## 2004 SESSION

INTRODUCED

HJ179

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1	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 179
2	Offered January 14, 2004
3	Prefiled January 14, 2004
4	Encouraging the United States Supreme Court to uphold a public school district policy that requires
5	teachers to lead willing students in reciting the Pledge of Allegiance.
6	Patrons-Cole, Albo, Carrico, Cline, Hugo, Janis, Lingamfelter, Marrs, Marshall, D.W., Oder, Orrock,
	Pollard, Reese, Rust and Saxman; Senators: Bell, Bolling, Devolites, Houck, Martin, Mims, O'Brien,
	Obenshain and Rerras
7	
8	Referred to Committee on Rules
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10	WHEREAS, the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America in its current form
11	was officially adopted by the United States Congress with the concurrence of the President of the United
12	States in 1954; and
13	WHEREAS, the Declaration of Independence and many other founding documents of the United
14	States of America acknowledge and make reference to God; and
15	WHEREAS, the United States Congress, the Virginia House of Delegates, the Virginia Senate, and
16 17	many other legislative and governing bodies in the United States begin sessions with prayer seeking Divine blessing on their deliberations; and
18	WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of the United States begins each of its sessions with "God save the
19	United States and this honorable court"; and
20	WHEREAS, the official motto of the United States of America is "In God We Trust"; and
<b>21</b>	WHEREAS, the Virginia Declaration of Rights guarantees that all men are equally entitled to the
22	free exercise of religion, according to the dictates of conscience; and
23	WHEREAS, the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbids the United States
24	Congress from prohibiting the free exercise of religion or abridging the freedom of speech; and
25	WHEREAS, on June 26, 2002, a three-judge panel for the United States Court of Appeals for the
26	Ninth Circuit declared the current Pledge of Allegiance unconstitutional because it contains the phrase
27	"under God"; and WHEPEAS on Echnicary 28, 2002, the Court issued on amonded original dealining to rule on the
28 29	WHEREAS, on February 28, 2003, the Court issued an amended opinion, declining to rule on the constitutionality of the 1954 law, but affirming its earlier ruling that the school district's policy and
29 30	practice of teacher-led recitation of the Pledge, with the inclusion of the added words "under God,"
30 31	violates the Establishment Clause; and
32	WHEREAS, the United States Supreme Court announced on October 14, 2003, that it would review
33	from the Ninth Circuit the case of Elk Grove Unified School District v. Newdow and the issue of
34	whether a school district can require teachers to lead "willing students" in reciting the pledge, including
35	the words "under God"; and
36	WHEREAS, a prohibition of the recitation of the phrase "under God' in the Pledge of Allegiance
37	could be considered a violation of the First Amendment to the Constitution and the Virginia Declaration
38	of Rights and not in keeping with the established tradition of the United States and the Commonwealth
<b>39</b>	of Virginia; and
40	WHEREAS, the Virginia House of Delegates, and many other legislative and governing bodies and
41 42	schools in the United States, routinely recite the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States; now, therefore, be it
43	RESOLVED by the House of Delegates, the Senate concurring, That the United States Supreme
44	Court be encouraged to uphold a public school district policy that requires teachers to lead willing
45	students in reciting the Pledge of Allegiance; and, be it
46	RESOLVED FURTHER, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates transmit a copy of this resolution
47	to the Clerk of the United States Supreme Court, requesting that such Clerk further disseminate copies
48	of this resolution to the Justices of the United States Supreme Court so that they may be apprised of the
49	sense of the General Assembly of Virginia in this matter.