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SENATE BILL NO. 463

Offered January 14, 2004

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A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 55-79.84 and 55-516 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Condominium Act and Property Owners' Association Acts; nonjudicial foreclosure.

Patron—Whipple

Referred to Committee on General Laws

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That §§ 55-79.84 and 55-516 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 55-79.84. Lien for assessments.

A. The unit owners' association shall have a lien on every condominium unit for unpaid assessments levied against that condominium unit in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and all lawful provisions of the condominium instruments. The said lien, once perfected, shall be prior to all other liens and encumbrances except (i) real estate tax liens on that condominium unit, (ii) liens and encumbrances recorded prior to the recordation of the declaration, and (iii) sums unpaid on any first mortgages or first deeds of trust recorded prior to the perfection of said lien for assessments and securing institutional lenders. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the priority of mechanics' and materialmen's liens.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, or any other provision of law requiring documents to be recorded in the miscellaneous lien books or the deed books in the clerk's office of any court, on or after July 1, 1974, all memoranda of liens arising under this section shall, in the discretion of the clerk, be recorded in the miscellaneous lien books or the deed books in such clerk's office. Any such memorandum shall be indexed in the general index to deeds, and such general index shall identify the lien as a lien for condominium assessments.

C. The unit owners' association, in order to perfect the lien given by this section, shall file before the expiration of ~~ninety~~ 90 days from the time the first such assessment became due and payable in the clerk's office of the circuit court in the county or city in which such condominium is situated, a memorandum, verified by the oath of the principal officer of the unit owners' association, or such other officer or officers as the condominium instruments may specify, which contains the following:

1. A description of the condominium unit in accordance with the provisions of § 55-79.47.
2. The name or names of the persons constituting the unit owners of that condominium unit.
3. The amount of unpaid assessments currently due or past due together with the date when each fell due.
4. The date of issuance of the memorandum.

It shall be the duty of the clerk in whose office such memorandum is filed as hereinabove provided to record and index the same as provided in subsection B, in the names of the persons identified therein as well as in the name of the unit owners' association. The cost of recording such memorandum shall be taxed against the person found liable in any judgment or decree enforcing such lien.

D. No suit to enforce any lien perfected under subsection C shall be brought after ~~twenty-four~~ 36 months from the time when the memorandum of lien was recorded; however, the filing of a petition to enforce any such lien in any suit wherein such petition may be properly filed shall be regarded as the institution of a suit under this section. Nothing herein shall extend the time within which any such lien may be perfected.

E. The judgment or decree in an action brought pursuant to this section shall include, without limitation, reimbursement for costs and attorneys' fees of the prevailing party. If the association prevails, it may also recover interest at the legal rate for the sums secured by the lien from the time each such sum became due and payable.

F. When payment or satisfaction is made of a debt secured by the lien perfected by subsection C, said lien shall be released in accordance with the provisions of § 55-66.3. Any lien which is not so released shall subject the lien creditor to the penalty set forth in subdivision A (1) of § 55-66.3. For the purposes of that section, the principal officer of the unit owners' association, or such other officer or officers as the condominium instruments may specify, shall be deemed the duly authorized agent of the lien creditor.

G. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit actions at law to recover sums for which subsection A creates a lien, maintainable pursuant to § 55-79.53.

H. Any unit owner or purchaser of a condominium unit, having executed a contract for the

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59 disposition of the same, shall be entitled upon request to a recordable statement setting forth the amount
60 of unpaid assessments currently levied against that unit. Such request shall be in writing, directed to the
61 principal officer of the unit owners' association or to such other officer as the condominium instruments
62 may specify. Failure to furnish or make available such a statement within ~~ten~~10 days of the receipt of
63 such request shall extinguish the lien created by subsection A as to the condominium unit involved.
64 Such statement shall be binding on the unit owners' association, the executive organ, and every unit
65 owner. Payment of a fee not exceeding ~~ten dollars~~\$10 may be required as a prerequisite to the issuance
66 of such a statement if the condominium instruments so provide.

