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1	SENATE BILL NO. 252
1 2 3 4	Offered January 14, 2004
3	Prefiled January 14, 2004
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 46.2-838, 46.2-849, 46.2-905, 46.2-906.1, 46.2-932, and 46.2-1015 of
5	the Code of Virginia, relating to motor vehicles overtaking and passing other vehicles; operation of
6	bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, and mopeds;
7	and over-the-road operation of bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric
8 9	power-assisted bicycles, mopeds, roller skates, skateboards, or toys for transportation purposes.
9	Patron—Deeds
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11	Referred to Committee on Transportation
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13	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
14	1. That §§ 46.2-838, 46.2-849, 46.2-905, 46.2-906.1, 46.2-932, and 46.2-1015 of the Code of Virginia
15 16	are amended and reenacted as follows: § 46.2-838. Passing when overtaking a vehicle.
17	The driver of any <i>motor</i> vehicle overtaking another motor vehicle proceeding in the same direction
18	shall pass at least two feet to the left of the overtaken vehicle and shall not again drive to the right side
19	of the highway until safely clear of such overtaken vehicle, except as otherwise provided in this article.
20	§ 46.2-849. How signals given.
21	A. Signals required by § 46.2-848 shall be given by means of the hand and arm or by some
22	mechanical or electrical device approved by the Superintendent, in the manner specified in this section.
23 24	Whenever the signal is given by means of the hand and arm, the driver shall indicate his intention to start, stop, turn, or partly turn by extending the hand and arm beyond the left side of the vehicle in the
24 25	manner following:
$\frac{23}{26}$	1. For left turn or to pull to the left, the arm shall be extended in a horizontal position straight from
27	and level with the shoulder;
28	2. For right turn or to pull to the right, the arm shall be extended upward;
29	3. For slowing down or stopping, the arm shall be extended downward.
30	B. Wherever the lawful speed is more than 35 miles per hour, such signals shall be given
31 32	continuously for a distance of at least 100 feet, and in all other cases at least fifty 50 feet, before slowing down, stopping, turning, or partly turning.
33	C. A person riding a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted
34	bicycle, or moped shall signal his intention to stop or turn. Such signals, however, need not be given
35	continuously if both hands are needed in the control or operation of the bicycle, electric personal
36	assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, or moped.
37	D. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, a person operating a bicycle, electric
38	personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, or moped may signal a right turn or
39	pull to the right by extending the right hand and arm in a horizontal position straight from and level
40 41	with the shoulder beyond the right side of the bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, or moped, and may signal slowing down or stopping by extending the right arm
42	downward.
43	§ 46.2-905. Riding bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted
44	bicycles, and mopeds on roadways and bicycle paths.
45	Any person operating a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted
46	bicycle, or moped on a roadway at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place under
47	conditions then existing shall ride as close as safely practicable to the right curb or edge of the roadway,
48 49	except under any of the following circumstances:
49 50	1. When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction; 2. When preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway;
51	3. When reasonably necessary to avoid conditions including, but not limited to, fixed or moving
52	objects, parked or moving vehicles, pedestrians, animals, surface hazards, or substandard width lanes that
53	make it unsafe to continue along the right curb or edge;
54	4. When avoiding riding in a lane that must turn or diverge to the right; and
55	5. When riding upon a one-way road or highway, a person may also ride as near the left-hand curb
56	or edge of such roadway as safely practicable.
57 59	For purposes of this section, a "substandard width lane" is a lane too narrow for a bicycle, electric
58	personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, or moped and another vehicle to pass

59 safely side by side within the lane.

60 Persons riding bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, or electric power-assisted
61 bicycles on a highway shall not ride more than two or more abreast except on paths or parts of
62 highways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, and
63 electric power-assisted bicycles. Persons riding two abreast shall not impede the normal and reasonable
64 movement of traffic and, on a laned roadway, shall ride in a single lane.

65 The governing body of any locality may by ordinance provide that wherever a usable path for 66 bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, and electric power-assisted bicycles has been 67 provided adjacent to a roadway, bicycle riders, electric personal assistive mobility device riders, and 68 electric power-assisted bicycle riders shall use such path and shall not use the roadway.

