

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact § 58.1-439 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the major business facility job tax credit.

[S 231]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 58.1-439 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 58.1-439. Major business facility job tax credit.

A. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995, but before January 1, 2005 2010, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by Articles 2 (§ 58.1-320 et seq.), 6 (§ 58.1-360 et seq.), and 10 (§ 58.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 3; Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.); Article 1 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of Chapter 25; or Article 2 (§ 58.1-2620 et seq.) of Chapter 26 of this title as set forth in this section.

B. For purposes of this section, the amount of any credit attributable to a partnership, electing small business corporation (S corporation), or limited liability company shall be allocated to the individual partners, shareholders, or members, respectively, in proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.

C. A "major business facility" is a company that satisfies the following criteria:

1. Subject to the provisions of subsection K, the establishment or expansion of the company shall result in the creation of at least 100 jobs for qualified full-time employees; the first such 100 jobs shall be referred to as the "threshold amount"; and

2. The company is engaged in any business in the Commonwealth, except a retail trade business if such trade is the principal activity of an individual facility in the Commonwealth. Examples of types of major business facilities that are eligible for the credit provided under this section include, but are not limited to, a headquarters, or portion of such a facility, where company employees are physically employed, and where the majority of the company's financial, personnel, legal or planning functions are handled either on a regional or national basis. A company primarily engaged in the Commonwealth in the business of manufacturing or mining; agriculture, forestry or fishing; transportation or communications; or a public utility subject to the corporation income tax shall be deemed to have established or expanded a major business facility in the Commonwealth if it meets the requirements of subdivision 1 during a single taxable year and such facilities are not retail establishments. A major business facility shall also include facilities that perform central management or administrative activities, whether operated as a separate trade or business, or as a separate support operation of another business. Central management or administrative activities include, but are not limited to, general management; accounting; computing; tabulating; purchasing; transportation or shipping; engineering and systems planning; advertising; technical sales and support operations; central administrative offices and warehouses; research, development and testing laboratories; computer-programming, data-processing and other computer-related services facilities; and legal, financial, insurance, and real estate services. The terms used in this subdivision to refer to various types of businesses shall have the same meanings as those terms are commonly defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual.

D. For purposes of this section, the "credit year" is the first taxable year following the taxable year in which the major business facility commenced or expanded operations.

E. The Department of Taxation shall make all determinations as to the classification of a major business facility in accordance with the provisions of this section.

F. A "qualified full-time employee" means an employee filling a new, permanent full-time position in a major business facility in this Commonwealth. A "new, permanent full-time position" is a job of an indefinite duration, created by the company as a result of the establishment or expansion of a major business facility in this Commonwealth, requiring a minimum of ~~thirty-five~~ 35 hours of an employee's time a week for the entire normal year of the company's operations, which "normal year" shall consist of at least ~~forty-eight~~ 48 weeks, or a position of indefinite duration which requires a minimum of ~~thirty-five~~ 35 hours of an employee's time a week for the portion of the taxable year in which the employee was initially hired for, or transferred to, the major business facility in this Commonwealth. Seasonal or temporary positions, or a job created when a job function is shifted from an existing location in this Commonwealth to the new major business facility and positions in building and grounds maintenance, security, and other such positions which are ancillary to the principal activities performed by the employees at a major business facility shall not qualify as new, permanent full-time positions.

57 G. For any major business facility, the amount of credit earned pursuant to this section shall be equal
 58 to \$1,000 per qualified full-time employee, over the threshold amount, employed during the credit year.
 59 The credit shall be allowed ratably, with one-third of the credit amount allowed annually for three years
 60 beginning with the credit year. The portion of the \$1,000 credit earned with respect to any qualified
 61 full-time employee who is employed in this Commonwealth for less than ~~twelve~~ 12 full months during
 62 the credit year will be determined by multiplying the credit amount by a fraction, the numerator of
 63 which is the number of full months that the qualified full-time employee worked for the major business
 64 facility in this Commonwealth during the credit year, and the denominator of which is ~~twelve~~ 12. A
 65 separate credit year and a three-year allowance period shall exist for each distinct major business facility
 66 of a single taxpayer.

67 H. The amount of credit allowed pursuant to this section shall not exceed the tax imposed for such
 68 taxable year. Any credit not usable for the taxable year the credit was allowed may be, to the extent
 69 usable, carried over for the next ~~ten~~ 10 succeeding taxable years. No credit shall be carried back to a
 70 preceding taxable year. In the event that a taxpayer who is subject to the tax limitation imposed
 71 pursuant to this subsection is allowed another credit pursuant to any other section of the Code of
 72 Virginia, or has a credit carryover from a preceding taxable year, such taxpayer shall be considered to
 73 have first utilized any credit allowed which does not have a carryover provision, and then any credit
 74 which is carried forward from a preceding taxable year, prior to the utilization of any credit allowed
 75 pursuant to this section.

