRC shall recommend that the prisoner or incompetent defendant (i) be committed as a sexually violent predator 192 193 pursuant to this chapter; (ii) not be committed, but be placed in a conditional release program as a less 194 restrictive alternative; or (iii) not be committed because he does not meet the definition of a sexually 195 violent predator. To assist the Attorney General in his review, the Department of Corrections, the CRC, 196 and the psychiatrist or psychologist who conducts the mental health examination pursuant to this section 197 shall provide the Attorney General with all evaluation reports, prisoner records, criminal records, 198 medical files, and any other documentation relevant to determining whether a prisoner or incompetent 199 defendant is a sexually violent predator.

D. Pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection C, the CRC shall may recommend that a prisoner or incompetent defendant enter a conditional release program if it finds that (i) he does not need inpatient treatment, but needs outpatient treatment and monitoring to prevent his condition from deteriorating to a degree that he would need inpatient treatment; (ii) appropriate outpatient supervision and treatment are reasonably available; (iii) there is significant reason to believe that, if conditionally released, he would comply with the conditions specified; and (iv) conditional release will not present an undue risk to public safety.

207 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all state and local courts, clerks, departments, agencies, boards, and commissions shall provide to the CRC all requested records, documents, notes, recordings, or other information of any kind, including presentence or postsentence reports, victim impact statements, and child abuse registry records, within 20 days of receiving such request.

211 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any mental health professional employed or appointed 212 pursuant to subsection B or § 37.2-907 shall be permitted to copy and possess any presentence or 213 postsentence reports and victim impact statements. The mental health professional shall not disseminate 214 the contents of the reports or the actual reports to any person or entity and shall only utilize the reports for use in examinations, creating reports, and testifying in any proceedings pursuant to this article. 215 216 However, at the conclusion of the examiner's testimony or service in such proceedings, the examiner 217 shall return all presentence reports, postsentence reports and victim impact statements to the Office of 218 the Attorney General.

219 G. Any mental health professional appointed or employed pursuant to subsection B or § 37.2-907 220 shall be permitted to testify at the probable cause hearing and at the trial as to his diagnosis, his opinion 221 as to whether the prisoner or incompetent defendant meets the definition of a sexually violent predator, 222 his recommendation as to treatment and his reasoning therefor. Such opinion shall not be dispositive of 223 whether the person is a sexually violent predator.

H F. If the CRC deems it necessary to have the services of additional experts in order to complete its review of the prisoner, the Commissioner shall appoint such qualified experts as are needed.

\$ 37.2-905. Review of prisoners convicted of a sexually violent offense; review of unrestorably
 incompetent defendants charged with sexually violent offenses; petition for commitment; notice to
 Department of Corrections or referring court regarding disposition of review.

229 A. Upon receipt of a recommendation by the CRC regarding an eligible prisoner or an unrestorably incompetent defendant for review pursuant to § 19.2-169.3, the Attorney General shall have 90 days to 230 231 conduct a review of the prisoner or defendant and (i) file a petition for the civil commitment of the 232 prisoner or defendant as a sexually violent predator and stating sufficient facts to support such allegation 233 or (ii) notify the Director and Commissioner, in the case of a prisoner, or the referring court and the 234 Commissioner, in the case of an unrestorably incompetent defendant, that he will not file a petition for 235 commitment. Petitions for commitment shall be filed in the circuit court in which the prisoner was last 236 convicted of a sexually violent offense or in which the defendant was deemed unrestorably incompetent 237 and referred for commitment review pursuant to § 19.2-169.3.

B. In determining whether to file a petition to civilly commit a prisoner under this chapter, the
 Attorney General shall review (i) the CRC recommendation and its reasoning; (ii) the results of the

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mental health examination conducted pursuant to § 37.2-904; (iii) the prisoner's institutional history and 240 241 treatment record, if any; (iv) the prisoner's criminal offense history; and (v) any other factor relevant to 242 the determination of whether the prisoner should be civilly committed. Although the Attorney General 243 shall consider the CRC recommendation as part of the review, the CRC recommendation is not binding 244 upon the Attorney General.

245 C. In determining whether to file a petition to civilly commit a defendant under this chapter, the 246 Attorney General shall review (i) the CRC recommendation and its reasoning, (ii) the defendant's 247 warrant or indictment, (iii) the competency report completed pursuant to § 19.2-169.1, (iv) the report and 248 recommendations prepared by the director of the defendant's treating facility pursuant to § 19.2-169.3. 249 (v) the mental health evaluation completed pursuant to § 37.2-904, (vi) the defendant's criminal offense 250 history, (vii) information about the alleged crime, and (viii) any other factor relevant to the 251 determination of whether the defendant should be civilly committed.

