DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION 2004 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Patro	n David A. Nutter	2.	Bill Number HB 1087
3.	Comn	nittee House Finance		House of Origin: X Introduced
4	Title	Potail Salas and Llas Tay: Examplian for		Substitute Engrossed
4.	Title	Retail Sales and Use Tax: Exemption for Nonprofit Organization Established to Increase Literacy for Adults and for Those Seeking to Learn English as a Second Language		Second House: In Committee Substitute Enrolled
5	5 Summary/Purnose			

5. Summary/Purpose:

This bill would exempt from sales and use tax tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption by a charitable nonprofit organization established to increase literacy for adults who function at or below the fifth grade reading level, and for those seeking to learn English as a second language.

The exemption would be effective July 1, 2004, and would expire on July 1, 2008.

- **6. Fiscal Impact Estimates are:** Tentative. (See Line 8.)
- 7. Budget amendment necessary: No.
- 8. Fiscal implications:

This bill would result in minimal forms revision and taxpayer education expenses for the department.

This bill would have a negative impact on General Fund, Transportation Trust Fund, and local revenues. Based on information provided by the requesting organization, it is estimated that this bill would have a minimum negative impact on state and local revenues of \$820 in FY 2005, \$840 in FY 2006, \$850 in FY 2007 and \$870 FY 2008.

9. Specific agency or political subdivisions affected:

Department of Taxation

10. Technical amendment necessary: No.

11. Other comments:

Va. Code § 30-19.05 governs the current process for nonprofit organizations that request an existing or a new sales and use tax exemption. Nonprofit organizations may qualify for an existing exemption in the law or they may seek legislation from the General Assembly for a new exemption. To qualify for legislative consideration of an exemption, organizations must meet certain criteria.

Exemption Criteria

In order to qualify for an existing or new exemption, a nonprofit entity must meet <u>all</u> of the applicable criteria:

- The entity is exempt from federal income taxation under IRC § 501(c)(3) or under IRC § 501 (c) (4).
- The entity is in compliance with all applicable state solicitation laws, and where applicable, provides appropriate verification of such compliance.
- The entity's annual general administrative costs, including salaries and fundraising, relative to its annual gross revenue, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not greater than 40 percent.
- If the entity's gross annual revenue was \$250,000 or greater in the previous year, the entity must provide a financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant.

This organization does not meet one or more of the criteria above and is not eligible for legislative consideration of a new exemption.

New Process

Legislation enacted in the 2003 Virginia General Assembly (Chapters 757 and 758) significantly alters the process by which nonprofit organizations obtain Virginia retail sales and use tax exemptions. This legislation eliminates the need for nonprofit organizations to seek new sales tax exemptions through the legislature. Effective July 1, 2004, all Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 501(c)(3) and charitable § 501(c)(4) organizations can qualify for a sales tax exemption provided the criteria established by this legislation are met. The Department of Taxation will administer this process.

Exemption Criteria

The new legislation provides that in order to qualify for an exemption under the new process, a nonprofit entity must meet all of the applicable criteria:

• The entity is exempt from federal income taxation under IRC § 501(c)(3) or, if organized for a charitable purpose, exemption under IRC § 501 (c) (4). Alternatively, the entity has annual gross receipts of less than \$5,000 and is organized for at least one of the purposes set forth in IRC § 501(c)(3) or (4).

- The entity is in compliance with all applicable state solicitation laws, and where applicable, provides appropriate verification of such compliance.
- The entity's annual general administrative costs, including salaries and fundraising, relative to its annual gross revenue, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not greater than 40 percent.
- If the entity's gross annual revenue was \$250,000 or greater in the previous year, the entity must provide a financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant.
- If the entity filed an IRS Form 990 or 990 EZ, it must provide a copy of such form to the Department. If the entity did not file an IRS Form 990 or 990 EZ, the entity must provide a list of the Board of Directors or other responsible agents of the entity, composed of at least two individuals and the location where the financial records of the entity are available for public inspection.

Under the new process, many nonprofit organizations will be eligible to apply for a sales and use tax exemption and most will likely qualify for exemption based on the criteria listed above. The Department of Taxation will accept applications for exemption prior to the effective date of the new process. The Department of Taxation will issue exemption certificates to qualifying organizations for a duration of 5 to 7 years. Organizations will renew their exemptions by submitting updated information to the Department of Taxation showing that they continue to meet the standard criteria. While this organization does not meet the criteria at this time, it may be eligible for exemption in the future, if it meets the applicable criteria under the new administrative process.

The legislation that created the nonprofit sales and use tax exemption process was a result of recommendations made by the House Special Study Committee Studying Sales and Use Tax Exemptions. The Committee's recommendations were made through the Joint Subcommittee to Study and Revise Virginia's State Tax Code. One of the goals of establishing the administrative process for granting sales and use tax exemptions was to eliminate the need for organizations to seek individual exemptions through the General Assembly.

cc : Secretary of Finance

Date: 1/27/2004 GRM