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HOUSE BILL NO. 386

Offered January 11, 2006 Prefiled January 6, 2006

A BILL to amend and reenact § 3.1-796.93:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to authority to control dangerous or vicious dogs.

Patrons-Dance, Amundson, BaCote, Caputo, McClellan and Spruill

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Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 3.1-796.93:1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 3.1-796.93:1. Authority to control dangerous or vicious dogs.

13 A. The governing body of any county, city or town may enact an ordinance regulating dangerous 14 dogs and vicious dogs. 15

B. As used in this section:

16 "Dangerous dog" means a canine or canine crossbreed that has bitten, attacked, or inflicted injury on a person or companion animal, or killed a companion animal; or, without provocation, chased, 17 18 confronted, or approached a person in a threatening or aggressive manner such that a reasonable person would be fearful of an attack. however However, when a dog attacks or bites another dog, the 19 20 attacking or biting dog shall not be deemed dangerous (i) if no serious physical injury as determined by 21 a licensed veterinarian has occurred to the other dog as a result of the attack or bite or (ii) both dogs are owned by the same person. No dog shall be found to be a dangerous dog as a result of biting, attacking 22 23 or inflicting injury on another dog while engaged with an owner or custodian as part of lawful hunting 24 or participating in an organized, lawful dog handling event.

25 "Vicious dog" means a canine or canine crossbreed that has (i) killed a person; (ii) inflicted serious injury to a person, including multiple bites, serious disfigurement, serious impairment of health, or 26 27 serious impairment of a bodily function; or (iii) continued to exhibit the behavior that resulted in a 28 previous finding by a court or an animal control officer as authorized by local ordinance pursuant to the 29 provisions of subsection E, that it is a dangerous dog, provided that its owner has been given notice of 30 that finding. 31

C. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall prescribe the following provisions:

32 1. Any animal control officer who has reason to believe that a canine or canine crossbreed within his 33 jurisdiction is a dangerous dog or vicious dog shall apply to a magistrate of the jurisdiction for the issuance of a summons requiring the owner or custodian, if known, to appear before a general district 34 35 court at a specified time. The summons shall advise the owner of the nature of the proceeding and the 36 matters at issue. The animal control officer shall confine the animal until such time as evidence shall be 37 heard and a verdict rendered. If the animal control officer determines that the owner or custodian can 38 confine the animal in a manner that protects the public safety, he may permit the owner or custodian to 39 confine the animal until such time as evidence shall be heard and a verdict rendered. The court, through 40 its contempt powers, may compel the owner, custodian or harborer of the animal to produce the animal. 41 If, after hearing the evidence, the court finds that the animal is a dangerous dog, the court shall order the animal's owner to comply with the provisions of the ordinance. If, after hearing the evidence, the 42 court finds that the animal is a vicious dog, the court shall order the animal euthanized in accordance 43 with the provisions of § 3.1-796.119. Notwithstanding these provisions, any ordinance enacted pursuant 44 45 to this section shall provide that an animal control officer may determine, after investigation, whether a 46 dog is a dangerous dog. If the animal control officer determines that a dog is a dangerous dog, he may 47 order the animal's owner to comply with the provisions of the ordinance. If the animal's owner disagrees with the animal control officer's determination, he may appeal the determination to the 48 49 general district court for a trial on the merits.

2. No canine or canine crossbreed shall be found to be a dangerous dog or vicious dog solely 50 51 because it is a particular breed, nor shall the local governing body prohibit the ownership of a particular 52 breed of canine or canine crossbreed. No animal shall be found to be a dangerous dog or vicious dog if 53 the threat, injury or damage was sustained by a person who was (i) committing, at the time, a crime upon the premises occupied by the animal's owner or custodian, (ii) committing, at the time, a willful 54 55 trespass or other tort upon the premises occupied by the animal's owner or custodian, or (iii) provoking, tormenting, or physically abusing the animal, or can be shown to have repeatedly provoked, tormented, 56 abused, or assaulted the animal at other times. No police dog that was engaged in the performance of its 57 58 duties as such at the time of the acts complained of shall be found to be a dangerous dog or a vicious