252 D. Notwithstanding § 19.2-299.1 or any other provision of law, the Attorney General is authorized to 253 possess, copy, and use presentence reports, postsentence reports, and victim impact statements for all 254 lawful purposes.

255 E. If the Attorney General decides not to file a petition for the civil commitment of a prisoner or 256 incompetent defendant, or if a petition is filed but is dismissed for any reason, and the prisoner or 257 incompetent defendant has outstanding probation or parole time to serve, the Attorney General and the 258 Director may share any relevant information with the probation and parole officer to the extent allowed 259 by state and federal law.

§ 37.2-905.1. Substantial compliance. 260

261 The provisions of §§ 37.2-903 and 37.2-904 are procedural and not substantive or jurisdictional. 262 Absent a showing of failure to follow these provisions as a result of gross negligence or willful 263 misconduct, it shall be presumed that there has been substantial compliance with these provisions.

264 § 37.2-905.2. Access to records.

265 Notwithstanding any other provision of law and for the purpose of performing their duties and 266 obligations under this chapter, the Department of Corrections, the Commitment Review Committee, the Department, and the Office of the Attorney General are authorized to review and receive copies of all 267 268 records from all state and local courts, clerks, departments, agencies, boards, and commissions, 269 including but not limited to: offices of attorneys for the Commonwealth, Virginia State Police, local 270 police and sheriffs' departments, local schools, colleges and universities, Department of Juvenile Justice, 271 court services units, community services boards, Department, state and local departments of social 272 services and probation and parole districts. Upon request, the records, documents, notes, recordings or 273 other information of any kind shall be provided to the Department of Corrections, the Commitment 274 Review Committee, the Department, or the Office of the Attorney General within 20 days of receiving 275 such request. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Corrections, the Commitment Review Committee, the Department, and the Office of the Attorney General may possess, 276 277 copy and use presentence reports, postsentence reports, and victim impact statements for all lawful 278 purposes under this chapter. 279

§ 37.2-906. Probable cause hearing.

280 A. Upon the filing of a petition alleging that a person the respondent is a sexually violent predator, 281 the circuit court shall (i) forthwith order that until a final order is entered in the proceeding, in the case 282 of a prisoner, he remain in the secure custody of the Department of Corrections or, in the case of a 283 defendant, he remain in the secure custody of the Department and (ii) schedule a hearing within 60 days 284 to determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person named in the petition respondent is 285 a sexually violent predator. A continuance extending the case beyond the 60 days may be granted to 286 either the Attorney General or the person who is the subject of the petition only respondent upon good 287 cause shown. A or by agreement of the parties. The clerk shall mail a copy of the petition shall be 288 mailed by the clerk to the attorney appointed or retained for the person named in the petition and, in 289 those cases in which the person named in the petition is a prisoner, to the warden or superintendent of 290 the correctional respondent and to the person in charge of the facility in which the person respondent is 291 then confined. The warden or superintendent person in charge of the facility shall cause the petition to 292 be delivered to the person respondent and shall certify the delivery to the clerk. In addition, a written 293 explanation of the sexually violent predator involuntary commitment process and the statutory 294 protections associated with the process shall be given to the person respondent at the time the petition is 295 delivered.

296 B. Prior to any hearing under this section, the judge shall ascertain if the person whose commitment 297 is sought respondent is represented by counsel and, if he is not represented by counsel, the judge shall 298 appoint an attorney to represent him. However, if the person respondent requests an opportunity to 299 employ counsel, the court shall give him a reasonable opportunity to employ counsel at his own 300 expense.

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301 C. At the probable cause hearing, the judge shall (i) verify the person's respondent's identity and (ii) 302 determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the person he is a sexually violent predator. The 303 existence of any prior convictions or charges may be shown with affidavits or documentary evidence. 304 The details underlying the commission of an offense or behavior that led to a prior conviction or charge 305 may be shown by affidavits or documentary evidence, including but not limited to, hearing and/or trial 306 transcripts, probation and parole and sentencing reports, police and sheriffs' reports, and mental health evaluations. If he meets the qualifications set forth in subsection B of \S 37.2-904, the expert witness 307 308 may be permitted to testify at the probable cause hearing as to his diagnosis, his opinion as to whether 309 the respondent meets the definition of a sexually violent predator, his recommendations as to treatment, 310 and the basis for his opinions. Such opinions shall not be dispositive of whether the respondent is a 311 sexually violent predator.

