INTRODUCED

SB1067

055445102 **SENATE BILL NO. 1067** 1 2 Offered January 12, 2005 3 Prefiled January 12, 2005 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-278.8 of the Code of Virginia, relating to dispositions for 5 delinquent juveniles; penalty. Patron—Edwards 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 16.1-278.8 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 12 § 16.1-278.8. Delinquent juveniles; penalty. 13 14 15 court may make any of the following orders of disposition for his supervision, care and rehabilitation: 16 1. Enter an order pursuant to the provisions of § 16.1-278; court may order with respect to the juvenile and his parent; 19 20 21 the rehabilitation of the juvenile and his parent; 22 23 24 is deferred; 25 4a. Defer disposition and place the juvenile in the temporary custody of the Department to attend a 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 the juvenile was placed in the custody of the Department; 5. Without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of the juvenile and his attorney, defer Discharge and dismissal under these provisions shall be without adjudication of guilt; determines it reasonable to expect the parent to be able to comply with such order; 46 7. Place the juvenile on probation under such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe; 47 7a. Place the juvenile on probation and order treatment for the abuse or dependence on alcohol or drugs in a program licensed by the Department of Mental Health, Mental Refardation and Substance 48 49 Abuse Services for the treatment of juveniles for substance abuse provided that (i) the juvenile has received a substance abuse screening and assessment pursuant to § 16.1-273 and that such assessment 50 51 reasonably indicates that the commission of the offense was motivated by, or closely related to, the 52 habitual use of alcohol or drugs and indicates that the juvenile is in need of treatment for this condition; 53 (ii) the juvenile has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated for a violent juvenile felony; and (iii) such facility is available. Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal, or refusal to comply 54 55 with the conditions of participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may impose any other disposition authorized by this section. The court shall review 56 such placements at 30-day intervals; 57

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A. If a juvenile is found to be delinquent, except where such finding involves a refusal to take a blood or breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance, the juvenile court or the circuit

2. Permit the juvenile to remain with his parent, subject to such conditions and limitations as the 17 18

3. Order the parent of a juvenile living with him to participate in such programs, cooperate in such treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may order and as are designed for

4. Defer disposition for a period of time not to exceed 12 months, after which time the charge may be dismissed by the judge if the juvenile exhibits good behavior during the period for which disposition

boot camp established pursuant to § 66-13 provided bed space is available for confinement and the juvenile (i) has been found delinquent for an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor or felony if committed by an adult, (ii) has not previously been and is not currently being adjudicated delinquent or found guilty of a violent juvenile felony, (iii) has not previously attended a boot camp, (iv) has not previously been committed to and received by the Department, and (v) has had an assessment completed by the Department or its contractor concerning the appropriateness of the candidate for a boot camp. Upon the juvenile's withdrawal, removal or refusal to comply with the terms and conditions of participation in the program, he shall be brought before the court for a hearing at which the court may impose any other disposition as authorized by this section which could have been imposed at the time

36 37 disposition of the delinquency charge for a period not to exceed 12 months and place the juvenile on 38 probation under such conditions and limitations as the court may prescribe. Upon fulfillment of the 39 terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the juvenile and dismiss the proceedings against him. 40

41 6. Order the parent of a juvenile with whom the juvenile does not reside to participate in such programs, cooperate in such treatment or be subject to such conditions and limitations as the court may 42 order and as are designed for the rehabilitation of the juvenile where the court determines this 43 44 participation to be in the best interest of the juvenile and other parties concerned and where the court 45

8. Impose a fine not to exceed \$500 upon such juvenile; 58

59 9. Suspend the motor vehicle and driver's license of such juvenile or impose a curfew on the juvenile 60 as to the hours during which he may operate a motor vehicle. Any juvenile whose driver's license is suspended may be referred for an assessment and subsequent referral to appropriate services, upon such 61 62 terms and conditions as the court may order. The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of 63 hardship, may authorize the use of a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any juvenile who 64 enters such program for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to 65 and from school. The restricted permit shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of such subsection. However, only an abstract of the court order that identifies the juvenile and the conditions 66 under which the restricted license is to be issued shall be sent to the Department of Motor Vehicles. 67

