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HOUSE BILL NO. 146

Offered January 11, 2006

Prefiled December 28, 2005

A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-308 of the Code of Virginia, relating to concealed handguns; restaurants.

Patron—Cole

Referred to Committee on Militia, Police and Public Safety

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 18.2-308 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 18.2-308. Personal protection; carrying concealed weapons; when lawful to carry.

A. If any person carries about his person, hidden from common observation, (i) any pistol, revolver, or other weapon designed or intended to propel a missile of any kind by action of an explosion of any combustible material; (ii) any dirk, bowie knife, switchblade knife, ballistic knife, machete, razor, slingshot, spring stick, metal knucks, or blackjack; (iii) any flailing instrument consisting of two or more rigid parts connected in such a manner as to allow them to swing freely, which may be known as a nun chahka, nun chuck, nunchaku, shuriken, or fighting chain; (iv) any disc, of whatever configuration, having at least two points or pointed blades which is designed to be thrown or propelled and which may be known as a throwing star or oriental dart; or (v) any weapon of like kind as those enumerated in this subsection, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second violation of this section or a conviction under this section subsequent to any conviction under any substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town shall be punishable as a Class 6 felony, and a third or subsequent such violation shall be punishable as a Class 5 felony. For the purpose of this section, a weapon shall be deemed to be hidden from common observation when it is observable but is of such deceptive appearance as to disguise the weapon's true nature.

B. This section shall not apply to any person while in his own place of abode or the curtilage thereof.

Except as provided in subsection J1, this section shall not apply to:

1. Any person while in his own place of business;

2. Any law-enforcement officer, wherever such law-enforcement officer may travel in the Commonwealth;

3. Any regularly enrolled member of a target shooting organization who is at, or going to or from, an established shooting range, provided that the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped while being transported;

4. Any regularly enrolled member of a weapons collecting organization who is at, or going to or from, a bona fide weapons exhibition, provided that the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped while being transported;

5. Any person carrying such weapons between his place of abode and a place of purchase or repair, provided the weapons are unloaded and securely wrapped while being transported;

6. Any person actually engaged in lawful hunting, as authorized by the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries, under inclement weather conditions necessitating temporary protection of his firearm from those conditions, provided that possession of a handgun while engaged in lawful hunting shall not be construed as hunting with a handgun if the person hunting is carrying a valid concealed handgun permit; and

7. Any State Police officer retired from the Department of State Police, any local law-enforcement officer, auxiliary police officer or animal control officer retired from a police department or sheriff's office within the Commonwealth, any special agent retired from the State Corporation Commission or the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, any game warden retired from the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, and any Virginia Marine Police officer retired from the Law Enforcement Division of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission, other than an officer or agent terminated for cause, (i) with a service-related disability; (ii) following at least 15 years of service with any such law-enforcement agency, board or any combination thereof; or (iii) who has reached 55 years of age, provided such officer carries with him written proof of consultation with and favorable review of the need to carry a concealed handgun issued by the chief law-enforcement officer of the last such agency from which the officer retired or, in the case of special agents, issued by the State Corporation Commission or the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. A copy of the proof of consultation and favorable review shall be forwarded by the chief or the Board to the Department of State Police for entry into the Virginia

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59 Criminal Information Network. The chief law-enforcement officer shall not without cause withhold such
60 written proof if the retired law-enforcement officer otherwise meets the requirements of this section.

61 For purposes of applying the reciprocity provisions of subsection P, any person granted the privilege
62 to carry a concealed handgun pursuant to this subdivision, while carrying the proof of consultation and
63 favorable review required, shall be deemed to have been issued a concealed handgun permit.

64 C. This section shall also not apply to any of the following individuals while in the discharge of
65 their official duties, or while in transit to or from such duties:

- 66 1. Carriers of the United States mail;
- 67 2. Officers or guards of any state correctional institution;
- 68 3. [Repealed.]