67 1. At any time after perfecting the lien pursuant to this section, the unit owners' association may sell
68 the unit at public sale, subject to the prior liens, *specified in subsection A, such that prior liens, if any,*
69 *remain preserved as encumbrances against the unit after the sale and therefore do not receive a*
70 *distribution from the proceeds of the sale conducted pursuant to this section. For purposes of this*
71 *section, the unit owners' association shall have the power both to sell and convey the unit, and shall be*
72 *deemed the unit owner's statutory agent for the purpose of transferring title to the unit. A nonjudicial*
73 *foreclosure sale shall be conducted in compliance with the following:*

74 1. The unit owners' association shall give notice to the unit owner prior to advertisement required by
75 subdivision 4. The notice shall specify (i) the debt secured by the perfected lien; (ii) the action required
76 to satisfy the debt secured by the perfected lien; (iii) the date, not less than 30 days from the date the
77 notice is given to the unit owner, by which the debt secured by the lien must be satisfied; and (iv) that
78 failure to satisfy the debt secured by the lien on or before the date specified in the notice may result in
79 the sale of the unit. The notice shall further inform the unit owner of the right to bring a court action in
80 the circuit court of the county or city where the condominium is located to assert the nonexistence of a
81 debt or any other defense of the unit owner to the sale.

82 2. After expiration of the 30-day notice period provided in subdivision 1, the unit owners' association
83 may appoint a trustee to conduct the sale. The appointment of the trustee shall be filed in the clerk's
84 office of the circuit court in the county or city in which the condominium is located. It shall be the duty
85 of the clerk in whose office such appointment is filed to record and index the same as provided in
86 subsection C, in the names of the persons identified therein as well as in the name of the unit owners'
87 association. The unit owners' association, at its option, may from time to time remove the trustee and
88 appoint a successor trustee.

89 3. If the unit owner meets the conditions specified in this subdivision prior to the date of the
90 foreclosure sale, the unit owner shall have the right to have enforcement of the perfected lien
91 discontinued prior to the sale of the unit. Those conditions are that the unit owner: (a) satisfy the debt
92 secured by lien that is the subject of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale and (b) pays all expenses and costs
93 incurred in perfecting and enforcing the lien, including but not limited to advertising costs and
94 reasonable attorneys' fees.

95 4. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivision 2 5, the unit owners' association shall
96 give written notice of the time, date and place of any proposed sale in execution of the lien, *and*
97 *including the name, address and telephone number of the trustee*, by personal delivery or by mail to (i)
98 the present owner of the property to be sold at his last known address as such owner and address appear
99 in the records of the unit owners' association, (ii) any lienholder who holds a note against the property
100 secured by a deed of trust recorded at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days prior to the proposed sale and whose address
101 is recorded with the deed of trust, and (iii) any assignee of such a note secured by a deed of trust
102 provided the assignment and address of the assignee are likewise recorded at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days prior to
103 the proposed sale. Mailing a copy of the advertisement or the notice containing the same information to
104 the owner by certified or registered mail no less than ~~fourteen~~ 14 days prior to such sale and to the
105 lienholders and their assigns, at the addresses noted in the memorandum of lien, by ordinary mail no
106 less than ~~fourteen~~ 14 days prior to such sale, shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirement of
107 notice.

108 5. The advertisement of sale by the unit owners' association shall be in a newspaper having a
109 general circulation in the city or county wherein the property to be sold, or any portion thereof, lies
110 pursuant to the following provisions:

111 a. The unit owners' association shall advertise once a week for four successive weeks; however, if
112 the property or some portion thereof is located in a city or in a county immediately contiguous to a city,
113 publication of the advertisement five different days, which may be consecutive days, shall be deemed
114 adequate. The sale shall be held on any day following the day of the last advertisement which is no
115 earlier than eight days following the first advertisement nor more than ~~thirty~~ 30 days following the last
116 advertisement.

117 b. Such advertisement shall be placed in that section of the newspaper where legal notices appear or
118 where the type of property being sold is generally advertised for sale. The advertisement of sale, in
119 addition to such other matters as the unit owners' association finds appropriate, shall set forth a
120 description of the property to be sold, which description need not be as extensive as that contained in

the deed of trust, but shall identify the property by street address, if any, or, if none, shall give the general location of the property with reference to streets, routes, or known landmarks. Where available, tax map identification may be used but is not required. The advertisement shall also include the date, time, place, and terms of sale and the name of the unit owners' association. It shall set forth the name, address and telephone number of the representative, agent, or attorney who may be able to respond to inquiries concerning the sale. *The advertisement shall also disclose the right of redemption specified in subdivision 8 e.*

c. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivisions a and b above, the unit owners' association ~~shall~~ *may* give such other further and different advertisement as the association finds appropriate.