69 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Department of Conservation and
 70 Recreation shall permit the operation of electric personal assistive mobility devices on any bicycle path
 71 or trail designated by the Department for such use.

\$ 46.2-906.1. Local ordinances may require riders of bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility
 devices, and electric power-assisted bicycles to wear helmets.

74 The governing body of any county, city or town may, by ordinance, provide that every person 75 fourteen years of age or younger shall wear a protective helmet that *at least* meets the standards 76 promulgated by the American National Standards Institute or the Snell Memorial Foundation Consumer 77 Product Safety Commission standard whenever riding or being carried on a bicycle, an electric personal 78 assistive mobility device, or an electric power-assisted bicycle on any highway as defined in § 46.2-100, 79 sidewalk, or public bicycle path.

80 Violation of any such ordinance shall be punishable by a fine of twenty-five dollars\$25. However,
81 such fine shall be suspended (i) for first-time violators and (ii) for violators who, subsequent to the violation, but prior to imposition of the fine, purchase helmets of the type required by the ordinance.

Violation of any such ordinance shall not constitute negligence, or assumption of risk, be considered
in mitigation of damages of whatever nature, be admissible in evidence, or be the subject of comment
by counsel in any action for the recovery of damages arising out of the operation of any bicycle, electric
personal assistive mobility device, or electric power-assisted bicycle, nor shall anything in this section
change any existing law, rule, or procedure pertaining to any civil action.

§ 46.2-932. Playing on highways; roller skates, skateboards, toys, or other devices on wheels or
runners; persons riding bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted
bicycles, mopeds, etc., not to attach to vehicles; exception.

91 A. No person shall play on a highway, other than on the sidewalks thereof, within a city or town or 92 on any part of a highway outside the limits of a city or town designated by the Commonwealth Transportation Commissioner exclusively for vehicular travel. No person shall use roller skates, 93 94 skateboards, toys, or other devices on wheels or runners, except bicycles, electric personal assistive 95 mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, mopeds, and motorcycles, on highways where play is prohibited. The governing bodies of counties, cities, and towns may designate areas on highways under 96 97 their control where play is permitted and may impose reasonable restrictions on play on such highways. 98 If the highways have only two traffic lanes, persons using such devices, except bicycles, electric 99 personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, mopeds, and motorcycles, shall keep as near as reasonably possible safely practicable to the extreme left far right side or edge of the left 100 101 right traffic lane so that they will be facing oncoming proceeding in the same direction as other traffic 102 at all times.

103 No person riding on any bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted
 104 bicycle, moped, roller skates, skateboards, toys, or other devices on wheels or runners, shall attach the
 105 same or himself to any vehicle on a roadway.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section, the governing body of any county
 having a population of at least 170,000 but less than 200,000 may by ordinance permit the use of
 devices on wheels or runners on highways under such county's control, subject to such limitations and
 conditions as the governing body may deem necessary and reasonable.

110 C. Persons using any bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted 111 bicycle, moped, roller skates, skateboard, or toy on any highways for transportation purposes shall keep 112 as near as safely practicable to the far right side or edge of the right traffic lane, so that they will be 113 proceeding in the same direction as other traffic.

\$ 46.2-1015. Lights on bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted
 bicycles, and mopeds.

Every bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, and moped when in use between sunset and sunrise shall be equipped with a white light headlight on the front that shall be emitting a white light visible in clear weather from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front, a taillight on the rear emitting a red light visible from a distance of at least 1000 feet to the rear, and with a red reflector on visible from a distance of at least 600 feet to the rear when directly in front of

- 121 lawful lower beams of headlights on a motor vehicle. Such reflector shall be of a type approved by the
- 122 Superintendent and shall be visible in clear weather from fifty feet to 300 feet to the rear when directly
- 123 in front of lawful high beams of head lights on a motor vehicle. A red light visible in clear weather for 124 500 feet to the rear may be used in lieu of or in addition to the red reflector. Such lights and reflector
- 125 shall be of types approved by the Superintendent.
- 126 In addition to the foregoing provisions of this section, a bicycle or its rider may be equipped with 127 lights or reflectors. These lights may be steady burning or blinking.