68 If a curfew is imposed, the juvenile shall surrender his driver's license, which shall be held in the physical custody of the court during any period of curfew restriction. The court shall send an abstract of 69 any order issued under the provisions of this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall 70 preserve a record thereof. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of this 71 chapter or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement 72 73 officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth and courts. A copy of the court order, upon which shall be noted all curfew restrictions, shall be provided to the juvenile and shall contain such information 74 75 regarding the juvenile as is reasonably necessary to identify him. The juvenile may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in accordance with its terms. 76

77 Any juvenile who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this 78 section shall be guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

79 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any juvenile denied a 80 driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of 81 withdrawal of the order imposing the curfew;

10. Require the juvenile to make restitution or reparation to the aggrieved party or parties for actual 82 83 damages or loss caused by the offense for which the juvenile was found to be delinquent;

84 11. Require the juvenile to participate in a public service project under such conditions as the court 85 prescribes;

86 12. In case of traffic violations, impose only those penalties that are authorized to be imposed on 87 adults for such violations. However, for those violations punishable by confinement if committed by an 88 adult, confinement shall be imposed only as authorized by this title; 89

13. Transfer legal custody to any of the following:

90 a. A relative or other individual who, after study, is found by the court to be qualified to receive and 91 care for the juvenile;

92 b. A child welfare agency, private organization or facility that is licensed or otherwise authorized by 93 law to receive and provide care for such juvenile. The court shall not transfer legal custody of a delinquent juvenile to an agency, organization or facility outside of the Commonwealth without the 94 95 approval of the Director; or

c. The local board of social services of the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction or, at 96 97 the discretion of the court, to the local board of the county or city in which the juvenile has residence if 98 other than the county or city in which the court has jurisdiction. The board shall accept the juvenile for 99 care and custody, provided that it has been given reasonable notice of the pendency of the case and an opportunity to be heard. However, in an emergency in the county or city in which the court has 100 101 jurisdiction, such local board may be required to temporarily accept a juvenile for a period not to exceed 14 days without prior notice or an opportunity to be heard if the judge entering the placement order 102 describes the emergency and the need for such temporary placement in the order. Nothing in this 103 subdivision shall prohibit the commitment of a juvenile to any local board of social services in the 104 Commonwealth when such local board consents to the commitment. The board to which the juvenile is 105 committed shall have the final authority to determine the appropriate placement for the juvenile. Any 106 107 order authorizing removal from the home and transferring legal custody of a juvenile to a local board of 108 social services as provided in this subdivision shall be entered only upon a finding by the court that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent removal and that continued placement in the home would 109 110 be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile, and the order shall so state;

14. Commit the juvenile to the Department of Juvenile Justice, but only if he is 11 years of age or 111 older and the current offense is (i) an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, (ii) an 112 113 offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been found to be delinquent based on an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, or 114 115 (iii) an offense that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and the juvenile has previously been adjudicated delinquent of three or more offenses that would be a Class 1 misdemeanor 116 117 if committed by an adult, and each such offense was not a part of a common act, transaction or scheme; or (iv) a violation of § 18.2-308.7, if the liberty of the juvenile constitutes a clear and substantial threat 118 119 to the person or property of others or to such juvenile's life or health;

15. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284; 120

- 121 16. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-284.1;
- 122 17. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-285.1;
- 123 18. Impose the penalty authorized by § 16.1-278.9; or

124 19. Require the juvenile to participate in a gang-activity prevention program including, but not
125 limited to, programs funded under the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act pursuant to
126 § 16.1-309.7, if available, when a juvenile has been found delinquent of any of the following violations:
127 §§ 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127,
128 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or § 18.2-147, or any violation of a local ordinance adopted
129 pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2.

B. If the court finds a juvenile delinquent of any of the following offenses, the court shall require the juvenile to make at least partial restitution or reparation for any property damage, for loss caused by the offense, or for actual medical expenses incurred by the victim as a result of the offense: §§ 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-56, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, or § 18.2-147; or for any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2. The court shall further require the juvenile to participate in a community service project under such conditions as the court prescribes.

- 137 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 138 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is \$0 139 for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and is \$1,340,485 for periods of 140 metric to the periods of the
- 140 commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.