3. 6. In the event of postponement of sale, which postponement shall be at the discretion of the unit owners' association, advertisement of such postponed sale shall be in the same manner as the original advertisement of sale.

4. 7. Failure to comply with the requirements for advertisement contained in this section shall, upon petition, render a sale of the property voidable by the court.

5. 8. In the event of a sale, the unit owners' association shall have the following powers and duties:

a. Written one-price bids may be made and shall be received by the *trustee from the* unit owners' association ~~from~~ *or* any person for entry by announcement at the sale. Any person other than a ~~member~~ *member* of the unit owners' association ~~the trustee~~ may bid at the foreclosure sale, including a person who has submitted a written one-price bid. Upon request to the ~~unit owners' association trustee~~, any other bidder in attendance at a foreclosure sale shall be permitted to inspect written bids. *Unless otherwise provided in the condominium instruments, the unit owners' association may bid to purchase the unit at a foreclosure sale. The unit owners' association may own, lease, encumber, exchange, sell or convey the unit. Whenever the written bid of the unit owners' association is the highest bid submitted at the sale, such written bid shall be filed by the trustee with his account of sale required under subdivision I 10 of this section and § 26-15. The written bid submitted pursuant to this subsection may be prepared by the unit owners' association, its agent or attorney.*

b. The unit owners' association may require of any bidder at any sale a cash deposit of as much as ~~ten~~ 10 percent of the sale price before his bid is received, which shall be refunded to him if the property is not sold to him. The deposit of the successful bidder shall be applied to his credit at settlement, or if such bidder fails to complete his purchase promptly, the deposit shall be applied to pay the costs and expenses of the sale, and the balance, if any, shall be retained by the unit owners' association in connection with that sale.

c. ~~The~~ *After expiration of the 30-day redemption period specified in subdivision 8 e, the* unit owners' association shall receive and receipt for the proceeds of sale, no purchaser being required to see to the application of the proceeds, and apply the same in the following order: first, to the reasonable expenses of sale, *including reasonable attorneys' fees*; second, to the satisfaction of all taxes, levies, and assessments, with costs and interest; third, to the satisfaction of the lien for the unit owners' assessments; fourth, to the satisfaction in the order of priority of any remaining inferior claims of record; and fifth, to pay the residue of the proceeds to the unit owner or his assigns; provided, however, that the association as to such residue shall not be bound by any inheritance, devise, conveyance, assignment or lien of or upon the unit owner's equity, without actual notice thereof prior to distribution.

d. *The unit owners' association shall notify the unit owner of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale and the amount of the successful bid. Such notice shall be hand delivered or mailed by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the unit owner at the address of record with the unit owners' association within 10 days of the date of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale.*

e. *The owner of a unit sold at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale may redeem the unit no later than the thirtieth day after the date of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale. To redeem, the unit owner shall pay to the unit owners' association all amounts due the unit owners' association secured by all perfected liens that are the subject of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale, interest from the date of the foreclosure sale to the date of redemption at the rate provided in the condominium instruments for delinquent assessments, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred by the unit owners' association in foreclosing the lien, and any reasonable cost incurred by the unit owners' association. On redemption, the unit owners' association shall execute a certificate confirming redemption which shall be delivered to the successful bidder at the sale and to the redeeming unit owner.*

9. *After expiration of the 30-day redemption period, the trustee shall deliver to the purchaser a trustee's deed conveying the unit with special warranty of title. The trustee shall not be required to take possession of the property prior to the sale thereof or to deliver possession of the unit to the purchaser at the sale.*

10. *The trustee shall file an accounting of the sale with the commissioner of accounts pursuant to § 26-15 and every account of a sale shall be recorded pursuant to § 26-16. In addition, the accounting*

182 shall be made available for inspection and copying pursuant to § 55-79.74:1 upon the written request of
183 the prior unit owner, current unit owner or any holder of a recorded lien against the unit at the time of
184 the sale. The unit owners' association shall maintain a copy of the accounting for at least 12 months
185 following the foreclosure sale.

186 11. If the sale of a unit is made pursuant to subsection I and the accounting is made by the trustee,
187 the title of the purchaser at such sale shall not be disturbed unless within 12 months from the
188 confirmation of the accounting by the commissioner of accounts, the sale is set aside by the court or an
189 appeal is allowed by the Supreme Court, and a decree is therein entered requiring such sale to be set
190 aside.

