2004 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 879
2 3 4	Offered January 14, 2004
3	Prefiled January 14, 2004
	A BILL to amend and reenact § 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia, relating to health records
5	privacy.
6	Bataan O'Damaan
7	Patron—O'Bannon
8	Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions
9	
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy.
13	A. There is hereby recognized a patient's an individual's right of privacy in the content of a patient's
14	medical record his health records. Patient Health records are the property of the provider health care
15	entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted by this section or by another provision of state or
16 17	federal law, no provider <i>health care entity</i> , or other person working in a health care setting, may disclose the an individual's health records of a petient.
18	disclose the <i>an individual's health</i> records of a patient. Patient <i>Health</i> records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the
19	approval of the provider health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with
20	a court order or subpoena consistent with § 8.01-413 C or with this section or in accordance with the
21	regulations relating to change of ownership of patient <i>health</i> records promulgated by a health regulatory
22	board established in Title 54.1.
23	No person to whom disclosure of patient health records was made by a patient or a provider are
24	disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health records of a patient an individual, beyond the
25 26	purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first obtaining the patient's <i>individual's</i> specific consent authorization to such radicelesure. This radicelesure prohibition shall not however provent (i)
20 27	consent <i>authorization</i> to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall not, however, prevent (i) any provider who <i>health care entity that</i> receives <i>health</i> records from another provider <i>health care</i>
28	<i>entity</i> from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of
2 9	Health and Human Services regulations relating to the electronic transmission of data and patient privacy
30	protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human
31	Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) (42
32	U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any provider health care entity from furnishing health records and
33	aggregate or other data, from which patient- individually identifying prescription information has been
34 35	removed, encoded or encrypted, to qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological,
33 36	pharmaco-economic, or other health services research.
37	B. As used in this section:
38	"Agent" means a person who has been appointed as a patient's an individual's agent under a power
39	of attorney for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et
40	seq.).
41	"Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by
42 43	overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted.
43 44	"Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person.
45	"Health services" includes, but is not limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment,
46	pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind."Parent"
47	means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.
48	"Patient" means a person who is receiving or has received health services from a provider.
49	"Patient-identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other
50 51	prescription information that specifically identifies an individual patient. "Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a
51 52	public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management
53	information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches,
54	that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health
55	information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data
56	content into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction
57	from another entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard
58	format or nonstandard data content for the receiving entity.

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59 "Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse.

60 "ProviderHealth care provider" shall have the same meaning as set forth means those entities listed 61 in the definition of "health care provider" in § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also 62 be considered *health care* providers for the purposes of this section. Provider Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified, registered or permitted by any of the health 63 64 regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of 65 Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

"Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. 66 "Health plan" shall include any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103. 67

68 "RecordHealth record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a provider health care entity in the course of providing health services to a patient an individual concerning the patient individual and the services provided. "RecordHealth record" also includes the 69 70 71 substance of any communication made by a patient an individual to a provider health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health services to a patient or information 72 73 otherwise acquired by the provider health care entity about a patient an individual in confidence and in 74 connection with the provision of health services to the patient individual.

75 "Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, 76 pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well 77 as payment or reimbursement for any such services.

78 "Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care 79 entity.

80 "Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other 81 prescription information that specifically identifies an individual. 82

"Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

83 C. Except as specifically provided herein, the provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the 84 following:

85 1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act; 86 87

2. Except where specifically provided herein, The *health* records of minor patients minors; or

88 3. The release of juvenile *health* records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to 89 § 16.1-248.3. 90

D. Providers Health care entities may disclose the health records of a patient:

91 1. As set forth in subsection E of this section, pursuant to the written consent authorization of the 92 patient individual or in the case of a minor patient, his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969; also, in emergency cases or 93 94 situations where it is impractical to obtain the patient's an individual's written consent authorization, 95 pursuant to the patient's individual's oral consent authorization for a health care provider or health plan to discuss the patient's individual's health records with a third party specified by the patient individual; 96

2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H of this section, pursuant to 97 98 court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C 99 of § 8.01-413;

3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure 100 101 is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a provider health care entity or the 102 provider's health care entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as 103 required in the course of an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a provider's health care entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional 104 105 review entity;

4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2;

