	067365496
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1294
2	Offered January 11, 2006
3	Prefiled January 11, 2006
4	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 an article numbered 13.2,
5	consisting of sections numbered 58.1-439.18 through 58.1-439.21, relating to the Public/Private
6	Education Investment tax credit.
7	Detrong Sermon and Drugon
8	Patrons—Saxman and Byron
9	Referred to Committee on Finance
10	
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 an article numbered
13	13.2, consisting of sections numbered 58.1-439.18 through 58.1-439.21 as follows:
14	Article 13.2.
15 16	The Public/Private Education Investment Tax Credit.
17	§ 58.1-439.18. Definitions. As used in this article:
18	"Business entity" means a business that is subject to the taxes imposed by Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et
1 9	seq.) and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 3, Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.), Article 1 (§ 58.1-2500
20	et seq.) of Chapter 25, or Article 2 (§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title.
21	"Federal Free and Reduced Lunch Program" means the federal program established under 42 U.S.C.
22	§ 1751.
23	"Individual taxpayer" means an individual subject to the taxes imposed by Article 2 (§ 58.1-320 et
24 25	seq.) of Chapter 3 of this title. "Nonprofit education foundation" means public school foundations and scholarship foundations as
25 26	defined in this section.
2 7	"Public school foundation" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation as defined in § 22.1-212.2:2,
28	that is exempt from taxation under § 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and
29	established for the purpose of implementing public school capital improvement projects that have been
30	approved by the foundation's local school board.
31	"Qualified educational expenses" means school-related tuition and instructional fees and materials,
32 33	including textbooks, workbooks, and supplies used solely for school-related work. "Scholarship foundation" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation that is exempt from taxation under
33 34	§ 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and established in part to provide
35	financial aid for the education of students residing in the Commonwealth.
36	"Student" means a child who is of compulsory school attendance age as defined in § 22.1-254 and
37	who is a resident of Virginia.
38	§ 58.1-439.19. Tax credit for donations to education foundations by business entities and individual
39	taxpayers.
40 41	A. 1. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, a business entity may receive a credit against any tax due under Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter
42	3, Chapter 12 (§ $58.1-1200$ et seq.), Article 1 (§ $58.1-2500$ et seq.) of Chapter 25, or Article 2
43	(§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title, in an amount equal to 90% of the contribution to a
44	nonprofit education foundation included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance
45	with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20.
46	2. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, an individual taxpayer may receive a
47 19	credit against any tax due under Article 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of this title, in an amount
48 49	equal to 100% of (i) the contribution to a nonprofit education foundation included on the list published annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20; or (ii) the total
50	education expenses paid by the individual taxpayer for a student who is claimed as a dependent on the
51	income tax return of the individual taxpayer. However, such amount shall not exceed \$800 for an
52	individual taxpayer and \$1,200 for taxpayers filing a joint return.
53	B. Tax credits shall be awarded to business entities by the Department of Taxation on a first-come,
54	first-served basis in accordance with procedures established by the Department under the following
55 54	conditions:
56 57	1. The total amount of tax credits that may be granted to business entities each fiscal year under this section shall not exceed \$60 million, with \$30 million granted for contributions made to public school
57 58	foundations and \$30 million granted for contributions made to scholarship foundations.

INTRODUCED

59 2. Credits granted to a partnership, electing small business (Subchapter S) corporation, or limited 60 liability company shall be allocated to their individual partners, shareholders, or members, respectively, 61 in proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.

62 3. Any tax credit that is not used by a business entity or individual taxpayer in the taxable year 63 following the year in which the contribution is made shall not be carried forward or carried back and 64 shall not be refundable or transferable.

65 4. Every business entity and individual taxpayer seeking the credit allowed under this section shall 66 submit with the income tax return verification from each nonprofit education foundation to which 67 monetary donations have been made by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

C. In a form approved by the Department, business entities shall request and receive 68 preauthorization for a specified tax credit amount from the Department. The Department's 69 70 preauthorization notice shall accompany the donation from the business entity to the nonprofit education 71 foundation, which shall, within 10 days, return the notice to the Department certifying the amount of the donation and date received. Preauthorization notices not acted upon by the business entity within 30 72 73 days of issuance shall be void. No tax credit shall be approved by the Department for activities that are 74 a part of a business entity's normal course of business.

§ 58.1-439.20. Education foundation eligibility and requirements; list of foundations receiving 75 76 contributions.

