DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION 2005 Fiscal Impact Statement

 Patron John A. Cosgrove
Bill Number <u>HB 1512</u> House of Origin: Introduced Substitute Engrossed
Title Individual Income Tax: Tax Credit for Certain Health Care Practitioners
Second House: X In Committee Substitute Enrolled

5. Summary/Purpose:

This bill would provide an individual income tax credit to health care practitioners who provide free medical services to indigent persons. The amount of the credit would be equal to 25% of the fee the practitioner would charge for the service, not to exceed \$500 annually for any practitioner.

This bill would be effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006.

6. Fiscal Impact Estimates are: Preliminary. (See Line 8.)

6a.	Expenditure	Impact:
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Fiscal Year	Dollars	Fund
2004-05	\$0	GF
2005-06	\$0	GF
2006-07	\$176,070	GF
2007-08	\$8,210	GF
2008-09	\$8,456	GF
2009-10	\$8,710	GF
2010-11	\$8,972	GF

7. Budget amendment necessary: No.

8. Fiscal implications:

The negative revenue impact associated with this bill is unknown. However, based on the number and types of health care practitioners who would be able to donate their services and claim this credit, the revenue loss could be substantial.

The Department would incur administrative costs of \$176,070 in FY 2007, \$8,210 in FY 2008, \$8,456 in FY 1009, \$8,710 in FY 2010 and \$8,972 in FY 2011 for forms and systems development.

9. Specific agency or political subdivisions affected:

Department of Taxation

10. Technical amendment necessary: No.

11. Other comments:

Current Law- Neighborhood Assistance Act

The Neighborhood Assistance Program allows tax credits for business firms and individuals who contribute to approved neighborhood assistance organizations designed to benefit impoverished individuals. The credit can be applied against the income tax imposed on individuals, trusts, estates, and corporations; the bank franchise tax; and the gross receipts tax imposed on insurance and public service corporations.

The total amount of credits the Department of Social Services is authorized to allocate to approved neighborhood assistance organizations is limited to \$8 million in a fiscal year. However, \$2.75 million of this amount must be designated for allocation to education programs. If requests for credits by education programs are less than \$2.75 million, then any remaining amount can be allocated to other programs.

In 2004, several changes were made to the Neighborhood Assistance Program. The credits were made available to eligible health professionals who provide health care services without charge, regardless of where those services are delivered. The Act also was clarified so that clinics operated by a neighborhood organization that receive an allocation of credits may grant such credits to individuals who provide health care services without charge.

Finally, the law was amended to expand the list of eligible health professions to include chiropractors that donate time to perform health care services. Previously, the credits were available only to physicians, dentists, nurses, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, optometrists, dental hygienists, pharmacists, professional counselors, clinical social workers, clinical psychologists, marriage and family therapists and physical therapists who donate time to perform health care services.

<u>Proposal</u>

This bill would provide an individual income tax credit to health care practitioners who provide free medical services to indigent persons, who are defined as those individuals whose gross family income is equal to or less than 100% of the federal nonfarm poverty level as published for the current year in the Code of Federal Regulations. The amount of the credit is equal to 25% of the fee the practitioner would charge for the service, not to exceed \$500 annually for any practitioner. The credit would be available for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006.

This bill would require the Tax Commissioner to determine and then describe in the instructions for the individual income tax return what documents the health care practitioner must include in order to verify the delivery and amount of free medical

services and the income of the recipient of such services. In addition, health care practitioners claiming this credit would not be allowed the claim the credit under the Neighborhood Assistance Act for the same medical service.

The health practitioners who would qualify for this proposed credit are individuals who are certified or licensed by any of the health regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except individuals regulated by the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine. This includes individuals certified or licensed by the Board of Health Professions, the Board of Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology, the Board of Counseling, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Medicine, the Board of Nursing, the Board of Nursing Home Administrators, the Board of Optometry, the Board of Pharmacy, the Board of Physical Therapy, the Board of Psychology, and the Board of Social Work.

cc : Secretary of Finance

Date: 2/7/2005 AMS HB1512FEH1161