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1	SENATE BILL NO. 247
2	Senate Amendments in [] — February 2, 2006
3	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 60.2-528 and 60.2-618 of the Code of Virginia, relating to
4	unemployment compensation; voluntarily leaving employment to accompany military spouse.
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-	Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Ticer
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6 7	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor
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9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That §§ 60.2-528 and 60.2-618 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
11	§ 60.2-528. Individual benefit charges.
12	A. An individual's "benefit charges" shall be computed in the following manner:
13	1. For each week benefits are received, a claimant's "benefit charges" shall be equal to his benefits
14	received for such week.
15	2. For each week extended benefits are received, pursuant to § 60.2-610 or 60.2-611, a claimant's
16	"benefit charges" shall be equal to one-half his benefits received for such week. However, a claimant's
17	"benefit charges" for extended benefits attributable to service in the employ of a governmental entity
18	referred to in subdivisions 1 through 3 of subsection A of § 60.2-213 shall be equal to the full amount
19	of such extended benefit.
20	3. For each week partial benefits are received, the claimant's "benefit charges" shall be computed (i)
21	in the case of regular benefits as in subdivision 1 of this subsection, or (ii) in the case of extended
22	benefits as in subdivision 2 of this subsection.
23	B. 1. The employing unit from whom such individual was separated, resulting in the current period
24	of unemployment, shall be the most recent employing unit for whom such individual has performed
25	services for remuneration (i) during 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) during
26	240 hours. If such individual's unemployment is caused by separation from an employer, such
2 7	individual's "benefit charges" for such period of unemployment shall be deemed the responsibility of the
28	last employer for (i) 30 days or (ii) 240 hours prior to such period of unemployment.
29	2. Any employer charged with benefits paid shall be notified of the charges quarterly by the
30	Commission. The amount specified shall be conclusive on the employer unless, not later than 30 days
31	after the notice of benefit charges was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the
32	employer files an appeal with the Commission, setting forth the grounds for such an appeal. Proceedings
33	on appeal to the Commission regarding the amount of benefit charges under this subsection or a
34	redetermination of such amount shall be in accordance with the provisions of § 60.2-500. The decision
35	of the Commission shall be subject to the provisions of § 60.2-500. Any appeal perfected pursuant to the
36	provisions of this section shall not address any issue involving the merits or conditions of a claimant's
37	separation from employment.
38	C. No "benefit charges" shall be deemed the responsibility of an employer of:
39	1. An individual whose separation from the work of such employer arose as a result of a violation of
40	the law by such individual, which violation led to confinement in any jail or prison;
41	2. An individual who voluntarily left employment in order to accept other employment, genuinely
42	believing such employment to be permanent;
43	3. An individual with respect to any weeks in which benefits are claimed and received after such
44	date as that individual refused to accept an offer of rehire by the employer because such individual was
45	in training with approval of the Commission pursuant to § 60.2-613;
46	4. An individual who voluntarily left employment to enter training approved under § 236 of the
47	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. § 2296 et seq.);
48	5. An individual hired to replace a member of the Reserve of the United States Armed Forces or the
49	National Guard called into active duty in connection with an international conflict and whose
50	employment is terminated concurrent with and because of that member's return from active duty;
51	6. An individual who left employment voluntarily with good cause due to a personal bona fide
52	medical reason caused by a non-job-related injury or medical condition;
53	7. An individual participating as an inmate in (i) state or local work release programs pursuant to
54	§ 53.1-60 or 53.1-131; (ii) community residential programs pursuant to §§ 53.1-177, 53.1-178, and
55	53.1-179; or (iii) any similar work release program, whose separation from work arose from conditions
56	of release or parole from such program; or
57	8. An individual who was unable to work at his regular employment due to a disaster for which the
58	Governor, by executive order, has declared a state of emergency, if such disaster forced the closure of

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59 the employer's business. In no case shall more than four weeks of benefit charges be waived, or

60 9. An individual who leaves employment to accompany his spouse to the location of the spouse's new

duty assignment if: (i) the spouse is on active duty in the military or naval services of the United States; 61 62 (ii) the spouse's relocation to a new military-related assignment is pursuant to a permanent change of

63 station order; (iii) the location of the spouse's new duty assignment is not readily accessible from the

64 individual's place of employment; and (iv) the spouse's new duty assignment is located in a state that,

65 pursuant to statute, does not deem a person accompanying a military spouse as a person leaving work 66 voluntarily without good cause.

§ 60.2-618. Disgualification for benefits. 67

68 An individual shall be disqualified for benefits upon separation from the last employing unit for 69 whom he has worked 30 days or 240 hours or from any subsequent employing unit:

70 1. For any week benefits are claimed until he has performed services for an employer (i) during 30 71 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) for 240 hours, and subsequently becomes totally or partially separated from such employment, if the Commission finds such individual is unemployed 72 73 because he left work voluntarily without good cause. As used in this chapter, "good cause" shall not 74 include (i) voluntarily leaving work with an employer to become self-employed or (ii) voluntarily 75 leaving work with an employer to accompany or to join his or her spouse in a new locality-, except where an individual leaves employment to accompany his spouse to the location of the spouse's new 76 77 duty assignment if (a) the spouse is on active duty in the military or naval services of the United States; 78 (b) the spouse's relocation to a new military-related assignment is pursuant to a permanent change of 79 station order; (c) the location of the spouse's new duty assignment is not readily accessible from the 80 individual's place of employment; and (d) the spouse's new duty assignment is located in a state that, 81 pursuant to statute, does not deem a person accompanying a military spouse as a person leaving work voluntarily without good cause. An individual shall not be deemed to have voluntarily left work solely 82 83 because the separation was in accordance with a seniority-based policy.