191 § 55-516. Lien for assessments.

192 A. Once perfected, the association shall have a lien on every lot for unpaid assessments levied
193 against that lot in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and all lawful provisions of the
194 declaration. The lien, once perfected, shall be prior to all other subsequent liens and encumbrances
195 except (i) real estate tax liens on that lot, (ii) liens and encumbrances recorded prior to the recordation
196 of the declaration, and (iii) sums unpaid on and owing under any mortgage or deed of trust recorded
197 prior to the perfection of said lien. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the priority of
198 mechanics' and materialmen's liens. Notice of a memorandum of lien to a holder of a credit line deed of
199 trust under § 55-58.2 shall be given in the same fashion as if the association's lien were a judgment.

200 B. The association, in order to perfect the lien given by this section, shall file before the expiration
201 of ~~twelve~~ 12 months from the time the first such assessment became due and payable in the clerk's
202 office of the circuit court in the county or city in which such development is situated, a memorandum,
203 verified by the oath of the principal officer of the association, or such other officer or officers as the
204 declaration may specify, which contains the following:

- 205 1. The name of the development;
206 2. A description of the lot;
207 3. The name or names of the persons constituting the owners of that lot;
208 4. The amount of unpaid assessments currently due or past due relative to such lot together with the
209 date when each fell due;
210 5. The date of issuance of the memorandum;
211 6. The name of the association and the name and current address of the person to contact to arrange
212 for payment or release of the lien; and

213 7. A statement that the association is obtaining a lien in accordance with the provisions of the
214 Virginia Property Owners' Association Act as set forth in Chapter 26 (§ 55-508 et seq.) of Title 55.

215 It shall be the duty of the clerk in whose office such memorandum is filed as hereinafter provided to
216 record and index the same as provided in subsection D, in the names of the persons identified therein as
217 well as in the name of the association. The cost of recording and releasing the memorandum shall be
218 taxed against the person found liable in any judgment or decree enforcing such lien.

219 C. Prior to filing a memorandum of lien, a written notice shall be sent to the property owner by
220 certified mail, at the property owner's last known address, informing the property owner that a
221 memorandum of lien will be filed in the circuit court clerk's office of the applicable city or county. The
222 notice shall be sent at least ~~ten~~ 10 days before the actual filing date of the memorandum of lien.

223 D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, or any other provision of law requiring
224 documents to be recorded in the miscellaneous lien books or the deed books in the clerk's office of any
225 court, on or after July 1, 1989, all memoranda of liens arising under this section shall be recorded in the
226 deed books in the clerk's office. Any memorandum shall be indexed in the general index to deeds, and
227 the general index shall identify the lien as a lien for lot assessments.

228 E. No suit to enforce any lien perfected under subsection B shall be brought after ~~twenty-four~~ 36
229 months from the time when the memorandum of lien was recorded; however, the filing of a petition to
230 enforce any such lien in any suit wherein the petition may be properly filed shall be regarded as the
231 institution of a suit under this section. Nothing herein shall extend the time within which any such lien
232 may be perfected.

233 F. The judgment or decree in an action brought pursuant to this section shall include, without
234 limitation, reimbursement for costs and reasonable ~~attorney's~~ attorneys' fees of the prevailing party. If the
235 association prevails, it may also recover interest at the legal rate for the sums secured by the lien from
236 the time each such sum became due and payable.

237 G. When payment or satisfaction is made of a debt secured by the lien perfected by subsection B
238 hereof, the lien shall be released in accordance with the provisions of § 55-66.3. Any lien which is not
239 so released shall subject the lien creditor to the penalty set forth in subdivision A (1) of § 55-66.3. For
240 the purposes of § 55-66.3, the principal officer of the association, or any other officer or officers as the
241 declaration may specify, shall be deemed the duly authorized agent of the lien creditor.

242 H. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit actions at law to recover sums for which
243 subsection A hereof creates a lien, maintainable pursuant to § 55-515.