69 4. Conservators of the peace, except that the following conservators of the peace shall not be
70 permitted to carry a concealed handgun without obtaining a permit as provided in subsection D hereof:
71 (a) notaries public; (b) registrars; (c) drivers, operators or other persons in charge of any motor vehicle
72 carrier of passengers for hire; or (d) commissioners in chancery;

73 5. Noncustodial employees of the Department of Corrections designated to carry weapons by the
74 Director of the Department of Corrections pursuant to § 53.1-29; and

75 6. Harbormaster of the City of Hopewell.

76 D. Any person 21 years of age or older may apply in writing to the clerk of the circuit court of the
77 county or city in which he resides, or if he is a member of the United States Armed Forces, the county
78 or city in which he is domiciled, for a five-year permit to carry a concealed handgun. There shall be no
79 requirement regarding the length of time an applicant has been a resident or domiciliary of the county or
80 city. The application shall be made under oath before a notary or other person qualified to take oaths
81 and shall be made only on a form prescribed by the Department of State Police, in consultation with the
82 Supreme Court, requiring only that information necessary to determine eligibility for the permit. The
83 clerk shall enter on the application the date on which the application and all other information required
84 to be submitted by the applicant is received. The court shall consult with either the sheriff or police
85 department of the county or city and receive a report from the Central Criminal Records Exchange. As a
86 condition for issuance of a concealed handgun permit, the applicant shall submit to fingerprinting if
87 required by local ordinance in the county or city where the applicant resides and provide personal
88 descriptive information to be forwarded with the fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records
89 Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record
90 information regarding the applicant, and obtaining fingerprint identification information from federal
91 records pursuant to criminal investigations by state and local law-enforcement agencies. Where feasible
92 and practical, the local law-enforcement agency may transfer information electronically to the State
93 Police instead of inked fingerprint cards. Upon completion of the criminal history records check, the
94 State Police shall return the fingerprint cards to the submitting local agency or, in the case of scanned
95 fingerprints, destroy the electronic record. The local agency shall then promptly notify the person that he
96 has 21 days from the date of the notice to request return of the fingerprint cards, if any. All fingerprint
97 cards not claimed by the applicant within 21 days of notification by the local agency shall be destroyed.
98 All optically scanned fingerprints shall be destroyed upon completion of the criminal history records
99 check without requiring that the applicant be notified. Fingerprints taken for the purposes described in
100 this section shall not be copied, held or used for any other purposes. The court shall issue the permit
101 within 45 days of receipt of the completed application unless it is determined that the applicant is
102 disqualified. Any order denying issuance of the permit shall state the basis for the denial of the permit
103 and the applicant's right to and the requirements for perfecting an appeal of such order pursuant to
104 subsection L. An application is deemed complete when all information required to be furnished by the
105 applicant is delivered to and received by the clerk of court before or concomitant with the conduct of a
106 state or national criminal history records check. If the court has not issued the permit or determined that
107 the applicant is disqualified within 45 days of the date of receipt noted on the application, the clerk shall
108 certify on the application that the 45-day period has expired, and send a copy of the certified application
109 to the applicant. The certified application shall serve as a de facto permit, which shall expire 90 days
110 after issuance, and shall be recognized as a valid concealed handgun permit when presented with a valid
111 government-issued photo identification pursuant to subsection H, until the court issues a five-year permit
112 or finds the applicant to be disqualified. If the applicant is found to be disqualified after the de facto
113 permit is issued, the applicant shall surrender the de facto permit to the court and the disqualification
114 shall be deemed a denial of the permit and a revocation of the de facto permit. If the applicant is later
115 found by the court to be disqualified after a five-year permit has been issued, the permit shall be
116 revoked. The clerk of court may withhold from public disclosure the social security number contained in
117 a permit application in response to a request to inspect or copy any such permit application, except that
118 such social security number shall not be withheld from any law-enforcement officer acting in the
119 performance of his official duties.

