2005 SESSION

	047655204
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 149
1 2	Offered January 14, 2004
3 4	Prefiled December 30, 2003
4 5	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-391, 58.1-392 and 58.1-441 of the Code of Virginia, to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered §§ 58.1-390.1, 58.1-390.2 and 58.1-393.1 and by
6	adding in Article 9 of Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 sections numbered 58.1-394.1, 58.1-394.2 and
7	58.1-395, and to repeal §§ 58.1-390 and 58.1-394 of the Code of Virginia, relating to pass-through
8 9	entities information return filing; penalty.
9	Patron—Albo
10	
11 12	Referred to Committee on Finance
12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
14	1. That §§ 58.1-391, 58.1-392 and 58.1-441 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted,
15	and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 58.1-390.1, 58.1-390.2 and 58.1.202.1 and has adding in Article 0 of Chanton 2 of Title 58.1 actions numbered 58.1.204.1
16 17	58.1-393.1 and by adding in Article 9 of Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 sections numbered 58.1-394.1, 58.1-394.2 and 58.1-395 as follows:
18	§ 58.1-390.1. Definitions.
19	The following words and terms, when used in this article, shall have the following meanings unless
20 21	the context clearly indicates otherwise: "Pass-through entity" means any entity, including a limited partnership, a limited liability
22	partnership, a general partnership, a limited liability company, a professional limited liability company,
23	a business trust or a Subchapter S Corporation, that is recognized as a separate entity for federal
24 25	income tax purposes, in which the partners, members or shareholders report their share of the income,
25 26	gains, losses, deductions and credits from the entity on their federal income tax returns. "Owner" means any individual or entity that is treated as a partner, member, or shareholder of a
27	pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes.
28	§ 58.1-390.2. Taxation of pass-through entities.
29 30	Except as provided for in this article, owners of pass-through entities shall be liable for tax under this chapter only in their separate or individual capacities.
31	§ 58.1-391. Virginia taxable income of owners of a pass-through entity.
32	A. In determining Virginia taxable income of a partner an owner of a pass-through entity, any
33 34	modification described in § 58.1-322 which relates to an item of partnership pass-through entity income, gain, loss or deduction shall be made in accordance with the partner's owner's distributive share, for
35	federal income tax purposes, of the item to which the modification relates. Where a partner's an owner's
36	distributive share of any such item is not included in any category of income, gain, loss or deduction
37 38	required to be taken into account separately for federal income tax purposes, the partner's owner's distributive share of such item shall be determined in accordance with his distributive share for federal
30 39	distributive share of such item shall be determined in accordance with his distributive share, for federal income tax purposes, of partnership pass-through entity taxable income or loss.
40	B. Each item of partnership pass-through entity income, gain, loss or deduction shall have the same
41	character for a partner an owner under this chapter as for federal income tax purposes. Where an item is
42 43	not characterized for federal income tax purposes, it shall have the same character for a partner an owner as if realized directly from the source from which realized by the partnership pass-through entity
44	or incurred in the same manner by the partnership pass-through entity.
45	C. Where a partner's an owner's distributive shares of an item of partnership pass-through entity
46 47	income, gain, loss or deduction is determined for federal income tax purposes by special provision in the partnership pass-through entity agreement with respect to such item, and where the principal purpose of
48	such provision is the avoidance or evasion of tax under this chapter, the partner's owner's distributive
49	share of such item, and any modification required with respect thereto, shall be determined as if the
50 51	partnership pass-through entity agreement made no special provision with respect to such item.
51 52	§ 58.1-392. Reports by pass-through entities. No report shall be required to be filed with the Department of Taxation by any partnership organized
53	under the laws of the Commonwealth or having income from Virginia sources. However, the Tax
54	Commissioner shall have the authority to promulgate regulations requiring that partnerships furnish
55 56	copies of federal partnership returns and attached schedules or any other information which he deems necessary. In promulgating such regulations, the Tax Commissioner may prescribe the imposition of a
57	penalty in the amount of \$100 for failure to comply, within a reasonable time, to the request for
58	information as set forth therein.

HB149

59 A. Every pass-through entity doing business in Virginia, or having income from Virginia sources, 60 shall make a return to the Department of Taxation on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month 61 following the close of its taxable year. Such returns shall be made and filed in the manner prescribed by 62 the Department.

63 B. The return of a pass-through entity shall be signed by any one of the owners. An owner's name signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such owner is authorized to sign the return on 64 behalf of the pass-through entity. 65

66 C. The Tax Commissioner may establish an income threshold for the filing of returns by pass-through entities and their owners. Pass-through entities and owners with income below this 67 68 threshold shall not be required to file a return.

69 D. Receivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or business of pass-through entities must make and file returns of income for such pass-through entities. If 70 71 a receiver has full custody of and control over the business or property of a pass-through entity, he shall be deemed to be operating such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the 72 business for which the pass-through entity was organized or only in marshaling, selling, or disposing of 73 74 its assets for purposes of liquidation.