5. In compliance with the provisions of § 8.01-413;

108 6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities, serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease, 109 public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to, 110 those contained in §§ 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 37.1-98.2, 53.1-40.10, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506, 54.1-2906, 54.1-2907, 54.1-2966, 111 112 113 54.1-2966.1, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 63.2-1606 and 63.2-1509;

114 7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the patient individual, including in the 115 implementation of a hospital routine contact process pursuant to subdivision B. 4. of § 32.1-127;

116 8. In the normal course of business in accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription 117 dispensing records maintained in a pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411 and 54.1-3412; 118 119

120 9. When the patient *individual* has waived his right to the privacy of the medical health records; 121 10. When examination and evaluation of a patient *an individual* are undertaken pursuant to judicial 122 or administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

123 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a
124 guardianship proceeding of an adult patient authorized who is the respondent in a proceeding under
125 Article 1.1 (§ 37.1-134.6 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.1;

126 12. To the attorney appointed by the court to represent a patient in an individual who is or has been
127 a patient who was the subject of a civil commitment proceeding under § 37.1-67.3 or a judicial
128 authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to § 37.1-134.21;

129 13. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor patient who represents such minor in any
130 judicial or administrative proceeding, provided that *if* the court or administrative hearing officer has
131 entered an order granting the attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad
132 litem presents evidence to the provider health care entity of such order;

133 14. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's *health* records134 in accord with § 9.1-156;

135 15. To an agent appointed under a patient's an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or
136 decision maker designated in a patient's an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions
137 on anatomical gifts and organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the
138 provisions of the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.);

139 16. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

140 17. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a governmental agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or reviewing benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

144 18. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of ownership 145 or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy;

146 19. In accord with § 54.1-2400.1 B, to communicate a patient's *an individual's* specific and 147 immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

148 20. To the patient individual who is the subject of the health record, except as provided in149 subsections E and F of this section and subsection B of § 8.01-413;

150 21. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements 151 of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2;

152 22. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate the
 adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional staff
 154 privileges;

155 23. If the *health* records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated patient *individual* to the 156 personal representative or executor of the deceased patient *individual* or the legal guardian or committee 157 of the incompetent or incapacitated patient *individual* or if there is no personal representative, executor, 158 legal guardian or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a 159 spouse, an adult son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the 160 deceased patient *individual* in order of blood relationship;

161 24. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote
162 identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of
163 applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the *health care* provider's
164 designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing
165 Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association
166 of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

167 25. To the Office of the Inspector General for Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance168 Abuse Services pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 37.1-255 et seq.) of Title 37.1;

169 26. (Expires July 1, 2006) To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 32.1, pursuant to subdivision D 1 of this section; and

172 27. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when the patient *individual* is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the patient *individual* has been arrested and has received emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the *health* records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1.

E. Requests for copies of medical *health* records shall (i) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (ii) identify the nature of the information requested; and (iii) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such copies and identification of the person to whom the information is to be disclosed. The provider *health care entity* shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original signed by the requestor as if it were an original. Within 15 days of receipt of a request for copies of medical *health* records, the provider *health care entity* shall do one of the following: (i) 182 furnish such copies to any requester authorized to receive them; (ii) inform the requester if the information does not exist or cannot be found; (iii) if the provider health care entity does not maintain a 183 184 record of the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the 185 provider health care entity who maintains the record; or (iv) deny the request (a) under subsection F, (b) 186 on the grounds that the requester has not established his authority to receive such *health* records or 187 proof of his identity, or (c) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply 188 only to requests for *health* records not specifically governed by other provisions of this Code, federal 189 law or state or federal regulation.

F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of a patient's an individual's health 190 191 records shall not be furnished to such patient individual or anyone authorized to act on the patient's 192 *individual's* behalf where when the patient's attending individual's treating physician or the patient's 193 individual's treating clinical psychologist has made a part of the patient's individual's record a written 194 statement that, in his opinion the exercise of his professional judgment, the furnishing to or review by 195 the patient individual of such health records would be injurious reasonably likely to endanger the 196 patient's health or well being life or physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such 197 health record makes reference to a person who is not a health care provider and the access requested 198 would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to such referenced person. If any custodian of 199 medical records health care entity denies a request for copies of health records based on such statement, 200 the custodian shall permit examination and copying of the medical record by another such physician or 201 elinical psychologist selected by the patient health care entity shall inform the individual of the individual's right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing physician or clinical 202 203 *psychologist*, whose licensure, training and experience relative to the patient's *individual's* condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose opinion the denial is 204 based. The person or entity denying the request shall inform the patient of the patient's right to select 205 another reviewing physician or clinical psychologist under this subsection who designated reviewing 206 207 physician or clinical psychologist shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health record 208 available to the patient individual.

