## **2004 SESSION**

044062800 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 270** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 34 56 7 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Education and Health on February 5, 2004) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Quayle) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-3, 22.1-3.1, 22.1-4.1, 22.1-270, and 22.1-271.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to enrollment of certain children in public schools. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That §§ 22.1-3, 22.1-3.1, 22.1-4.1, 22.1-270, and 22.1-271.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended 10 and reenacted as follows: 11 § 22.1-3. Persons to whom public schools shall be free. 12 The public schools in each school division shall be free to each person of school age who resides 13 within the school division. Every person of school age shall be deemed to reside in a school division: 14 1. When the person is living with a natural parent, or a parent by legal adoption; 15 2. When the parents of such person are dead and the person is living with a person in loco parentis 16 who actually resides within the school division; 3. When the parents of such person are unable to care for the person and the person is living, not 17 solely for school purposes, with another person who resides in the school division and is either (i) the 18 19 court-appointed guardian, or has legal custody, of the person or (ii) acting in loco parentis pursuant to 20 placement of the person for adoption by a person or entity authorized to do so under § 63.2-1200; 21 4. When the person is living with a parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis in a temporary 22 shelter in the school division, not solely for school purposes; 23 5. When the person is living in the school division not solely for school purposes, as an emancipated 24 minor: or 25 65. When the person living in the school division is a homeless child or youth, as set forth in this 26 subdivision, who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and has a primary nighttime 27 residence located within the school division that is: 28 a. a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living 29 accommodations, including welfare hotels, congregate shelters, and transitional housing for the mentally 30 ill: 31 b. Such persons shall include (i) children and youths, including unaccompanied youths who are not 32 in the physical custody of their parents, who (a) are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of 33 housing, economic hardship, or other causes; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping 34 grounds due to lack of alternative adequate accommodations or in emergency, congregate, temporary, 35 or transitional shelters; are abandoned in hospitals; or are awaiting foster care placement; (b) are 36 living in an institution that provides a temporary residence for the mentally ill or individuals intended to be institutionalized; or e. (c) have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not 37 38 designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or (d) are 39 living in parked cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train 40 stations, or similar settings; and (ii) migratory children, as defined in the Elementary and Secondary 41 Education Act of 1965, as amended, who are deemed homeless as they are living in circumstances set 42 forth in clause (i) of this subdivision. For purposes of *clause* (i) of subdivision 4 5, "temporary shelter" means (i) any home, single or 43 44 multi-unit dwelling or housing unit in which persons who are without housing or a fixed address receive 45 temporary housing or shelter or (ii) any facility specifically designed or approved for the purpose of providing temporary housing or shelter to persons who are without permanent housing or a fixed 46 47 address. **48** If a person resides within housing, temporary shelter, or primary nighttime residence as described in 49 subdivision 65 that is situated in more than one school division, the person shall be deemed to reside in and shall be entitled to attend a public school within either school division. However, if a person resides 50 51 in housing, temporary shelter, or primary nighttime residence as described in subdivision 65 that is located in one school division, but the property on which such housing, temporary shelter, or primary 52 53 nighttime residence is located lies within more than one school division, such person shall be deemed to 54 reside only in the single school division in which the housing, temporary shelter, or primary nighttime 55 residence is located. Notwithstanding any such residency determination, any person residing in housing, a temporary shelter, or primary nighttime residence as described in subdivision 65 that is located in one 56 57 school division, but the property on which such housing, temporary shelter, or primary nighttime residence is located lies within more than one school division, shall be deemed to reside in either school 58 59 division, if such person or any sibling of such person residing in the same housing or temporary shelter

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attends, prior to July 1, 1999, or, in the case of a primary nighttime residence as described in subdivision 65, prior to July 1, 2000, a school within either school division in which the property on 60 61 62 which the housing, temporary shelter, or primary nighttime residence is located.

63 School divisions shall comply with the requirements of the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless 64 Education Assistance Improvements Act of 2001, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 11431 et seq.), to ensure that 65 homeless children and youths shall receive the educational services comparable to those offered to other 66 public school students.

67 School divisions serving the students identified in subdivision 5 shall coordinate the identification 68 and provision of services to such students with relevant local social services agencies and other 69 agencies and programs providing services to such students, and with other school divisions as may be 70 necessary to resolve interdivisional issues.

71 § 22.1-3.1. Birth certificates required upon admission; required notice to the local law-enforcement 72 agency.

