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SENATE BILL NO. 20

Offered January 14, 2004 Prefiled December 9, 2003

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-166.1 and 22.1-166.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the payment of grants by the Virginia Public School Authority to local school divisions for public school construction; the School Construction Grant Act of 2004.

Patron—Puller

Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 22.1-166.1 and 22.1-166.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 22.1-166.1. Loans to local school boards.

The Authority is authorized to make loans or loan interest rate subsidy payments, from any of the funds of the Authority available for such purpose, to local school boards for the purpose of acquiring and installing capital projects for school purposes for which loans from the Literary Fund are not immediately available. For the purpose of this section and § 22.1-166.2, capital projects for school purposes shall mean motor vehicles and educational technology equipment.

- A. No loan from the Authority shall exceed 100 percent of the cost of the capital project for school purposes for which such loan is made.
- B. A loan from the Authority shall be evidenced by notes payable to the Authority, executed or signed by the chairman of the school board, with the approval of the local governing body, attested by the clerk thereof and deposited with the State Treasurer. Payments of interest and principal on such notes shall be made to the State Treasurer. Any loan from the Authority shall be repayable in installments as shall be approved by the local school board, as appropriate, with the final installment being due not more than thirty years after the date of such loan. The time of payment may be extended in the discretion of the Authority.
- C. The local governing bodies and the local school boards of the several school divisions are authorized to borrow money from the Authority, at such rate or rates, fixed or variable, as shall be approved by the local school board; any local school board to borrow from the Authority shall first make written application to the Authority for such loan on a form to be prescribed by the Authority.
- D. The governing body of any county, city, or town, if the town constitutes the school division, in which the local school board has borrowed money from the Authority shall include in its levies, and appropriate to the local school board, a fund sufficient to meet the liabilities of the local school board on such loan if and to the extent such liabilities are not otherwise provided for by the General Assembly. The governing body of any county in which the local school board has borrowed money from the Authority for capital projects located in a town in such county constituting a separate school division shall have authority to include, in its levies for such town, a levy sufficient to meet the liabilities of the local school board on such loan if and to the extent such liabilities are not otherwise provided for by the General Assembly and shall levy a separate tax in the rest of the county to meet its liabilities on any contract for capital projects outside such town. In the event that such local school board shall fail to pay any installment of interest or principal promptly, upon notice in writing to that effect from the State Treasurer, the county, city, or town treasurer shall pay to the State Treasurer any such past due installment of interest or principal out of the funds in his hands belonging to such county, city, or town. The failure of such governing body to provide for the payment of such loan or the interest thereon when and as due shall be deemed a cause for removal of the members thereof from office on motion before the circuit court having jurisdiction in such county, city, or town, instituted by the attorney for the Commonwealth of such county or city or by the Attorney General where the attorney for the Commonwealth refuses or neglects to act after demand on him to proceed.
- E. The local school board of any school division composed of part or all of a county, with the approval of the governing body of the county, is authorized to borrow from the Authority for the purpose of financing capital projects in such county to serve a portion of such county. Taxes on property in the magisterial districts served by such capital projects shall be levied by the governing body of the county and collected for the purpose of repaying such loan; for the purposes of this section, a magisterial district shall not include a town constituting a separate school division but the governing body of the county may levy a separate tax on property in a town in such county constituting a separate school division to repay money borrowed by such county from the Authority for the purpose of

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financing capital projects in such town. Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, all other provisions of law relating to loans from the Authority shall apply to a loan authorized by this subsection.

F. Any local school board which is indebted for any money borrowed from the Authority may anticipate the payment of the principal amount of any such loans, or any part thereof, by the payment of such principal amount with interest thereon to the date of such anticipated payment and may borrow money and issue bonds for the purpose of raising funds to pay any notes or other obligations of the local school board now and hereafter held by the Authority.

§ 22.1-166.2. Grants to local school boards.

The Authority is authorized to make grants of money, from any of the funds of the Authority available for such purpose, to local school boards for the purchase of capital projects for school purposes.

 $\hat{\mathbf{z}}$. § 1. That this act shall be known and may be cited as the "School Construction Grant Act of 2004."