312 D. In the case of a prisoner in the custody of the Department of Corrections, if the judge finds that 313 there is not probable cause to believe that the person respondent is a sexually violent predator, the judge shall dismiss the petition, and the person respondent shall remain in the custody of the Department of 314 315 Corrections until his scheduled date of release from prison. In the case of a defendant, if the judge finds 316 that there is not probable cause to believe the defendant respondent is a sexually violent predator, the 317 judge shall dismiss the petition and order that the defendant respondent be discharged, involuntarily 318 admitted pursuant to §§ 37.2-814 through 37.2-819, or certified for admission pursuant to § 37.2-806. 319

§ 37.2-907. Right to assistance of experts; compensation.

320 A. Any person who is the subject of a petition under this chapter shall have, prior to trial, the right 321 to employ experts at his own expense to perform examinations and testify on his behalf. However, if a 322 person has not employed an expert and requests expert assistance. Upon a finding of probable cause the 323 judge shall ascertain if the respondent is requesting expert assistance. If the respondent requests expert 324 assistance and has not employed an expert at his own expense, the judge shall appoint such experts as 325 he deems necessary to perform examinations and participate in the trial on the person's behalf; however, if the respondent refused to cooperate pursuant to § 37.2-901 any expert appointed to assist the 326 327 respondent shall not be permitted to testify at trial. Any expert appointed to assist the person on matters 328 relating to the person's mental health, including examination, evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment, shall 329 have the qualifications required by subsection B of § 37.2-904. Any expert employed to assist the person 330 on matters relating to the person's mental health employed or appointed pursuant to this section shall be a licensed psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist who is skilled in the diagnosis and, treatment, 331 332 and risk assessment of mental abnormalities and disorders associated with sex offenders and who is not 333 a member of the CRC. Any expert employed or appointed pursuant to this section shall have reasonable 334 access to all relevant medical and psychological records and reports pertaining to the person he has been 335 employed or appointed to assist respondent.

336 B. Each psychiatrist, psychologist, or other expert appointed by the court to render professional 337 service pursuant to this chapter who is not regularly employed by the Commonwealth, except by the University of Virginia School of Medicine and the Virginia Commonwealth University School of 338 339 Medicine, shall receive a reasonable fee for such service. The fee shall be determined in each instance 340 by the court that appointed the expert, in accordance with guidelines established by the Supreme Court 341 after consultation with the Department. The fee shall not exceed \$5,000. However, in addition, if any 342 such expert is required to appear as a witness in any hearing held pursuant to this chapter, he shall 343 receive mileage and a fee of \$750 for each day during which he is required to serve. An itemized 344 account of expenses, duly sworn to, must shall be presented to the court, and, when allowed, shall be 345 certified to the Supreme Court for payment out of the state treasury, and shall be charged against the 346 appropriations made to pay criminal charges. Allowance for the fee and for the per diem authorized 347 shall also be made by order of the court, duly certified to the Supreme Court, for payment out of the 348 appropriation to pay criminal charges. 349

§ 37.2-908. Trial; right to trial by jury; standard of proof; discovery.

350 A. Within 90 days after the completion of the probable cause hearing held pursuant to § 37.2-906, 351 the court shall conduct a trial to determine whether the person who is the subject of the petition 352 respondent is a sexually violent predator. A continuance extending the case beyond the 90 days may be 353 granted to either the Attorney General or the person who is the subject of the petition only respondent 354 upon good cause shown or by agreement of the parties.

355 B. The Attorney General or the person who is the subject of the petition respondent shall have the right to a trial by jury. Seven persons from a panel of 13 shall constitute a jury in such cases. If a jury 356 357 determines a person to be that the respondent is a sexually violent predator, a unanimous verdict shall 358 be required. If no demand is made by either party for a trial by jury, the trial shall be before the court.

359 C. The court or jury shall determine whether, by clear and convincing evidence, the person who is the subject of the petition respondent is a sexually violent predator. If the court or jury does not find 360 361 clear and convincing evidence that the person respondent is a sexually violent predator, the court shall,

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in the case of a prisoner, direct that he be returned to the custody of the Department of Corrections. The Department of Corrections shall immediately release him if his scheduled release date has passed, or hold him until his scheduled release date. In the case of a defendant, if the court or jury does not find by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant he is a sexually violent predator, the court shall order that the defendant he be discharged, involuntarily admitted pursuant to §§ 37.2-814 through 37.2-819, or certified for admission pursuant to § 37.2-806.