73 A. NoExcept as otherwise provided in this subsection, no pupil shall be admitted for the first time to any public school in any school division in this Commonwealth unless the person enrolling the pupil 74 75 shall present, upon admission, a certified copy of the pupil's birth record. The principal or his designee 76 shall record the official state birth number from the pupil's birth record into the pupil's permanent school 77 record. If a certified copy of the pupil's birth record cannot be obtained, the person so enrolling the 78 pupil shall submit an affidavit setting forth the pupil's age and explaining the inability to present a 79 certified copy of the birth record. If the school division cannot ascertain a child's age because of the 80 lack of a birth certificate, the child shall nonetheless be admitted into the public schools if the division 81 superintendent determines that the person submitting the affidavit presents information sufficient to 82 estimate with reasonable certainty the age of such child.

However, if the student seeking enrollment is a homeless child or youth as defined in § 22.1-3, the 83 school shall immediately enroll such student, even if such student is unable to produce the records 84 85 required for enrollment, and shall immediately contact the school last attended by the student to obtain 86 relevant academic and other records, and shall comply with the provisions of the federal 87 McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Improvements Act of 2001, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 11431 et seq.), including immediately referring the parent of the student or the youth, to the local 88 89 school division liaison, as described in the federal Act, who shall assist in obtaining the necessary 90 records for enrollment.

91 B. Upon the failure of any person enrolling a pupil to present a certified copy of the pupil's birth 92 record, the principal of the school in which the pupil is being enrolled or his designee shall immediately 93 notify the local law-enforcement agency. The notice to the local law-enforcement agency shall include 94 copies of the submitted proof of the pupil's identity and age and the affidavit explaining the inability to 95 produce a certified copy of the birth record.

96 C. Within fourteen 14 days after enrolling a transferred pupil, the principal of the school in which the 97 pupil has been enrolled or his designee shall request that the principal or his designee of the school in 98 which the pupil was previously enrolled submit documentation that a certified copy of the pupil's birth 99 record was presented upon the pupil's initial enrollment.

100 D. Principals and their designees shall be immune from any civil or criminal liability in connection with any notice to a local law-enforcement agency of a pupil lacking a birth certificate or failure to give 101 102 such notice as required by this section. 103

§ 22.1-4.1. Street addresses required in certain school admission documents.

104 Documents submitted for admission of any child to public schools in the Commonwealth, except such documents required in accordance with §§ 22.1-3.1 and 22.1-270, shall include the street address or 105 106 route number of each pupil's residence. If no street address or route number exists for such residence, a post office box number shall be required. 107

108 If the pupil has no fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, and has a primary nighttime residence as described in subsection 6 of is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of 109 110 § 22.1-3, and for that reason the school division determines, on the basis of the affidavit of the person 111 seeking to enroll the pupil, that a street address, route number, or post office box number cannot be 112 provided, it may accept an address in an alternate form it deems appropriate.

113 Address information provided under this section shall not be released to any person unless otherwise 114 authorized by law. 115

§ 22.1-270. Preschool physical examinations.

116 A. No pupil shall be admitted for the first time to any public kindergarten or elementary school in a 117 school division unless such pupil shall furnish, prior to admission, (i) a report from a qualified licensed 118 physician, or a licensed nurse practitioner or licensed physician assistant acting under the supervision of 119 a licensed physician, of a comprehensive physical examination of a scope prescribed by the State Health 120 Commissioner performed within the twelve12 months prior to the date such pupil first enters such public 121 kindergarten or elementary school or (ii) records establishing that such pupil furnished such report upon

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122 prior admission to another school or school division and providing the information contained in such 123 report.

124 If the pupil has no fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, and has a primary nighttime 125 residence as described in subdivision is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 65 of 126 § 22.1-3, and for that reason cannot furnish the report or records required by (i) or (ii) of this 127 subsection, and the person seeking to enroll the pupil furnishes to the school division an affidavit so 128 stating and also indicating that, to the best of his knowledge, such pupil is in good health and free from 129 any communicable or contagious disease, the school division shall immediately refer the student forto 130 the local school division liaison, as described in the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Education 131 Assistance Improvements Act of 2001, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 11431 et seq.)(the "Act"), who shall, as soon as practicable, assist in obtaining the necessary physical examination by the county or city health 132 133 department or other clinic or physician's office and shall immediately admit the pupil to school pending 134 receipt of the report from such physical examination, as required by such Act.

135 B. The physician, or licensed nurse practitioner or licensed physician assistant acting under the 136 supervision of a licensed physician, making a report of a physical examination required by this section 137 shall, at the end of such report, summarize the abnormal physical findings, if any, and shall specifically 138 state what, if any, conditions are found that would identify the child as handicapped.

139 C. Such physical examination report shall be placed in the child's health record at the school and 140 shall be made available for review by any employee or official of the State Department of Health or any 141 local health department at the request of such employee or official.

142 D. Such physical examination shall not be required of any child whose parent or guardian shall 143 object on religious grounds and who shows no visual evidence of sickness, provided that such parent or 144 guardian shall state in writing that, to the best of his knowledge, such child is in good health and free 145 from any communicable or contagious disease.