120 E. The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit:

1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3 or the substantially similar law of any other state or of the United States.

2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 37.2-1012 less than five years before the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun permit.

5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by § 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing or transporting a firearm.

6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except that a permit may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that section.

7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the judge shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. Traffic infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this disqualification.

8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana or any controlled substance.

9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local ordinance or of public drunkenness within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, or who is a habitual drunkard as determined pursuant to § 4.1-333.

10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

11. An individual who has been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions.

12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice.

13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by the applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn written statement indicating that, in the opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of the specific acts, or upon a written statement made under oath before a notary public of a competent person having personal knowledge of the specific acts.

14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, discharging of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application.

15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an offense which would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this disqualifier, only convictions occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the conviction or adjudication or (ii) release from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous convictions."

17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in subdivision 14 or 15.

18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a residential setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this section, who, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of this title or of a criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana or any controlled substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this section, with respect to whom, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of this title or upon a charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana or any controlled substance under the laws of any state, the District of

182 Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court found that the facts of the case were
183 sufficient for a finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to § 18.2-251 or the substantially
184 similar law of any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

185 F. The making of a materially false statement in an application under this section shall constitute
186 perjury, punishable as provided in § 18.2-434.

187 G. The court shall require proof that the applicant has demonstrated competence with a handgun and
188 the applicant may demonstrate such competence by one of the following, but no applicant shall be
189 required to submit to any additional demonstration of competence:

190 1. Completing any hunter education or hunter safety course approved by the Department of Game
191 and Inland Fisheries or a similar agency of another state;

192 2. Completing any National Rifle Association firearms safety or training course;

193 3. Completing any firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered
194 by a law-enforcement agency, junior college, college, or private or public institution or organization or
195 firearms training school utilizing instructors certified by the National Rifle Association or the
196 Department of Criminal Justice Services;

197 4. Completing any law-enforcement firearms safety or training course or class offered for security
198 guards, investigators, special deputies, or any division or subdivision of law enforcement or security
199 enforcement;

200 5. Presenting evidence of equivalent experience with a firearm through participation in organized
201 shooting competition or current military service or proof of an honorable discharge from any branch of
202 the armed services;

203 6. Obtaining or previously having held a license to carry a firearm in the Commonwealth or a
204 locality thereof, unless such license has been revoked for cause;

205 7. Completing any firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a state-certified or
206 National Rifle Association-certified firearms instructor;

207 8. Completing any governmental police agency firearms training course and qualifying to carry a
208 firearm in the course of normal police duties; or

209 9. Completing any other firearms training which the court deems adequate.

210 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes; an affidavit from the
211 instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught such course or class attesting to
212 the completion of the course or class by the applicant; or a copy of any document which shows
213 completion of the course or class or evidences participation in firearms competition shall constitute
214 evidence of qualification under this subsection.

215 H. The permit to carry a concealed handgun shall specify only the following information: name,
216 address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, and signature of the permittee;
217 the signature of the judge issuing the permit, or of the clerk of court who has been authorized to sign
218 such permits by the issuing judge; the date of issuance; and the expiration date. The permit to carry a
219 concealed handgun shall be no larger than two inches wide by three and one-fourth inches long and
220 shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the Department of State Police. The person issued the permit
221 shall have such permit on his person at all times during which he is carrying a concealed handgun and
222 shall display the permit and a photo-identification issued by a government agency of the Commonwealth
223 or by the United States Department of Defense or United States State Department (passport) upon
224 demand by a law-enforcement officer.