209 The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to 210 request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least 211 212 equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose professional judgment the denial is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the health records, who shall make 213 214 a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual. The health care entity 215 shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician or clinical psychologist. The health care 216 entity shall permit copying and examination of the health record by such other physician or clinical 217 psychologist designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its 218 expense.

Any *health* record copied for review by the *any such designated* physician or clinical psychologist selected by the patient shall be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the *health* record that the patient's attending *individual's treating* physician or clinical psychologist determined that the patient's *individual's* review of his *health* record would be *injurious* to the patient's health or well-being *reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely* to cause substantial harm to a person referenced in the health record who is not a health care provider. G. A written consent authorization to allow release of patient an individual's health records may. but

G. A written consent authorization to allow release of patient an individual's health records may, but
 need not, be in shall substantially include the following form information:
 CONSENT AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH CARE

INFORMATION RECORDS

228

229 Patient Individual's Name---230 231 Provider Health Care Entity's Name-232 233 Person, agency or provider Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to be made-234 235 Person, agency or provider to whom disclosure is to be made 236 Information or Health Records to be disclosed-237 238 239 Purpose of Disclosure or At the Request of the Individual 240 241

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242 243 As the person signing this consent authorization, I understand that I am giving my permission to the 244 above-named provider or other named third party health care entity for disclosure of confidential health 245 care records. I understand that the health care entity may not condition treatment or payment on my 246 willingness to sign this authorization unless the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is 247 permitted by law are applicable and are set forth in this authorization. I also understand that I have the 248 right to revoke this consent authorization at any time, but that my revocation is not effective until 249 delivered in writing to the person who is in possession of my health records and that such revocation 250 will be prospective and is not effective as to health records that were already disclosed under the 251 authorization prior to delivery of my revocation. A copy of this consent authorization and a notation 252 concerning the persons or agencies to whom disclosure was made shall be included with my original 253 health records. The person who receives the records to which this consent pertains may not redisclose 254 them to anyone else without my separate written consent unless such I understand that health 255 information disclosed under this authorization might be redisclosed by a recipient is a provider who 256 makes a disclosure permitted by law and may, as a result of such disclosure, no longer be protected to 257 the same extent as such health information was protected by law while solely in the possession of the 258 health care entity.

- 259 This consent authorization expires on (date) or (event)....,,,,,,,,
- 260 Signature of Patient Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if Individual is Unable to Sign 261
- 262 *Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative*
- 263

264 *Date of Signature*

265 H. Pursuant to this subsection:

266 1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9, no party to a civil, criminal or 267 administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for another 268 party's medical health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a 269 copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other 270 party's counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the 271 subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces 272 tecum for the medical health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously 273 274 with filing the request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena.

No subpoena duces tecum for medical health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown.
When a court or administrative agency directs that medical health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the subpoena.

280 Any party requesting a subpoend duces tecum for medical *health* records or on whose behalf the
281 subpoend duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the patient *individual*282 whose *health* records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty.

In instances where medical health records being subpoended are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, the party requesting or issuing the subpoend shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness together with the copy of the request for subpoend, or a copy of the subpoend in the case of an attorney-issued subpoend, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall include the following language and the heading shall be in boldface capital letters:

288 NOTICE TO PATIENT INDIVIDUAL

289 The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the 290 subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has 291 been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor or, other health care providers (names of health 292 care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here) 293 requiring them to produce your medical health records. Your doctor or, other health care provider or 294 other health care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your medical health records. If 295 you believe your *health* records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the 296 right to file a motion with the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If 297 you elect to file a motion to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request 298 or of the attorney-issued subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to 299 determine the requirements that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to 300 contact an attorney to represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify 301 your doctor Θ , other health care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion 302 so that the *health care* provider or *health care entity* knows to send the *health* records to the clerk of