146 E. The health departments of all of the counties and cities of the Commonwealth shall conduct such 147 physical examinations for medically indigent children without charge upon request and may provide 148 such examinations to others on such uniform basis as such departments may establish. 149

F., G., H. [Repealed.]

150 I. Parents or guardians of entering students shall complete a health information form which shall be 151 distributed by the local school divisions. Such forms shall be developed and provided jointly by the 152 Department of Education and Department of Health, or developed and provided by the school division 153 and approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Such forms shall be returnable within 154 fifteen15 days of receipt unless reasonable extensions have been granted by the superintendent or his 155 designee. Upon failure of the parent or guardian to complete such form within the extended time, the 156 superintendent may send to the parent or guardian written notice of the date he intends to exclude the 157 child from school; however, no child who is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of 158 § 22.1-3 shall be excluded from school for such failure to complete such form.

159 § 22.1-271.2. Immunization requirements.

160 A. No student shall be admitted by a school unless at the time of admission the student or his parent or guardian submits documentary proof of immunization to the admitting official of the school or unless 161 162 the student is exempted from immunization pursuant to subsection C or is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of § 22.1-3. If a student does not have documentary proof of immunization, the 163 school shall notify the student or his parent or guardian (i) that it has no documentary proof of 164 165 immunization for the student; (ii) that it may not admit the student without proof unless the student is 166 exempted pursuant to subsection C, including any homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of § 22.1-3; (iii) that the student may be immunized and receive certification by a licensed physician, 167 168 registered nurse or an employee of a local health department; and (iv) how to contact the local health department to learn where and when it performs these services. Neither this Commonwealth nor any 169 170 school or admitting official shall be liable in damages to any person for complying with this section.

171 Any physician, registered nurse or local health department employee performing immunizations shall 172 provide to any person who has been immunized or to his parent or guardian, upon request, documentary 173 proof of immunizations conforming with the requirements of this section.

174 B. Any student whose immunizations are incomplete may be admitted conditionally if that student 175 provides documentary proof at the time of enrollment of having received at least one dose of the 176 required immunizations accompanied by a schedule for completion of the required doses within ninety90 177 days.

178 The immunization record of each student admitted conditionally shall be reviewed periodically until 179 the required immunizations have been received.

180 Any student admitted conditionally and who fails to comply with his schedule for completion of the 181 required immunizations shall be excluded from school until his immunizations are resumed.

182 C. No certificate of immunization shall be required for the admission to school of any student if (i) 183 the student or his parent or guardian submits an affidavit to the admitting official stating that the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with the student's religious tenets or practices; or (ii) the school has written certification from a licensed physician or a local health department that one or more of the required immunizations may be detrimental to the student's health, indicating the specific nature and probable duration of the medical condition or circumstance that contraindicates immunization.

188 However, if a student is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of § 22.1-3 and (i)
189 does not have documentary proof of necessary immunizations or has incomplete immunizations and (ii)
190 is not exempted from immunization pursuant to clauses (i) or (ii) of this subsection, the school division
191 shall immediately admit such student and shall immediately refer the student to the local school division
192 liaison, as described in the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance Improvements Act of
193 2001, as amended (42 U.S.C. § 11431 et seq.) (the "Act"), who shall assist in obtaining the documentary
194 proof of, or completing, immunization and other services required by such Act.

195 D. The admitting official of a school shall exclude from the school any student for whom he does not have documentary proof of immunization or notice of exemption pursuant to subsection C, *including notice that such student is a homeless child or youth as defined in subdivision 5 of § 22.1-3.*

E. Every school shall record each student's immunizations on the school immunization record. The school immunization record shall be a standardized form provided by the State Department of Health, which shall be a part of the mandatory permanent student record. Such record shall be open to inspection by officials of the State Department of Health and the local health departments.

202 The school immunization record shall be transferred by the school whenever the school transfers any203 student's permanent academic or scholastic records.

Within thirty30 calendar days after the beginning of each school year or entrance of a student, each admitting official shall file a report with the local health department. The report shall be filed on forms prepared by the State Department of Health and shall state the number of students admitted to school with documentary proof of immunization, the number of students who have been admitted with a medical or religious exemption and the number of students who have been conditionally admitted, *including those students who are homeless children or youths as defined in subdivision 5 of § 22.1-3.* 

F. The requirement for mumps immunization as provided in § 32.1-46 shall not apply to any child
 admitted for the first time to any grade level, kindergarten through grade twelve, of a school prior to
 August 1, 1981.

The requirement for Haemophilus Influenzae Type b immunization as provided in § 32.1-46 shall not apply to any child admitted to any grade level, kindergarten through grade twelve12.

215 G. The Board of Health shall promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of this section
216 in congruence with rules and regulations of the Board of Health promulgated under § 32.1-46 and in
217 cooperation with the Board of Education.