2. a. For any week benefits are claimed until he has performed services for an employer (i) during 84 85 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) for 240 hours, and subsequently becomes totally or partially separated from such employment, if the Commission finds such individual is 86 87 unemployed because he has been discharged for misconduct connected with his work. 88

b. For the purpose of this subdivision, "misconduct" includes, but shall not be limited to:

89 (1) An employee's confirmed positive test for a nonprescribed controlled substance, identified as such 90 in Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, where such test was conducted at the direction of his 91 employer in conjunction with the employer's administration and enforcement of a known workplace drug 92 policy. Such test shall have been performed, and a sample collected, in accordance with scientifically 93 recognized standards by a laboratory accredited by the United States Department of Health and Human 94 Services, or the College of American Pathology, or the American Association for Clinical Chemistry, or 95 the equivalent. The Commission may consider evidence of mitigating circumstances in determining 96 whether misconduct occurred.

97 (2) An employee's intentionally false or misleading statement of a material nature concerning past 98 criminal convictions made in a written job application furnished to the employer, where such statement 99 was a basis for the termination and the employer terminated the employee promptly upon the discovery 100 thereof. The Commission may consider evidence of mitigating circumstances in determining whether 101 misconduct occurred.

102 (3) A willful and deliberate violation of a standard or regulation of the Commonwealth, by an 103 employee of an employer licensed or certified by the Commonwealth, which violation would cause the 104 employer to be sanctioned or have its license or certification suspended by the Commonwealth. The 105 Commission may consider evidence of mitigating circumstances in determining whether misconduct 106 occurred.

107 (4) Chronic absenteeism or tardiness in deliberate violation of a known policy of the employer or 108 one or more unapproved absences following a written reprimand or warning relating to more than one 109 unapproved absence. The Commission may consider evidence of mitigating circumstances in determining 110 whether misconduct occurred.

111 3. a. If it is determined by the Commission that such individual has failed, without good cause, either 112 to apply for available, suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the Commission or 113 to accept suitable work when offered him. The disqualification shall commence with the week in which such failure occurred, and shall continue for the period of unemployment next ensuing until he has 114 performed services for an employer (i) during 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) 115 for 240 hours, and subsequently becomes totally or partially separated from such employment. 116

b. In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the Commission shall 117 consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety and morals, his physical fitness and prior 118 119 training, his experience, his length of unemployment and the accessibility of the available work from his 120 residence.

121 c. No work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this title to any otherwise 122 eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions: 123

(1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;

124 (2) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the 125 individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; or

126 (3) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or 127 to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

128 d. No individual shall be qualified for benefits during any week that such individual, in connection 129 with an offer of suitable work, has a confirmed positive test for a nonprescribed controlled substance, 130 identified as such in Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, if the test is (i) required as a condition of employment and (ii) performed, and a sample is collected, in accordance with scientifically 131 132 recognized standards by a laboratory accredited by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, or the College of American Pathology, or the American Association for Clinical Chemistry, or 133 134 the equivalent. The disqualification shall commence with the week in which such a test was conducted, 135 and shall continue for the period of unemployment next ensuing until he has performed services for an 136 employer (i) during 30 days, whether or not such days are consecutive, or (ii) for 240 hours, and 137 subsequently becomes totally or partially separated from such employment.

138 4. For 52 weeks, beginning with the date of the determination or decision, if the Commission finds 139 that such individual, within 36 calendar months immediately preceding such determination or decision, 140 has made a false statement or representation knowing it to be false, or has knowingly failed to disclose 141 a material fact, to obtain or increase any benefit or payment under this title, the unemployment 142 compensation of any other state, or any other program of the federal government which is administered in any way under this title, either for himself or any other person. Additionally, such individual shall be 143 144 ineligible for benefits until he has repaid the Commission the sum that has been fraudulently obtained.

5. If such separation arose as a result of an unlawful act which resulted in a conviction and after his 145 146 release from prison or jail until he has performed services for an employer for (i) 30 days, whether or 147 not such days are consecutive, or (ii) 240 hours, and subsequently becomes totally or partially separated 148 from such employment.

149 6. If such separation arose as a condition of the individual's parole or release from a custodial or 150 penal institution and such individual was participating in the Diversion Center Incarceration Program 151 pursuant to § 19.2-316.3.

152 2. [That the provisions of this act shall expire on July 1, 2008. That the provisions of this act shall 153 become effective if the federal government appropriates adequate funds specifically for the 154 purpose of paying benefits to employees who would be made eligible for unemployment benefits 155 pursuant to this act.]

156 **3.** That the provisions of this act enhancing the benefits payable to an individual pursuant to Title 157 60.2 may result in a net revenue loss to the Commonwealth of Virginia. Pursuant to § 30-19.03:1.2,

158 the estimated amount of the annual net revenue loss is \$5,963. SB247E