368 If he meets the qualifications set forth in subsection B of § 37.2-904 or 37.2-907, any expert witness
369 may be permitted to testify at the trial as to his diagnosis, his opinion as to whether the respondent
370 meets the definition of a sexually violent predator, his recommendation as to treatment, and the basis
371 for his opinions. Such opinions shall not be dispositive of whether the respondent is a sexually violent
372 predator.

373 D. If the court or jury finds the person respondent to be a sexually violent predator, the court shall 374 then determine whether that the person respondent shall be fully committed or placed on conditional 375 release or continue the trial for not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days pursuant to subsection E. 376 In making its determination, the court may consider (i) the nature and circumstances of the sexually 377 violent offense for which the person respondent was charged or convicted, including the age and 378 maturity of the victim; (ii) the results of any actuarial test, including the likelihood of recidivism; (iii) 379 the results of any diagnostic tests previously administered to the person respondent under this chapter; 380 (iv) the person's respondent's mental history, including treatments for mental illness or mental disorders, 381 participation in and response to therapy or treatment, and any history of previous hospitalizations; (v) 382 the person's respondent's present mental condition; (vi) the person's respondent's disciplinary record and 383 types of infractions he may have committed while incarcerated or hospitalized; (vii) the person's 384 respondent's living arrangements and potential employment if he were to be placed on conditional 385 release; (viii) the availability of transportation and appropriate supervision to ensure participation by the 386 person respondent in necessary treatment; and (ix) any other factors that the court deems relevant. If the 387 court finds, in its determination of treatment needs, that alternatives to involuntary secure inpatient 388 treatment have been investigated and deemed unsuitable and If after considering the factors listed in 389 § 37.2-912, the court finds that there is no suitableless restrictive alternative to involuntary secure 390 inpatient treatment, the judge shall by written order and specific findings so certify and order that the 391 person respondent be committed to the custody of the Department for appropriate inpatient treatment in 392 a secure facility designated by the Commissioner. Persons Respondents committed pursuant to this 393 chapter are subject to the provisions of § 19.2-174.1 and Chapter 11 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.).

394 E. If the court determines not to order full commitment, the court shall to continue the case for not 395 less than 30 days nor more than 60 days and trial to receive additional evidence on possible alternatives 396 to full commitment, the court shall require the Commissioner to submit a report to the court, the 397 Attorney General, and counsel for the person respondent suggesting possible alternatives to full 398 commitment. The court shall then reconvene the hearing trial and receive testimony on the possible 399 alternatives to full commitment. At the conclusion of the hearing *trial*, if the court finds, in determining 400 the treatment needs of a person respondent found to be a sexually violent predator, that less restrictive alternatives to involuntary secure inpatient treatment have been investigated and are deemed suitable, 401 402 and that any such alternatives will be able to accommodate needed and appropriate supervision and 403 treatment plans for the *person respondent*, including but not limited to, therapy or counseling, access to 404 medications, availability of travel, location of residence, and regular psychological monitoring of the 405 person respondent if appropriate, including polygraph examinations, penile plethysmograph testing, or sexual interest testing, if necessary. Access to anti-androgen medications or other medication prescribed 406 to lower blood serum testosterone shall not be used as a primary reason for determining that less 407 408 restrictive alternatives are appropriate pursuant to this chapter. If the judge finds specifically that the 409 person respondent meets the criteria for conditional release set forth in § 37.2-912, the judge shall order 410 outpatient treatment, day treatment in a hospital, night treatment in a hospital, outpatient involuntary 411 treatment with anti-psychotic medication pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.), or such other 412 appropriate course of treatment as may be necessary to meet the needs of the individual that the 413 respondent be returned to the custody of the Department of Corrections to be processed for conditional 414 release as a sexually violent predator, pursuant to his conditional release plan. The court shall also 415 order the person respondent to be subject to electronic monitoring of his location by means of a GPS 416 (Global Positioning System) tracking device, or other similar device, at all times while he is on 417 conditional release.