225 I. Persons who previously have held a concealed handgun permit shall be issued, upon application as
226 provided in subsection D, a new five-year permit unless there is good cause shown for refusing to
227 reissue a permit. If the circuit court denies the permit, the specific reasons for the denial shall be stated
228 in the order of the court denying the permit. Upon denial of the application, the clerk shall provide the
229 person with notice, in writing, of his right to an ore tenus hearing. Upon request of the applicant made
230 within 21 days, the court shall place the matter on the docket for an ore tenus hearing. The applicant
231 may be represented by counsel, but counsel shall not be appointed, and the rules of evidence shall
232 apply. The final order of the court shall include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law.

233 J. Any person convicted of an offense that would disqualify that person from obtaining a permit
234 under subsection E or who violates subsection F shall forfeit his permit for a concealed handgun and
235 surrender it to the court. Upon receipt by the Central Criminal Records Exchange of a record of the
236 arrest, conviction or occurrence of any other event that would disqualify a person from obtaining a
237 concealed handgun permit under subsection E, the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall notify the
238 court having issued the permit of such disqualifying arrest, conviction or other event.

239 J1. Any person permitted to carry a concealed handgun, who is under the influence of alcohol or
240 illegal drugs while carrying such handgun in a public place, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
241 Conviction of any of the following offenses shall be prima facie evidence, subject to rebuttal, that the
242 person is "under the influence" for purposes of this section: manslaughter in violation of § 18.2-36.1,
243 maiming in violation of § 18.2-51.4, driving while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266, public

intoxication in violation of § 18.2-388, or driving while intoxicated in violation of § 46.2-341.24. Upon such conviction that court shall revoke the person's permit for a concealed handgun and promptly notify the issuing circuit court. A person convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be ineligible to apply for a concealed handgun permit for a period of five years.

J2. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in subdivision E 14 or E 15, holding a permit for a concealed handgun, may have the permit suspended by the court before which such charge is pending or by the court that issued the permit.

J3. No person shall carry who carries a concealed handgun onto the premises of any restaurant or club as defined in § 4.1-100 for which a license to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption has been granted by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board under Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia may consume an alcoholic beverage while on the premises; however, nothing herein regarding the consumption of alcohol shall prohibit any sworn apply to a federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer from carrying a concealed handgun on the premises of such restaurant or club or any owner or event sponsor or his employees from carrying a concealed handgun while on duty at such restaurant or club if such person has a concealed handgun permit while actually engaged in the performance of his official duties.

J4. Any individual for whom it would be unlawful to purchase, possess or transport a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3, who holds a concealed handgun permit, may have the permit suspended by the court that issued the permit during the period of incompetency, incapacity or disability.

K. No fee shall be charged for the issuance of such permit to a person who has retired from service (i) as a magistrate in the Commonwealth; (ii) as a special agent with the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board or as a law-enforcement officer with the Department of State Police, the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, or a sheriff or police department, bureau or force of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, after completing 15 years of service or after reaching age 55; (iii) as a law-enforcement officer with the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Secret Service Agency, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, Customs Service, Department of State Diplomatic Security Service, U.S. Marshals Service or Naval Criminal Investigative Service, after completing 15 years of service or after reaching age 55; (iv) as a law-enforcement officer with any police or sheriff's department within the United States, the District of Columbia or any of the territories of the United States, after completing 15 years of service; or (v) as a law-enforcement officer with any combination of the agencies listed in clauses (ii) through (iv), after completing 15 years of service. The clerk shall charge a fee of \$10 for the processing of an application or issuing of a permit, including his costs associated with the consultation with law-enforcement agencies. The local law-enforcement agency conducting the background investigation may charge a fee not to exceed \$35 to cover the cost of conducting an investigation pursuant to this section. The \$35 fee shall include any amount assessed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for providing criminal history record information, and the local law-enforcement agency shall forward the amount assessed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the State Police with the fingerprints taken from the applicant. The State Police may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 to cover their costs associated with processing the application. The total amount assessed for processing an application for a permit shall not exceed \$50, with such fees to be paid in one sum to the person who accepts the application. Payment may be made by any method accepted by that court for payment of other fees or penalties. No payment shall be required until the application is accepted by the court as a complete application. The order issuing such permit, or the copy of the permit application certified by the clerk as a de facto permit pursuant to subsection D, shall be provided to the State Police and the law-enforcement agencies of the county or city. The State Police shall enter the permittee's name and description in the Virginia Criminal Information Network so that the permit's existence and current status will be made known to law-enforcement personnel accessing the Network for investigative purposes.