I. At any time after perfecting the lien pursuant to this section, the property owners' association may sell the ~~unit~~ lot at public sale, subject to the prior liens, *specified in subsection A, such that those prior liens, if any, remain preserved as encumbrances against the lot after the foreclosure sale and therefore do not receive a distribution from the proceeds of the sale conducted pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section, the association shall have the power both to sell and convey the lot and shall be deemed the lot owner's statutory agent for the purpose of transferring title to the lot. A nonjudicial foreclosure sale shall be conducted in compliance with the following:*

1. The association shall give notice to the lot owner prior to advertisement required by subdivision 4. The notice shall specify (i) the debt secured by the perfected lien; (ii) the action required to satisfy the debt secured by the perfected lien; (iii) the date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to the lot owner, by which the debt secured by the lien must be satisfied; and (iv) that failure to satisfy the debt secured by the lien on or before the date specified in the notice may result in the sale of the lot. The notice shall further inform the lot owner of the right to bring a court action in the circuit court of the county or city where the lot is located to assert the nonexistence of a debt or any other defense of the lot owner to the sale.

2. After expiration of the 30-day notice period specified in subdivision 1, the association may appoint a trustee to conduct the sale. The appointment of the trustee shall be filed in the clerk's office of the circuit court in the county or city in which such development is situated. It shall be the duty of the clerk in whose office such appointment is filed to record and index the same as provided in subsection D, in the names of the persons identified therein as well as in the name of the association. The association, at its option, may from time to time remove the trustee and appoint a successor trustee.

3. If the lot owner meets the conditions specified in this subdivision prior to the date of the foreclosure sale, the lot owner shall have the right to have enforcement of the perfected lien discontinued prior to the sale of the lot. Those conditions are that the lot owner: (i) satisfy the debt secured by lien that is the subject of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale and (ii) pays all expenses and costs incurred in perfecting and enforcing the lien, including but not limited to advertising costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

4. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivision 2 5, the ~~property owners'~~ association shall give written notice of the time, date and place of any proposed sale in execution of the lien, *and including the name, address and telephone number of the trustee*, by personal delivery or by mail to (i) the present owner of the property to be sold at his last known address as such owner and address appear in the records of the ~~property owners'~~ association, (ii) any lienholder who holds a note against the property secured by a deed of trust recorded at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days prior to the proposed sale and whose address is recorded with the deed of trust, and (iii) any assignee of such a note secured by a deed of trust provided the assignment and address of the assignee are likewise recorded at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days prior to the proposed sale. Mailing a copy of the advertisement or the notice containing the same information to the owner by certified or registered mail no less than ~~fourteen~~ 14 days prior to such sale and to lienholders and their assigns, at the addresses noted in the memorandum of lien, by ordinary mail no less than ~~fourteen~~ 14 days prior to such sale, shall be a sufficient compliance with the requirement of notice.

5. The advertisement of sale by the ~~property owners'~~ association shall be in a newspaper having a general circulation in the city or county wherein the property to be sold, or any portion thereof, lies pursuant to the following provisions:

a. The ~~property owners'~~ association shall advertise once a week for four successive weeks; however, if the property or some portion thereof is located in a city or in a county immediately contiguous to a city, publication of the advertisement five different days, which may be consecutive days, shall be deemed adequate. The sale shall be held on any day following the day of the last advertisement which is no earlier than eight days following the first advertisement nor more than ~~thirty~~ 30 days following the last advertisement.

b. Such advertisement shall be placed in that section of the newspaper where legal notices appear or where the type of property being sold is generally advertised for sale. The advertisement of sale, in addition to such other matters as the ~~property owners'~~ association finds appropriate, shall set forth a description of the property to be sold, which description need not be as extensive as that contained in the deed of trust, but shall identify the property by street address, if any, or, if none, shall give the general location of the property with reference to streets, routes, or known landmarks. Where available, tax map identification may be used but is not required. The advertisement shall also include the date, time, place, and terms of sale and the name of the ~~property owners'~~ association. It shall set forth the name, address and telephone number of the representative, agent, or attorney who may be able to respond to inquiries concerning the sale. *The advertisement shall also disclose the right of redemption specified in subdivision 8 e.*

c. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivisions a and b above, the ~~property owners'~~

305 association ~~shall~~ may give such other further and different advertisement as the association finds
306 appropriate.

307 ~~3-~~ 6. In the event of postponement of sale, which postponement shall be at the discretion of the
308 ~~property owners'~~ association, advertisement of such postponed sale shall be in the same manner as the
309 original advertisement of sale.

310 ~~4-~~ 7. Failure to comply with the requirements for advertisement contained in this section shall, upon
311 petition, render a sale of the property voidable by the court.