76 I. No credit shall be earned pursuant to this section for any employee (i) for whom a credit under
 77 this section was previously earned by a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b) or a
 78 trade or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b); (ii) who was
 79 previously employed in the same job function in Virginia by a related party as defined by Internal
 80 Revenue Code § 267 (b) or a trade or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue
 81 Code § 52 (b); (iii) whose job function was previously performed at a different location in Virginia by
 82 an employee of the taxpayer, a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b), or a trade
 83 or business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b); or (iv) whose job
 84 function previously qualified for a credit under this section at a different major business facility on
 85 behalf of the taxpayer, a related party as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 267 (b), or a trade or
 86 business under common control as defined by Internal Revenue Code § 52 (b).

87 J. Subject to the provisions of subsection K, recapture of this credit, under the following
 88 circumstances, shall be accomplished by increasing the tax in any of the five years succeeding the
 89 taxable year in which a credit has been earned pursuant to this section if the number of qualified
 90 full-time employees decreases below the average number of qualified full-time employees employed
 91 during the credit year. Such tax increase amount shall be determined by (i) recomputing the credit which
 92 would have been earned for the original credit year using the decreased number of qualified full-time
 93 employees and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously earned. In
 94 the event that the average number of qualifying full-time employees employed at a major business
 95 facility falls below the threshold amount in any of the five taxable years succeeding the credit year, all
 96 credits earned with respect to such major business facility shall be recaptured. No credit amount will be
 97 recaptured more than once pursuant to this subsection. Any recapture pursuant to this section shall
 98 reduce credits earned but not yet allowed, and credits allowed but carried forward, before the taxpayer's
 99 tax liability may be increased.

100 K. In the event that a major business facility is located in an economically distressed area or in an
 101 enterprise zone as defined in § 59.1-271 during a credit year, the threshold amount required to qualify
 102 for a credit pursuant to this section and to avoid full recapture shall be reduced from 100 to 50 for
 103 purposes of subdivision C 1 and subsection J. An area shall qualify as economically distressed if it is a
 104 city or county with an unemployment rate for the preceding year of at least 0.5 percent higher than the
 105 average statewide unemployment rate for such year. The Virginia Economic Development Partnership
 106 shall identify and publish a list of all economically distressed areas at least annually.

107 L. The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate regulations, in accordance with the Administrative
 108 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), relating to (i) the computation, carryover, and recapture of the credit
 109 provided under this section; (ii) defining criteria for (a) a major business facility, (b) qualifying full-time
 110 employees at such facility, and (c) economically distressed areas; and (iii) the computation, carryover,
 111 recapture, and redemption of the credit by affiliated companies pursuant to subsection R.

112 M. The provisions of this section shall apply only in instances where an announcement of intent to
 113 establish or expand a major business facility is made on or after January 1, 1994. An announcement of
 114 intent to establish or expand a major business facility includes, but is not limited to, a press conference
 115 or extensive press coverage, providing information with respect to the impact of the project on the
 116 economy of the area where the major business facility is to be established or expanded and the
 117 Commonwealth as a whole.

118 N. The credit allowed pursuant to this section shall be granted to the person who pays taxes for the
119 qualified full-time employees pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 60.2-500 et seq.) of Title 60.2.

120 O. No person shall claim a credit allowed pursuant to this section and the credit allowed pursuant to
121 § 58.1-439.2.

122 P. No person operating a business in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.)
123 of Title 59.1 shall claim a credit pursuant to this section.

124 Q. Notwithstanding subsection N, a taxpayer may, for the purpose of determining the number of
125 qualified full-time employees at a major business facility, include the employees of a contractor or a
126 subcontractor if such employees are permanently assigned to the taxpayer's major business facility. If the
127 taxpayer includes the employees of a contractor or subcontractor in its total of qualified full-time
128 employees, it shall enter into a contractual agreement with the contractor or subcontractor prohibiting the
129 contractor or subcontractor from also claiming these employees in order to receive a credit given under
130 this section. The taxpayer shall provide evidence satisfactory to the Department of Taxation that it has
131 entered into such a contract.

132 R. For purposes of satisfying the criteria of subdivision C 1, two or more affiliated companies may
133 elect to aggregate the number of jobs created for qualified full-time employees as the result of the
134 establishment or expansion by the individual companies in order to qualify for the credit allowed
135 pursuant to this section. For purposes of this subsection, "affiliated companies" means two or more
136 companies related to each other such that (i) one company owns at least ~~eighty~~ 80 percent of the voting
137 power of the other or others or (ii) at least ~~eighty~~ 80 percent of the voting power of two or more
138 companies is owned by the same interests.

139 S. The General Assembly of Virginia finds that modern business infrastructure allows businesses to
140 locate their administrative or manufacturing facilities with minimal regard to the location of markets or
141 the transportation of raw materials and finished goods, and that the economic vitality of this
142 Commonwealth would be enhanced if such facilities were established in Virginia. Accordingly, the
143 provisions of this section targeting the credit to major business facilities and limiting the credit to those
144 companies which establish a major business facility in Virginia are integral to the purpose of the credit
145 earned pursuant to this section and shall not be deemed severable.