L. Any person denied a permit to carry a concealed handgun under the provisions of this section may present a petition for review to the Court of Appeals. The petition for review shall be filed within 60 days of the expiration of the time for requesting an ore tenus hearing pursuant to subsection I, or if an ore tenus hearing is requested, within 60 days of the entry of the final order of the circuit court following the hearing. The petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original papers filed in the circuit court, including a copy of the order of the circuit court denying the permit. Subject to the provisions of subsection B of § 17.1-410, the decision of the Court of Appeals or judge shall be final. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the decision to deny the permit is reversed upon appeal, taxable costs incurred by the person shall be paid by the Commonwealth.

M. For purposes of this section:

"Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm, except a machine gun, originally designed, made and intended to fire a projectile by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels when held in one hand.

305 "Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the
306 privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the
307 immigration laws, such status not having changed.

308 "Law-enforcement officer" means those individuals defined as a law-enforcement officer in § 9.1-101,
309 campus police officers appointed pursuant to Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23, law-enforcement
310 agents of the Armed Forces of the United States, the Naval Criminal Investigative Service, and federal
311 agents who are otherwise authorized to carry weapons by federal law. "Law-enforcement officer" shall
312 also mean any sworn full-time law-enforcement officer employed by a law-enforcement agency of the
313 United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, whose duties are substantially similar to those
314 set forth in § 9.1-101.

315 N. As used in this article:

316 "Ballistic knife" means any knife with a detachable blade that is propelled by a spring-operated
317 mechanism.

318 "Spring stick" means a spring-loaded metal stick activated by pushing a button which rapidly and
319 forcefully telescopes the weapon to several times its original length.

320 O. The granting of a concealed handgun permit shall not thereby authorize the possession of any
321 handgun or other weapon on property or in places where such possession is otherwise prohibited by law
322 or is prohibited by the owner of private property.

323 P. A valid concealed handgun or concealed weapon permit or license issued by another state shall
324 authorize the holder of such permit or license who is at least 21 years of age to carry a concealed
325 handgun in the Commonwealth, provided (i) the issuing authority provides the means for instantaneous
326 verification of the validity of all such permits or licenses issued within that state, accessible 24 hours a
327 day, and (ii) except for the age of the permit or license holder and the type of weapon authorized to be
328 carried, the requirements and qualifications of that state's law are adequate to prevent possession of a
329 permit or license by persons who would be denied a permit in the Commonwealth under this section.
330 The Superintendent of State Police shall (a) in consultation with the Office of the Attorney General
331 determine whether states meet the requirements and qualifications of this section, (b) maintain a registry
332 of such states on the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN), and (c) make the registry available
333 to law-enforcement officers for investigative purposes. The Superintendent of the State Police, in
334 consultation with the Attorney General, may also enter into agreements for reciprocal recognition with
335 any state qualifying for recognition under this subsection.

336 P1. Nonresidents of the Commonwealth 21 years of age or older may apply in writing to the
337 Virginia Department of State Police for a five-year permit to carry a concealed handgun. Every applicant
338 for a nonresident concealed handgun permit shall submit two photographs of a type and kind specified
339 by the Department of State Police for inclusion on the permit and shall submit fingerprints on a card
340 provided by the Department of State Police for the purpose of obtaining the applicant's state or national
341 criminal history record. As a condition for issuance of a concealed handgun permit, the applicant shall
342 submit to fingerprinting by his local or state law-enforcement agency and provide personal descriptive
343 information to be forwarded with the fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the
344 Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information
345 regarding the applicant and obtaining fingerprint identification information from federal records pursuant
346 to criminal investigations by state and local law-enforcement agencies. The application shall be made
347 under oath before a notary or other person qualified to take oaths on a form provided by the Department
348 of State Police, requiring only that information necessary to determine eligibility for the permit. If the
349 permittee is later found by the Department of State Police to be disqualified, the permit shall be revoked
350 and the person shall return the permit after being so notified by the Department of State Police. The
351 permit requirement and restriction provisions of subsections E and F shall apply, mutatus mutandis, to
352 the provisions of this subsection.