312 ~~5-~~ 8. In the event of a sale, the ~~property owners'~~ association shall have the following powers and
313 duties:

314 a. Written one-price bids may be made and shall be received by the ~~property owners'~~ association
315 *trustee from the association or any person for entry by announcement at the sale. Any person other than*
316 *a member of the property owners' association the trustee may bid at the foreclosure sale, including a*
317 *person who has submitted a written one-price bid. Upon request to the property owners' association*
318 *trustee, any other bidder in attendance at a foreclosure sale shall be permitted to inspect written bids.*
319 *Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, the association may bid to purchase the lot at a*
320 *foreclosure sale. The association may own, lease, encumber, exchange, sell or convey the lot. Whenever*
321 *the written bid of the association is the highest bid submitted at the sale, such written bid shall be filed*
322 *by the trustee with his account of sale required under subdivision I 10 of this section and § 26-15. The*
323 *written bid submitted pursuant to this subsection may be prepared by the association, its agent or*
324 *attorney.*

325 b. The ~~property owners'~~ association may require of any bidder at any sale a cash deposit of as much
326 as ~~ten~~ 10 percent of the sale price before his bid is received, which shall be refunded to him if the
327 property is not sold to him. The deposit of the successful bidder shall be applied to his credit at
328 settlement, or if such bidder fails to complete his purchase promptly, the deposit shall be applied to pay
329 the costs and expenses of the sale, and the balance, if any, shall be retained by the ~~property owners'~~
330 association in connection with that sale.

331 c. ~~The property owners'~~ *After expiration of the 30-day redemption period specified in subdivision 8 e,*
332 *the association shall receive and receipt for the proceeds of sale, no purchaser being required to see to*
333 *the application of the proceeds, and apply the same in the following order: first, to the reasonable*
334 *expenses of sale, including attorneys' fees; second, to the satisfaction of all taxes, levies and*
335 *assessments, with costs and interest; third, to the satisfaction of the lien for the owners' assessments;*
336 *fourth, to the satisfaction in the order of priority of any remaining inferior claims of record; and fifth, to*
337 *pay the residue of the proceeds to the owner or his assigns; provided, however, that the association as to*
338 *such residue shall not be bound by any inheritance, devise, conveyance, assignment or lien of or upon*
339 *the owner's equity, without actual notice thereof prior to distribution.*

340 d. *The association shall notify the lot owner of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale and the amount of*
341 *the successful bid. Such notice shall be hand delivered or mailed by registered or certified mail, return*
342 *receipt requested, to the lot owner at the address of record with the association within 10 days of the*
343 *date of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale.*

344 e. *The owner of a lot sold at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale may redeem the lot not later than the*
345 *thirtieth day after the date of the nonjudicial foreclosure sale. To redeem, the owner shall pay to the*
346 *association all amounts due the association secured by all perfected liens which are the subject of the*
347 *nonjudicial foreclosure sale, interest from the date of the foreclosure sale to the date of redemption at*
348 *the rate provided by the declaration for delinquent assessments, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs*
349 *incurred by the association in foreclosing the lien, and any reasonable cost incurred by the association.*
350 *On redemption, the association shall execute a certificate confirming redemption which shall be*
351 *delivered to the successful bidder and to the redeeming lot owner.*

352 9. *After expiration of the 30-day redemption period, the trustee shall deliver to the purchaser a*
353 *trustee's deed conveying the lot with special warranty of title. The trustee shall not be required to take*
354 *possession of the property prior to the sale thereof or to deliver possession of the lot to the purchaser at*
355 *the sale.*

356 10. *The trustee shall file an accounting of the sale with the commissioner of accounts pursuant to*
357 *§ 26-15 and every account of a sale shall be recorded pursuant to § 26-16. In addition, the accounting*
358 *shall be made available for inspection and copying pursuant to § 55-510 upon the written request of the*
359 *prior lot owner, current lot owner or any holder of a recorded lien against the lot at the time of the*
360 *sale. The association shall maintain a copy of the accounting for at least 12 months following the*
361 *foreclosure sale.*

362 11. *If the sale of a lot is made pursuant to subsection I and the accounting is made by the trustee,*
363 *the title of the purchaser at such sale shall not be disturbed unless within 12 months from the*
364 *confirmation of the accounting by the commissioner of accounts, the sale is set aside by the court or an*
365 *appeal is allowed by the Supreme Court, and a decree is therein entered requiring such sale to be set*
366 *aside.*