INTRODUCED

HB2429

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HOUSE BILL NO. 2429

Offered January 10, 2007 Prefiled January 9, 2007

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-511 and 18.2-46.5 of the Code of Virginia, relating to solicitation for terrorism; prosecution of terrorism and gang crimes by the Attorney General; penalty.

Patrons-Albo, Athey, Cole, Cosgrove, Iaquinto, Landes, Miller, J.H., Rust, Sherwood and Welch

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-511 and 18.2-46.5 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 2.2-511. Criminal cases.

13 A. Unless specifically requested by the Governor to do so, the Attorney General shall have no 14 authority to institute or conduct criminal prosecutions in the circuit courts of the Commonwealth except in cases involving (i) violations of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act (§ 4.1-100 et seq.), (ii) violation 15 16 of laws relating to elections and the electoral process as provided in § 24.2-104, (iii) violation of laws relating to motor vehicles and their operation, (iv) the handling of funds by a state bureau, institution, 17 18 commission or department, (v) the theft of state property, (vi) violation of the criminal laws involving child pornography and sexually explicit visual material involving children, (vii) the practice of law 19 20 without being duly authorized or licensed or the illegal practice of law, (viii) with the concurrence of 21 the local attorney for the Commonwealth, violations of the Virginia Computer Crimes Act (§ 18.2-152.1 22 et seq.), (ix) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, violations of the Air 23 Pollution Control Law (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.), the Virginia Waste Management Act (§ 10.1-1400 et seq.), 24 and the State Water Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.), (x) with the concurrence of the local attorney for 25 the Commonwealth, violations of Chapters 2 (§ 18.2-18 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-22 et seq.), and 10 (§ 18.2-434 et seq.) of Title 18.2, if such crimes relate to violations of law listed in clause (ix) of this 26 27 subsection, (xi) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, criminal violations by 28 Medicaid providers or their employees in the course of doing business, or violations of Chapter 13 29 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, in which cases the Attorney General may leave the prosecution to the 30 local attorney for the Commonwealth, or he may institute proceedings by information, presentment or indictment, as appropriate, and conduct the same, (xii) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the 31 Commonwealth, violations of Article 9 (§ 18.2-246.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 18.2, and (xiii) with 32 33 the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, assist assisting in the prosecution of 34 violations of §§ 18.2-186.3 and 18.2-186.4, and (xiv) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the 35 Commonwealth, assisting in the prosecution of violations of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3 or 18.2-46.5 when 36 such violations are committed on the grounds of a state correctional facility.

37 In all other criminal cases in the circuit courts, except where the law provides otherwise, the 38 authority of the Attorney General to appear or participate in the proceedings shall not attach unless and 39 until a petition for appeal has been granted by the Court of Appeals or a writ of error has been granted 40 by the Supreme Court. In all criminal cases before the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court in which 41 the Commonwealth is a party or is directly interested, the Attorney General shall appear and represent 42 the Commonwealth. In any criminal case in which a petition for appeal has been granted by the Court of Appeals, the Attorney General shall continue to represent the Commonwealth in any further appeal of 43 a case from the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court. 44

45 B. The Attorney General shall, upon request of a person who was the victim of a crime and subject 46 to such reasonable procedures as the Attorney General may require, ensure that such person is given notice of the filing, of the date, time and place and of the disposition of any appeal or habeas corpus 47 proceeding involving the cases in which such person was a victim. For the purposes of this section, a 48 49 victim is an individual who has suffered physical, psychological or economic harm as a direct result of the commission of a crime; a spouse, child, parent or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated victim; 50 51 or a spouse, child, parent or legal guardian of a victim of a homicide. Nothing in this subsection shall 52 confer upon any person a right to appeal or modify any decision in a criminal, appellate or habeas 53 corpus proceeding; abridge any right guaranteed by law; or create any cause of action for damages against the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, the Attorney General or any of his 54 55 employees or agents, any other officer, employee or agent of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, or any officer of the court. 56 57

§ 18.2-46.5. Committing, conspiring and aiding and abetting acts of terrorism prohibited; penalty.

58 A. Any person who commits or conspires to commit, or aids and abets the commission of an act of

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11 12 59 terrorism, as defined in § 18.2-46.4, is guilty of a Class 2 felony if the base offense of such act of 60 terrorism may be punished by life imprisonment, or a term of imprisonment of not less than twenty 61 years.

B. Any person who commits, conspires to commit, or aids and abets the commission of an act of terrorism, as defined in § 18.2-46.4, is guilty of a Class 3 felony if the maximum penalty for the base offense of such act of terrorism is a term of imprisonment or incarceration in jail of less than twenty years.

C. Any person who solicits, invites, recruits, encourages, or otherwise causes or attempts to cause
another to participate, generally, in an act or acts of terrorism, as defined in § 18.2-46.4, is guilty of a
Class 4 felony. If the act or acts violating this subsection also violate subsection A or B, the application
of this subsection shall not bar prosecution under such other subsections or the imposition of any
penalties provided therein.

71 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

72 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot

73 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and is \$0 for

74 periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.