§ 2. The Virginia Public School Authority (the "Authority") shall provide a total of \$1 billion in grants to the local school divisions of the Commonwealth to be used exclusively for school construction, school additions, or school infrastructure; site acquisition for public school buildings and facilities; or school renovations, including the costs of retrofitting or enlarging public school buildings. Such grants shall not be used to pay debt service of local governments, school boards, or school divisions. The amount of grants to be provided to each local school division shall be as provided in § 3 of this act. Funds for the payment of such grants shall be provided from the issuance of bonds by the Authority, with all bonds as required to raise such \$1 billion being issued no later than January 1, 2011. The schedule for the issuance of such bonds and the payment of debt service on such bonds shall be as provided in the general appropriation act, with such debt service to be paid from general funds.

Such grants shall be in addition to all other grants made to local governments, school boards or school divisions, including, but not limited to, grants made (i) pursuant to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq. of the Code of Virginia); (ii) pursuant to the Virginia Public School Educational Technology Grants Program (§ 22.1-175.6 et seq. of the Code of Virginia); or (iii) to local school boards by the Authority prior to July 1, 2004. In addition, such grants shall not replace or be in lieu of loans to local school boards or interest rate subsidy payments to local school boards pursuant to Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1 of the Code of Virginia and the issuance of such bonds and the payment of such grants shall not, except as herein provided, affect, or otherwise amend the provisions of such chapter as they relate to the powers and duties of the Authority, local school boards, local governments, or any other entity.

Such grants shall not be used to calculate or reduce the share of federal, state, or local revenues or funds otherwise available to local governments, school boards, or school divisions, nor shall they be used to calculate or reduce any allocation of revenues or funds including, but not limited to, state basic aid payments.

§ 3. The Authority shall provide a total of \$500 million in grants to be distributed equally among all local school divisions, with each school division to receive \$3,676,471 in grants. The Authority shall provide an additional \$500 million in grants to be distributed to local school divisions on a set per pupil amount, based on each school division's actual September 30, 2003, fall membership data (as collected by the Department of Education) as a proportion of total actual September 30, 2003, fall membership data for all school divisions.

§ 4. Based on the criteria set forth in this section, the Department of Education shall determine the priority for the payment of the grants set forth in § 3 of this act to each local school division. When the Department determines that a grant shall be paid to a local school division under this act, it shall provide a written certification to the chairman of the Authority directing him to make a grant payment in a specific amount to the local school division. The Department, however, shall not make such written certification until it has established that the Authority has sufficient funds to make such grant payment. The Authority shall only make grant payments to a local school division for the grants provided under this act upon receipt of such written certification. The Authority shall make such grant payments, and in the amounts as directed by the Department, within 30 days of receipt of the certification.

The Department of Education shall annually obtain from each school division the amount of its total allocation that the school division wishes to claim in that fiscal year. For any amount that the local school division seeks it must certify that (i) the local school board has identified a specific project or projects for funding as well as the estimated cost figures; (ii) the local school board, and local governing body, if required, have approved the project or projects for which the school division seeks a portion of its allocation; (iii) the project or projects have been approved pursuant to § 22.1-140 of the Code of Virginia; and (iv) the project or projects are ready to be bid for construction.

If the total amount of the requests exceeds the annual limit imposed by law, the Department shall determine the priority for the payment of the grants based on the order in which the request and the required certifications have been received by the Department. If the available funds are insufficient to

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- § 5. The Authority shall maintain separate accounts for the grants paid to local school divisions under this act and for bonds issued to raise funds for the payment of such grants. The Authority shall take all necessary and proper steps, as it is authorized to take under law, to carry out the provisions of this act.
- § 6. Beginning in 2005, the Department of Education shall make an annual report to the General Assembly on June 1 of each year reporting (i) the total grants paid during the prior calendar year and from the date of the passage of this act to each local school division pursuant to the provisions of this act, and (ii) a detailed description of the public school projects for which the grants were used.
- 132 3. That the Virginia Public School Authority shall not incur more than a total of \$250 million in 133 debt or other payment obligations in any fiscal year in implementing the provisions of the second enactment of this act. "Debt or other payment obligations" means a source of funding, either directly or indirectly, through bonded indebtedness or other borrowings of the Authority except 134 135
- 136 that it shall not include the (i) issuance costs, capitalized interest, reserve funds, and other financing expenses directly relating to bonds issued for implementation of the School Construction 137
- 138 Grant Act of 2004 or (ii) bond anticipation notes, refunding bonds, or refunding bond anticipation 139