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59 dog. No animal which, at the time of the acts complained of, was responding to pain or injury, or was 60 protecting itself, its kennel, its offspring, or its owner or owner's property, shall be found to be a dangerous dog or a vicious dog. 61

62 3. The owner of any animal found to be a dangerous dog shall, within 10 days of such finding, 63 obtain a dangerous dog registration certificate from the local animal control officer for a fee of \$50 or 64 an amount as set by local ordinance but not to exceed the costs incurred by the locality to administer 65 this program, in addition to other fees that may be authorized by law. The local animal control officer shall also provide the owner with a uniformly designed tag that identifies the animal as a dangerous 66 dog. The owner shall affix the tag to the animal's collar and ensure that the animal wears the collar and 67 tag at all times. All certificates obtained pursuant to this subdivision shall be renewed annually for the 68 same fee and in the same manner as the initial certificate was obtained. 69

70 4. All certificates or renewals thereof required to be obtained under this section shall only be issued 71 to persons 18 years of age or older who present satisfactory evidence (i) of the animal's current rabies vaccination, if applicable, and (ii) that the animal is and will be confined in a proper enclosure or is and 72 73 will be confined inside the owner's residence or is and will be muzzled and confined in the owner's 74 fenced-in yard until the proper enclosure is constructed. In addition, owners who apply for certificates or 75 renewals thereof under this section shall not be issued a certificate or renewal thereof unless they present satisfactory evidence that (i) their residence is and will continue to be posted with clearly visible signs 76 77 warning both minors and adults of the presence of a dangerous dog on the property and (ii) the animal 78 has been permanently identified by means of a tattoo on the inside thigh or by electronic implantation.

79 5. While on the property of its owner, an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall be confined 80 indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked structure of sufficient height and design to prevent its escape or direct contact with or entry by minors, adults, or other animals. The structure shall be designed to provide the animal with shelter from the elements of nature. When off its owner's property, 81 82 83 an animal found to be a dangerous dog shall be kept on a leash and muzzled in such a manner as not to cause injury to the animal or interfere with the animal's vision or respiration, but so as to prevent it 84 85 from biting a person or another animal.

86 6. If the owner of an animal found to be a dangerous dog is a minor, the custodial parent or legal 87 guardian shall be responsible for complying with all requirements of this section.

88 7. After an animal has been found to be a dangerous dog, the animal's owner shall immediately, 89 upon learning of same, notify the local animal control authority if the animal (i) is loose or unconfined; 90 (ii) bites a person or attacks another animal; (iii) is sold, given away, or dies; or (iv) has been moved to 91 a different address.

92 8. The owner of any animal that has been found to be a dangerous dog who willfully fails to comply 93 with the requirements of the ordinance shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

9. All fees collected pursuant to the ordinance, less the costs incurred by the animal control authority 94 95 in producing and distributing the certificates and tags required by the ordinance, shall be paid into a special dedicated fund in the treasury of the locality for the purpose of paying the expenses of any 96 97 training course required under § 3.1-796.104:1. 98

D. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section may prescribe the following provisions:

99 1. All certificates or renewals thereof required to be obtained under this section shall only be issued 100 to persons 18 years of age or older who present satisfactory evidence that the animal has been neutered 101 or spayed.

102 2. All certificates or renewals thereof required to be obtained under this section shall only be issued 103 to persons who present satisfactory evidence that the owner has liability insurance coverage, to the value 104 of at least \$100,000, that covers animal bites.

105 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision C 1, any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section 106 may provide that an animal control officer may determine, after investigation, whether a dog is a 107 dangerous dog. If the animal control officer determines that a dog is a dangerous dog, he may order the 108 animal's owner to comply with the provisions of the ordinance. If the animal's owner disagrees with the 109 animal control officer's determination, he may appeal the determination to the general district court for a

110 trial on the merits.