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HOUSE BILL NO. 1321

Offered January 11, 2006

Prefiled January 11, 2006

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-251 and 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to expungement of deferred and dismissed marijuana charges.*

Patron—Morgan

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That §§ 18.2-251 and 19.2-392.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions; screening, assessment and education programs; drug tests; costs and fees; violations; discharge.

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250 or to possession of marijuana under § 18.2-250.1, the court, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or § 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter a treatment and/or education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. This program may be located in the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, by a similar program which is made available through the Department of Corrections, (ii) a community-based corrections program established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (i) to successfully complete the treatment or education program, (ii) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused is drug and alcohol free, (iii) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (iv) to comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to twenty-four hours of community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

The court shall, unless done at arrest, order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying this section in subsequent proceedings. *Discharge and dismissal under this section shall also be eligible for expungement pursuant to § 19.2-392.2.*

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction for purposes of §§ 18.2-259.1, 22.1-315 and 46.2-390.1, and the driver's license forfeiture provisions of those sections shall be imposed. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense.

§ 19.2-392.2. Expungement of police and court records.

A. If a person is charged with the commission of a crime and

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- 59 1. Is acquitted, or
60 2. A nolle prosequi is taken or the charge is otherwise dismissed, including dismissal by accord and
61 satisfaction pursuant to § 19.2-151, or
62 3. Is granted an absolute pardon for the commission of a crime for which he has been unjustly
63 convicted, or
64 4. *Has had a charge of possession of marijuana in violation of § 18.2-250.1 discharged and*
65 *dismissed in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-251 more than ten years prior to his petition for*
66 *expungement*, he may file a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting expungement of the
67 police records and the court records relating to the charge.
- 68 B. If any person whose name or other identification has been used without his consent or
69 authorization by another person who has been charged or arrested using such name or identification, he
70 may file a petition with the court disposing of the charge for relief pursuant to this section.
- 71 C. The petition with a copy of the warrant or indictment if reasonably available shall be filed in the
72 circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of by acquittal or being otherwise
73 dismissed and shall contain, except where not reasonably available, the date of arrest and the name of
74 the arresting agency. Where this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the
75 reason for such unavailability. The petition shall further state the specific criminal charge to be
76 expunged, the date of final disposition of the charge as set forth in the petition, the petitioner's date of
77 birth, and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of arrest.
- 78 D. A copy of the petition shall be served on the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or
79 county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or
80 answer to the petition within twenty-one days after it is served on him.
- 81 E. The petitioner shall obtain from a law-enforcement agency one complete set of the petitioner's
82 fingerprints and shall provide that agency with a copy of the petition for expungement. The
83 law-enforcement agency shall submit the set of fingerprints to the Central Criminal Records Exchange
84 (CCRE) with a copy of the petition for expungement attached. The CCRE shall forward under seal to
85 the court a copy of the petitioner's criminal history, a copy of the source documents that resulted in the
86 CCRE entry that the petitioner wishes to expunge, and the set of fingerprints. Upon completion of the
87 hearing, the court shall return the fingerprint card to the petitioner.
- 88 F. After receiving the criminal history record information from the CCRE, the court shall conduct a
89 hearing on the petition. If the court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of
90 information relating to the arrest of the petitioner causes or may cause circumstances which constitute a
91 manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring the expungement of the police and
92 court records relating to the charge. Otherwise, it shall deny the petition. However, if the petitioner has
93 no prior criminal record and the arrest was for a misdemeanor violation, the petitioner shall be entitled,
94 in the absence of good cause shown to the contrary by the Commonwealth, to expungement of the
95 police and court records relating to the charge, and the court shall enter an order of expungement.
- 96 G. The Commonwealth shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the
97 decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.
- 98 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when the charge is dismissed because the
99 court finds that the person arrested or charged is not the person named in the summons, warrant,
100 indictment or presentment, the court dismissing the charge shall, upon motion of the person improperly
101 arrested or charged, enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the
102 charge. Such order shall contain a statement that the dismissal and expungement are ordered pursuant to
103 this subsection. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection I hereof.
- 104 I. Upon the entry of an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of such order
105 to be forwarded to the Department of State Police, which shall, pursuant to rules and regulations
106 adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134, direct the manner by which the appropriate expungement or removal of
107 such records shall be effected.
- 108 J. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275, but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth.