2006 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 78]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 15.2-2307 of the Code of Virginia, relating to reconstruction and 3 restoration of involuntarily damaged or destroyed nonconforming property.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That § 15.2-2307 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 8

§ 15.2-2307. Vested rights not impaired; nonconforming uses.

9 Nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize the impairment of any vested right. Without 10 limiting the time when rights might otherwise vest, a landowner's rights shall be deemed vested in a land use and such vesting shall not be affected by a subsequent amendment to a zoning ordinance when 11 12 the landowner (i) obtains or is the beneficiary of a significant affirmative governmental act which 13 remains in effect allowing development of a specific project, (ii) relies in good faith on the significant affirmative governmental act, and (iii) incurs extensive obligations or substantial expenses in diligent 14 15 pursuit of the specific project in reliance on the significant affirmative governmental act.

For purposes of this section and without limitation, the following are deemed to be significant 16 17 affirmative governmental acts allowing development of a specific project: (i) the governing body has accepted proffers or proffered conditions which specify use related to a zoning amendment; (ii) the 18 19 governing body has approved an application for a rezoning for a specific use or density; (iii) the 20 governing body or board of zoning appeals has granted a special exception or use permit with 21 conditions; (iv) the board of zoning appeals has approved a variance; (v) the governing body or its designated agent has approved a preliminary subdivision plat, site plan or plan of development for the 22 23 landowner's property and the applicant diligently pursues approval of the final plat or plan within a 24 reasonable period of time under the circumstances; or (vi) the governing body or its designated agent 25 has approved a final subdivision plat, site plan or plan of development for the landowner's property.

26 A zoning ordinance may provide that land, buildings, and structures and the uses thereof which do 27 not conform to the zoning prescribed for the district in which they are situated may be continued only 28 so long as the then existing or a more restricted use continues and such use is not discontinued for more 29 than two years, and so long as the buildings or structures are maintained in their then structural 30 condition; and that the uses of such buildings or structures shall conform to such regulations whenever 31 they are enlarged, extended, reconstructed or structurally altered and may further provide that no 32 nonconforming building or structure may be moved on the same lot or to any other lot which is not 33 properly zoned to permit such nonconforming use.

34 If a residential or commercial building is damaged or destroyed by a natural disaster or other act of 35 God, the zoning ordinance may require that such building be repaired, rebuilt or replaced to eliminate 36 or reduce the nonconforming features to the extent possible, without the need to obtain a variance as 37 provided in § 15.2-2310. If such building cannot be repaired, rebuilt or replaced except to restore it to 38 its original nonconforming condition, the owner shall have the right to do so. The owner shall apply 39 for a building permit and any work done to repair, rebuild or replace such building shall be in 40 compliance with the provisions of the Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-98 et seq.) and any work 41 done to repair, rebuild or replace such building shall be in compliance with the provisions of the local 42 flood plain regulations adopted as a condition of participation in the National Flood Insurance 43 Program. Unless such building is repaired or rebuilt within two years of the date of the natural disaster or replaced within two years of the date of the natural disaster or other act of God, such 44 45 building shall only be repaired, rebuilt or replaced in accordance with the provisions of the zoning ordinance of the locality. However, if the nonconforming building is in an area under a federal disaster 46 declaration and the building has been damaged or destroyed as a direct result of conditions that gave 47 48 rise to the declaration, then the zoning ordinance shall provide for an additional two years for the 49 building to be repaired, rebuilt or replaced as otherwise provided in this paragraph.

50 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a locality, after making a reasonable attempt to notify such property owner, from ordering the removal of a nonconforming sign that has been 51 abandoned. For purposes of this section, a sign shall be considered abandoned if the business for which 52 53 the sign was erected has not been in operation for a period of at least two years. Any locality may, by 54 ordinance, provide that following the expiration of the two-year period any abandoned nonconforming 55 sign shall be removed by the owner of the property on which the sign is located, if notified by the 56 locality to do so. If, following such two-year period, the locality has made a reasonable attempt to notify

57 the property owner, the locality through its own agents or employees may enter the property upon which 58 the sign is located and remove any such sign whenever the owner has refused to do so. The cost of such 59 removal shall be chargeable to the owner of the property. Nothing herein shall prevent the locality from 60 applying to a court of competent jurisdiction for an order requiring the removal of such abandoned 61 nonconforming sign by the owner by means of injunction or other appropriate remedy.

62 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the land owner or home owner from removing a valid nonconforming manufactured home from a mobile or manufactured home park and replacing that 63 64 home with another comparable manufactured home that meets the current HUD manufactured housing code. In such mobile or manufactured home park, a single-section home may replace a single-section 65 66 home and a multi-section home may replace a multi-section home. The owner of a valid nonconforming 67 mobile or manufactured home not located in a mobile or manufactured home park may replace that home with a newer manufactured home, either single- or multi-section, that meets the current HUD 68 manufactured housing code. Any such replacement home shall retain the valid nonconforming status of 69

70 the prior home.