77 A. Education foundations seeking to receive and administer tax credit-approved funds shall submit 78 information to the Department, which shall determine whether an application is a nonprofit education 79 foundation as defined in § 58.1-439.18. The Department shall prescribe through regulations what 80 information shall be submitted by such foundations. Notice of approval or denial, including reasons for 81 denial, shall be issued by the Department to the applicant within 60 days after the information is 82 submitted.

83 B. The Department shall submit a list of all nonprofit education foundations receiving contributions 84 from business entities and individual taxpayers to the chairmen of the House and Senate Finance 85 Committees no later than December 1 of each year. 86

§ 58.1-439.21. Guidelines for public school foundations and scholarship foundations.

87 A. I. A public school foundation, as defined in § 58.1-439.18 and included on the list published 88 annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20, shall disburse annually 89 at least 90% of its tax-credit-derived funds for capital improvement projects approved by the local 90 school board and for extracurricular activities, including, but not limited to, sports, band, and chorus.

91 2. An audit of the foundation's tax-credit-derived funds, complying with uniform financial accounting 92 standards and conducted by a certified public accountant, shall be conducted annually and a summary 93 report made available to the public upon request. The report shall include (i) the total number and 94 dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar year, (ii) the total number and dollar amount of disbursements made to capital improvement projects during the previous calendar 95 year, and (iii) the total number and dollar amount of disbursements made to extracurricular activities 96 97 during the previous calendar year.

98 B. 1. A scholarship foundation, as defined in § 58.1-439.18 and included on the list published 99 annually by the Department in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-439.20, shall disburse annually at least 90% of its tax-credit-derived funds for qualified educational expenses through scholarships. 100

101 2. In awarding scholarships, the scholarship foundation shall (i) give priority to any student whose 102 family's annual household income is less than twice the amount required to qualify for the Federal Free 103 and Reduced Lunch Program, (ii) not limit scholarships to students of one school, and (iii) not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or disability. 104

3. Scholarship foundations shall ensure that schools selected by scholarship students (i) are in 105 compliance with the Commonwealth's and locality's health and safety laws and codes; (ii) hold a valid 106 107 occupancy permit as required by the locality; (iii) do not discriminate on the basis of race, color, or 108 national origin; and (iv) comply with nonpublic school accreditation requirements as set forth in § 22.1-19 and administered by the Virginia Council for Private Education, or maintain an assessment 109 system that annually measures scholarship students' progress in reading and math using a national 110 norm-referenced achievement test, including, but not limited to, the Stanford Achievement Test, 111 California Achievement Test, and Iowa Test of Basic Skills. 112

113 4. Subject to the limitation set forth in this article, an eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation 114 provides scholarships from eligible contributions to qualified students for tuition and textbook fees, and 115 other educational fees incurred by an eligible student for the purpose of attending an eligible nonpublic 116 or nontuition-charging public school.

117 5. The amount of a scholarship provided to any child for any single school year by all eligible 118 nonprofit scholarship foundations from eligible contributions shall not exceed the lesser of: (i) the actual 119 tuition, textbook, and educational fees incurred, or (ii) \$5,000 for a scholarship awarded to a student 120 enrolled in an eligible public or nonpublic school.

121 6. Payment of the scholarship by the eligible nonprofit scholarship foundation shall be by individual 122 warrant or check made payable to the student's parent or legal guardian. If the parent chooses for his 123 child to attend an eligible nonpublic school, the warrant or check must be mailed by the eligible 124 nonprofit scholarship foundation to the eligible nonpublic school of the parent's choice, and the parent 125 shall restrictively endorse the warrant or check to the nonpublic school. An eligible nonprofit 126 scholarship foundation shall ensure that, upon receipt of a scholarship warrant or check, the parent to 127 whom the warrant or check is made restrictively endorses the warrant or check to the eligible nonpublic 128 school of the parent's choice for deposit into the account of the nonpublic school.

129 7. Scholarship foundations shall (i) provide receipts, approved by the Department, to individual
 130 taxpayers for their contributions; and (ii) develop procedures for disbursing scholarships in periodic
 131 payments throughout the school year to ensure scholarships are portable.

8. An audit of the scholarship foundation's tax-credit-derived funds, which complies with uniform
financial accounting standards and is conducted by a certified public accountant, shall be conducted
annually and a summary report made available to the public upon request. The report shall include (i)
the total number and dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar year, (ii) the
total number and dollar amount of educational expenses scholarships awarded during the previous
calendar year, (iii) the total number and dollar amount of educational expenses scholarships awarded
during the previous calendar year to every student whose family's annual household income was less

than twice the amount required to qualify for the Federal Free and Reduced Lunch Program, and (iv)
the percentage of first-time recipients of educational expenses scholarships who were enrolled in a

141 public school during the previous year.