F. The Department shall recommend a specific course of treatment and programs for provision of
such treatment and shall monitor the person's respondent's compliance with such treatment as may be
ordered by the court under this section, unless the person respondent is on parole or probation, in which
case the parole or probation officer shall monitor the person's his compliance. The person's respondent's
failure to comply with involuntary outpatient treatment as ordered by the court may be admitted into

423 evidence in subsequent hearings held pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. Upon failure of the
424 person respondent to adhere to the terms of the involuntary outpatient treatment, the judge may revoke
425 the same and, upon notice to the person respondent undergoing involuntary outpatient treatment and
426 after a hearing, order the person respondent committed as a sexually violent predator for inpatient
427 treatment at a secure facility designated by the Commissioner.

428 G. In the event of a mistrial, the court shall direct that the prisoner remain in the secure custody of
429 the Department of Corrections or the defendant remain in the secure custody of the Department until
430 another trial is conducted. Any subsequent trial following a mistrial shall be held within 90 days of the
431 previous trial.

432 H. All proceedings conducted hereunder are civil proceedings. However, no discovery other than that 433 provided in § 37.2-901 shall be allowed prior to the probable cause hearing. After the probable cause 434 hearing, no discovery other than that provided in § 37.2-901 shall be allowed without prior leave of the court, which may deny or limit discovery in any such proceeding. No less than 30 days prior to the trial of the matter, any expert employed or appointed pursuant to § 37.2-907 this chapter shall prepare a 435 436 437 written report detailing his findings and conclusions and shall submit the report, along with all 438 supporting data, to the court, the Attorney General, and counsel for the person respondent. Under no 439 circumstances shall the prisoner or defendant be entitled to receive a copy of the victim impact 440 statement or the presentence investigation report. However, counsel Counsel for the prisoner or 441 defendant respondent and any expert employed or appointed pursuant to § 37.2-907 this chapter may 442 possess and copy the victim impact statement or presentence or postsentence report for use at the trial. 443 Within 30 days after the case is finally disposed of, counsel for the prisoner or defendant and any expert 444 employed or appointed pursuant to § 37.2-907 shall return all copies of the victim impact statements and 445 presentence and postsentence reports to the Attorney General. However, in; however, neither counsel for 446 the respondent nor any expert shall disseminate the contents of the reports or the actual reports to any 447 person or entity and shall only utilize the reports in examinations, creating reports, and testifying in any **448** proceedings pursuant to this chapter. In no event shall the prisoner or defendant respondent be 449 permitted to possess or copy a victim impact statement or presentence or postsentence report.

450 § 37.2-910. Review of continuation of secure inpatient treatment hearing; procedure and reports; 451 disposition.

A. The committing court shall conduct a hearing 12 months after the date of commitment to assess
each committed person's respondent's need for secure inpatient treatment. A hearing for assessment shall
be conducted at yearly intervals for five years and at biennial intervals thereafter. The court shall
schedule the matter for hearing as soon as possible after it becomes due, giving the matter priority over
all pending matters before the court. A continuance extending the review may be granted to either the
Attorney General or the respondent upon good cause shown or by agreement of the parties.

458 B. Prior to the hearing, the Commissioner shall provide to the court a report reevaluating the 459 committed person's respondent's condition and recommending treatment. The report shall be prepared by 460 a licensed psychiatrist or a licensed clinical psychologist skilled in the diagnosis and treatment of mental 461 abnormalities and personality disorders associated with sex offenders and qualified by training and 462 experience to perform forensic evaluations. diagnosis, treatment and risk assessment of sex offenders. If 463 the Commissioner's report recommends discharge or the committed person respondent requests 464 discharge, the committed person's respondent's condition and need for secure inpatient treatment shall be 465 evaluated by a second person with such credentials who is not currently treating the committed person 466 respondent. Any professional person who conducts a second evaluation of a committed person 467 respondent shall submit a report of his findings to the court and the Commissioner. A copy of any 468 report submitted pursuant to this subsection shall be sent to the Attorney General.

469 C. The burden of proof at the hearing shall be upon the Commonwealth to prove to the court by clear and convincing evidence that the committed person respondent remains a sexually violent predator.

471 D. If the court finds, based upon the report and other evidence provided at the hearing, that the 472 committed person respondent is no longer a sexually violent predator, the court shall release the 473 committed person respondent from secure inpatient treatment. If the court finds that the committed 474 person respondent remains a sexually violent predator, it shall order that he remain in the custody of the 475 Commissioner for secure inpatient hospitalization and treatment or that he be conditionally released. To 476 determine if the committed person respondent shall be conditionally released, the court shall determine if 477 the person respondent meets the criteria for conditional release set forth in § 37.2-912. If the court 478 orders that the person respondent be conditionally released, the court shall allow the Department no less 479 than 30 days and no more than 60 days to prepare a conditional release plan. Any such plan must be 480 able to accommodate needed and appropriate supervision and treatment plans for the person respondent, **481** including but not limited to, therapy or counseling, access to medications, availability of travel, location 482 of residence, and regular psychological monitoring of the person respondent if called for, including 483 polygraph examinations, penile plethysmograph testing, or sexual interest testing, if necessary. Access to

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484 anti-androgen medications or other medication prescribed to lower blood serum testosterone shall not be
485 used as a primary reason for determining that less restrictive alternatives are appropriate pursuant to this
486 chapter.

487 If the court places the person *respondent* on conditional release, the court shall order the person *respondent* to be subject to electronic monitoring of his location by means of a GPS (Global Positioning 489 System) tracking device, or other similar device, at all times while he is on conditional release.

490 § 37.2-912. Conditional release; criteria; conditions; reports.

491 A. At any time the court considers the committed person's respondent's need for secure inpatient 492 treatment pursuant to this chapter, it shall place the committed person respondent on conditional release 493 if it finds that (i) based on consideration of the factors that the court must consider in its commitment 494 decision, he does not need secure inpatient treatment but needs outpatient treatment or monitoring to 495 prevent his condition from deteriorating to a degree that he would need secure inpatient treatment; (ii) 496 appropriate outpatient supervision and treatment are reasonably available; (iii) there is significant reason 497 to believe that the committed person respondent, if conditionally released, would comply with the **498** conditions specified; and (iv) conditional release will not present an undue risk to public safety. In 499 making its determination, the court may consider (i) the nature and circumstances of the sexually violent 500 offense for which the person respondent was charged or convicted, including the age and maturity of the 501 victim; (ii) the results of any actuarial test, including the likelihood of recidivism; (iii) the results of any 502 diagnostic tests previously administered to the person respondent under this chapter; (iv) the person's 503 respondent's mental history, including treatments for mental illness or mental disorders, participation in 504 and response to therapy or treatment, and any history of previous hospitalizations; (v) the person's 505 respondent's present mental condition; (vi) the person's respondent's response to treatment while in 506 secure inpatient treatment or on conditional release, including his disciplinary record and any infractions; 507 (vii) the person's respondent's living arrangements and potential employment if he were to be placed on 508 conditional release; (viii) the availability of transportation and appropriate supervision to ensure participation by the person respondent in necessary treatment; and (ix) any other factors that the court 509 510 deems relevant. The court shall subject a conditionally released committed person the respondent to the orders and conditions it deems will best meet the committed person's his need for treatment and 511 512 supervision and best serve the interests of justice and society. In all cases of conditional release, the 513 court shall order the *person* respondent to be subject to electronic monitoring of his location by means of a GPS (Global Positioning System) tracking device, or other similar device, at all times while he is 514 515 on conditional release. A continuance extending the review may be granted to either the Attorney 516 General or the respondent upon good cause shown or by agreement of the parties.

517 The Department or, if the person respondent is on parole or probation, the person's respondent's 518 parole or probation officer shall implement the court's conditional release orders and shall submit written 519 reports to the court on the committed person's respondent's progress and adjustment in the community 520 no less frequently than every six months. The Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and 521 Substance Abuse Services is authorized to contract with the Department of Corrections to provide 522 services for the monitoring and supervision of persons committed as sexually violent predators who are 523 on conditional release.

The Department or, if the person *respondent* is on parole or probation, the person's *respondent's* parole or probation officer shall send a copy of each written report submitted to the court and copies of all correspondence with the court pursuant to this section to the Attorney General and the Commissioner.

528 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when any person respondent is placed on conditional 529 release under this article, the Department of Corrections and the Office of the Attorney General shall 530 provide to the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, or if the person respondent is on parole or probation, the person's respondent's parole or probation officer, all 531 532 relevant criminal history information, medical and mental health records, presentence and postsentence 533 reports and victim impact statements, and the mental health evaluations performed pursuant to subsection 534 B of § 37.2-904 and § 37.2-907 this chapter, for use in the management and treatment of the person 535 respondent placed on conditional release. Any information or document provided pursuant to this 536 subsection shall not be subject to disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 537 et seq.).