303 court or administrative agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is 304 decided. 305 2. Any party filing a request for a subpoena duces tecum or causing such a subpoena to be issued 306 for a patient's medical an individual's health records shall include a Notice to Providers in the same part 307 of the request in which the provider recipient of the subpoend duce tecum is directed where and when to 308 return the *health* records. Such notice shall be in boldface capital letters and shall include the following 309 language: 310 NOTICE TO PROVIDERS 311 A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO YOUR PATIENT OR YOUR PATIENT'S THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED 312 OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR YOUR PATIENT HAVE THAT INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO 313 FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO 314 315 FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE 316 OF THIS SUBPOENA. YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN 317 CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED 318 319 THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT: 320 NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR 321 ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE 322 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH 323 SUCH RESOLUTION. 324 IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT YOUR PATIENT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH 325 326 327 RECORDS ONLY TO THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT 328 ISSUED THE SUBPOENA OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE 329 SUBPOENA USING THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE: 330 PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED 331 ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH CARE RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE 332 333 TO BE HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE 334 SUBPOENA. THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN 335 OUTER ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR 336 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY. 337 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for medical health records, health care providers 338 *entities* shall have the duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 339 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8. 340 4. Except to deliver to a clerk of the court or administrative agency subpoenaed medical health 341 records in a sealed envelope as set forth, health care providers entities shall not respond to a subpoena 342 duces tecum for such medical health records until they have received a certification as set forth in 343 subdivisions 5 or 8 of this subsection from the party on whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was 344 issued. 345 If the health care provider *entity* has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has 346 been filed or if the health care provider entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for medical health 347 records, then the health care provider entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed 348 envelope, to the clerk of the court or administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or 349 administrative agency the action is pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the *health* 350 records under seal until a determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed 351 envelope shall only be opened on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or 352 administrative agency grants the motion to quash, the *health* records shall be returned to the health care 353 provider entity in the same sealed envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative 354 agency. In the event that a judge or administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to 355 review the *health* records in camera, a copy of the order shall accompany any *health* records returned to 356 the provider health care entity. The health records returned to the provider health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope. 357 358 5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued 359 subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the 360

359 subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the subpoenaed health care provider entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion to quash was filed. Any provider health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified medical health records by either the return date on the subpoena or 5 days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

364 6. In the event that the individual whose *health* records are being sought files a motion to quash the

365 subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the discovering party to compel disclosure of the patient's private individual's health records over the patient's individual's objections. In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i) the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

372 7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if 373 subpoenaed medical health records have been submitted by a health care provider entity to the court or administrative agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon 374 375 determining that no submitted medical health records should be disclosed, return all submitted medical 376 health records to the provider health care entity in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all 377 submitted medical health records should be disclosed, provide all the submitted medical health records 378 to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon determining that only a portion of 379 the submitted medical health records should be disclosed, provide such portion to the party on whose 380 behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining medical health records to the provider health care entity in a sealed envelope. 381

8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose
behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed
health care provider *entity* a statement of one of the following:

a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the medical health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative agency will not be returned to the provider health care entity;

b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no medical *health* records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the provider *health care entity*, the provider *health care entity* shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum are subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification, whichever is later;

c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no medical health records shall be disclosed and all medical health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the provider health care entity;

400 d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 401 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only 402 limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the *health* 403 records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall be disclosed. The certification shall also state that medical health records that were previously delivered 404 405 to the court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to 406 the provider health care entity; however, all medical health records for which disclosure has not been 407 authorized will be returned to the provider health care entity; or

e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no medical *health* records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the provider *health* care entity, the provider *health* care entity shall return only those *health* records specified in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

414 A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made 415 pursuant to this subdivision.

416 9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for medical health records
417 requested under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an
418 investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding aprovider's health care entity's conduct.

The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoenas for the medical health records of both
minors and adults and to subpoenas for the health records of individuals in connection with hearings
pursuant to Title 65.2 or any action at law brought to recover damages against any employer that is
subject to Title 65.2.

423 Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative
424 agency to issue a protective order regarding medical *health* records, including, but not limited to,
425 ordering the return of medical *health* records to a health care provider *entity*, after the period for filing a

426 motion to quash has passed.

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A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E. I. Providers Health care entities may testify about the medical health records of a patient an individual in compliance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2. 429 430