353 The applicant shall demonstrate competence with a handgun by one of the following:

354 1. Completing a hunter education or hunter safety course approved by the Virginia Department of
355 Game and Inland Fisheries or a similar agency of another state;

356 2. Completing any National Rifle Association firearms safety or training course;

357 3. Completing any firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered
358 by a law-enforcement agency, junior college, college, or private or public institution or organization or
359 firearms training school utilizing instructors certified by the National Rifle Association or the
360 Department of Criminal Justice Services or a similar agency of another state;

361 4. Completing any law-enforcement firearms safety or training course or class offered for security
362 guards, investigators, special deputies, or any division or subdivision of law enforcement or security
363 enforcement;

364 5. Presenting evidence of equivalent experience with a firearm through participation in organized
365 shooting competition approved by the Department of State Police or current military service or proof of
366 an honorable discharge from any branch of the armed services;

367 6. Obtaining or previously having held a license to carry a firearm in the Commonwealth or a
368 locality thereof, unless such license has been revoked for cause;

369 7. Completing any firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a state-certified or
370 National Rifle Association-certified firearms instructor;

371 8. Completing any governmental police agency firearms training course and qualifying to carry a
372 firearm in the course of normal police duties; or

373 9. Completing any other firearms training that the Virginia Department of State Police deems
374 adequate.

375 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any such course or class, an affidavit from the
376 instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught such course or class attesting to
377 the completion of the course or class by the applicant, or a copy of any document which shows
378 completion of the course or class or evidences participation in firearms competition shall satisfy the
379 requirement for demonstration of competence with a handgun.

380 The Department of State Police may charge a fee not to exceed \$100 to cover the cost of the
381 background check and issuance of the permit. Any fees collected shall be deposited in a special account
382 to be used to offset the costs of administering the nonresident concealed handgun permit program. The
383 Department of State Police shall enter the permittee's name and description in the Virginia Criminal
384 Information Network so that the permit's existence and current status are known to law-enforcement
385 personnel accessing the Network for investigative purposes.

386 The permit to carry a concealed handgun shall contain only the following information: name,
387 address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, and photograph of the
388 permittee; the signature of the Superintendent of the Virginia Department of State Police or his designee;
389 the date of issuance; and the expiration date. The person to whom the permit is issued shall have such
390 permit on his person at all times when he is carrying a concealed handgun in the Commonwealth and
391 shall display the permit on demand by a law-enforcement officer.

392 The Superintendent of the State Police shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative
393 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the implementation of an application process for obtaining a
394 nonresident concealed handgun permit.

395 Q. A valid concealed handgun permit issued by the State of Maryland shall be valid in the
396 Commonwealth provided, (i) the holder of the permit is licensed in the State of Maryland to perform
397 duties substantially similar to those performed by Virginia branch pilots licensed pursuant to Chapter 9
398 (§ 54.1-900 et seq.) of Title 54.1 and is performing such duties while in the Commonwealth, and (ii) the
399 holder of the permit is 21 years of age or older.

400 R. For the purposes of participation in concealed handgun reciprocity agreements with other
401 jurisdictions, the official government-issued law-enforcement identification card issued to an active-duty
402 law-enforcement officer in the Commonwealth who is exempt from obtaining a concealed handgun
403 permit under this section shall be deemed a concealed handgun permit.