75 E. Pass-through entities may be required to file the return using an electronic medium prescribed by 76 the Tax Commissioner. The Tax Commissioner shall establish a minimum number of owners for the 77 electronic filing requirement. Waivers shall be granted only if the Tax Commissioner finds that the 78 requirement creates an unreasonable burden on the pass-through entity. All requests for waiver must be 79 submitted to the Tax Commissioner in writing. Pass-through entities that have fewer than the established 80 minimum number of owners may, at such pass-through entity's option, file such annual return on such prescribed electronic medium in lieu of filing the annual return on paper. § 58.1-393.1. Extension of time for filing return by pass-through entity. 81 82

A. Whenever any pass-through entity has been allowed or granted an extension of time within which 83 84 to file any federal report of its income for any taxable year, the due date for the filing of the report or return required by this article shall be extended to the date six months after such due date, or thirty 85 days after the extended date for filing the federal report, whichever is later. 86

87 B. In addition, the Department may grant an extension or extensions of time not to exceed a 88 maximum of six months beyond the due date required by this article for filing such pass-through entity 89 return. 90

§ 58.1-394.1. Failure of pass-through entity to make a return.

91 A. Any pass-through entity that fails to file a return required by this article within the time required shall be liable for a penalty of \$200 if the failure is for not more than one month, with an additional 92 \$200 for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure to file continues, not 93 exceeding six months in the aggregate. In no case, however, shall the penalty be less than \$200. 94

95 B. If any pass-through entity's failure to file a return required by this article exceeds six months, the Department shall assess a penalty of six percent of the total amount of Virginia taxable income derived 96 by its owners from the pass-through entity for the taxable year. The Department may determine such 97 98 penalty from any information in its possession. The penalty assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be 99 reduced by the penalty assessed pursuant to subsection A and any tax paid by the owners on their share 100 of income from the pass-through entity for the taxable year.

101 C. The penalties set forth in this section shall be assessed and collected by the Department in the 102 manner provided for the assessment and collection of taxes under this chapter or in a civil action, at the 103 instance of the Department. In addition, such pass-through entity shall be compellable by mandamus to 104 file such return. 105

§ 58.1-394.2. Fraudulent returns, etc., of pass-through entities; penalty.

106 A. Any officer or owner of any pass-through entity who makes a fraudulent return or statement with 107 the intent of assisting or facilitating the evasion of the payment of the taxes prescribed by this chapter 108 by the pass-through entity or an owner shall be liable for a penalty of not more than \$1,000, to be 109 assessed and collected in the manner provided for the assessment and collection of taxes under this 110 chapter or in a civil action, at the instance of the Department.

111 B. In addition to other penalties provided by law, any officer or owner of a pass-through entity who makes a fraudulent return or statement with the intent of assisting or facilitating the evasion of the 112 113 payment of the taxes prescribed by this chapter by the pass-through entity or an owner, shall be guilty 114 of a Class 6 felony, or who willfully fails or refuses to make a return required by this chapter at the time or times required by law shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A prosecution under this 115 116 section shall be commenced within five years next after the commission of the offense. 117

§ 58.1-395. Nonresident owners.

118 Pass-through entities may make written application to the Tax Commissioner for permission to file a 119 statement of combined pass-through entity income attributable to nonresident owners and thereby relieve nonresident owners from filing individual nonresident returns. The application must state the reasons for 120

121 seeking such permission. The Tax Commissioner, in his sole discretion, may, for good cause, grant 122

permission to file a combined nonresident return upon such terms as he may determine.

123 § 58.1-441. Reports by corporations.

124 A. Every corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth, or having income from 125 Virginia sources, other than a Subchapter S corporation subject to the return filing requirements of 126 § 58.1-392, shall make a report to the Department on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month 127 following the close of its taxable year. Such reports shall be made on forms prescribed by the 128 Department and shall contain such information, including the gross receipts from any business carried on 129 in the Commonwealth and a depreciation schedule of property used in such trade or business, as may be 130 necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter and be accompanied by a copy of any federal tax 131 return or report filed for such taxable year. The Department shall not require any nonprofit organization 132 created exclusively to assist a law-enforcement official or agency in apprehending and convicting 133 perpetrators of crimes, to report on such returns, or otherwise, the names of individuals or amounts paid 134 to such individuals by the organization for providing information about certain crimes.

135 Receivers, trustees in dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or 136 business of corporations must make returns of income for such corporations. If a receiver has full 137 custody of and control over the business or property of a corporation, he shall be deemed to be 138 operating such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on the business for which the 139 corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selling, or disposing of its assets for purposes of 140 liquidation.

141 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, every organization to whom subdivision 5 of 142 § 58.1-401 applies, and having unrelated business taxable income or other taxable income, shall make a 143 report to the Department on or before the fifteenth day of the sixth month following the close of the 144 organization's taxable year.

2. That §§ 58.1-390 and 58.1-394 of the Code of Virginia are repealed. 145

146 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

147 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot

148 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and is \$0 for

periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice. 149