	043404412
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 455
2	Offered January 14, 2004
3	Prefiled January 13, 2004
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-2731 and 54.1-2900 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the
5	Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 54.1-2956.12 through 54.1-2956.16, relating to
6	licensure of dietitians.
7	
	Patrons—McQuigg and Hugo
8 9	
	Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions
10	
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12 13	1. That §§ 54.1-2731 and 54.1-2900 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted, and that the Code of Virginia is amonded by adding sections numbered 54.1 2056 12 through 54.1 2056 16
13 14	the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 54.1-2956.12 through 54.1-2956.16 as follows:
15	§ 54.1-2731. Prohibited terms; penalty.
16	A. No person shall hold himself out to be or advertise or permit to be advertised that such person is
17	a dietitian or nutritionist unless such person:
18	1. Has (i) received a baccalaureate or higher degree in nutritional sciences, community nutrition,
19	public health nutrition, food and nutrition, dietetics or human nutrition from a regionally accredited
20	college or university and (ii) satisfactorily completed a program of supervised clinical experience
21	approved by the Commission on Dietetic Registration of the American Dietetic Association;
22	2. Has active registration through the Commission on Dietetic Registration of the American Dietetic
23	Association;
24	3. Has an active certificate of the Certification Board for Nutrition Specialists by the Board of
25	Nutrition Specialists;
26 27	42. Has an active accreditation by the Diplomats or Fellows of the American Board of Nutrition; 53. Has a current license or certificate as a dietitian or nutritionist issued by another state; or
28	64. Has the minimum requisite education, training and experience determined by the Board of Health
2 9	Professions appropriate for such person to hold himself out to be, or advertise or allow himself to be
30	advertised as, a dietitian or nutritionist.
31	The restrictions of this section apply to the use of the terms "dietitian" and term "nutritionist" as used
32	alone or in any combination with the terms "licensed," "certified," or "registered," as those terms also
33	imply a minimum level of education, training and competence.
34	B. Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 3
35	misdemeanor.
36 37	§ 54.1-2900. Definitions.
37 38	As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Acupuncturist" means individuals approved by the Board to practice acupuncture. This is limited to
39	"licensed acupuncturist" which means an individual other than a doctor of medicine, osteopathy,
40	chiropractic or podiatry who has successfully completed the requirements for licensure established by the
41	Board (approved titles are limited to: Licensed Acupuncturist, Lic.Ac., and L.Ac.).
42	"Auricular acupuncture" means the subcutaneous insertion of sterile, disposable acupuncture needles
43	in predetermined, bilateral locations in the outer ear when used exclusively and specifically in the
44	context of a chemical dependency treatment program.
45	"Board" means the Board of Medicine.
46	"Dietitian" means an individual who has met the requirements of the Board for licensure to practice
47 48	dietetics.
40 49	"Healing arts" means the arts and sciences dealing with the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and cure or alleviation of human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities.
50	"Physician assistant" means an individual who has met the requirements of the Board for licensure
51	and who works under the supervision of a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or podiatry.
52	"Practice of acupuncture" means the stimulation of certain points on or near the surface of the body
53	by the insertion of needles to prevent or modify the perception of pain or to normalize physiological
54	functions, including pain control, for the treatment of certain ailments or conditions of the body and
55	includes the techniques of electroacupuncture, cupping and moxibustion. The practice of acupuncture
56	does not include the use of physical therapy, chiropractic, or osteopathic manipulative techniques; the
57	use or prescribing of any drugs, medications, serums or vaccines; or the procedure of auricular
58	acupuncture as exempted in § 54.1-2901 when used in the context of a chemical dependency treatment

INTRODUCED

59 program for patients eligible for federal, state or local public funds by an employee of the program who
60 is trained and approved by the National Acupuncture Detoxification Association or an equivalent
61 certifying body.

62 "Practice of athletic training" means the prevention, recognition, evaluation, and treatment of injuries 63 or conditions related to athletic or recreational activity that requires physical skill and utilizes strength, 64 power, endurance, speed, flexibility, range of motion or agility or a substantially similar injury or 65 condition resulting from occupational activity immediately upon the onset of such injury or condition; and subsequent treatment and rehabilitation of such injuries or conditions under the direction of a 66 licensed physical therapist and the patient's physician or under the direction of any doctor of medicine, 67 osteopathy, chiropractic, podiatry, or dentistry, while using heat, light, sound, cold, electricity, exercise 68 69 or mechanical or other devices.

"Practice of chiropractic" means the adjustment of the twenty-four movable vertebrae of the spinal
column, and assisting nature for the purpose of normalizing the transmission of nerve energy, but does
not include the use of surgery, obstetrics, osteopathy or the administration or prescribing of any drugs,
medicines, serums or vaccines.

74 "Practice of dietetics" or "dietetics" means the integration and application of principles derived from 75 the sciences of nutrition, biochemistry, food, physiology, management and behavioral and social sciences to achieve and maintain health through the provision of nutrition care services that shall include (i) 76 77 assessing the nutrition needs of individuals and groups based upon appropriate biochemical, 78 anthropomorphic, physical, and dietary data to determine nutrient needs and recommend appropriate 79 intake including enteral and parenteral nutrition; (ii) establishing priorities, goals, and objectives that meet nutrition needs and are consistent with available resources; (iii) providing dietetic nutrition 80 81 counseling by advising and assisting individuals or groups on appropriate nutrition intake by integrating information from the nutrition assessment with information on food and other sources of nutrients and 82 meal preparation consistent with cultural background and socioeconomic status; (iv) developing, 83 84 implementing, and managing nutrition care delivery systems; and (v) evaluating, making changes in, and 85 maintaining standards of quality in food and nutrition care services. The practice of dietetics shall 86 include medical nutrition therapy.

87 "Practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of88 human physical or mental ailments, conditions, diseases, pain or infirmities by any means or method.

89 "Practice of occupational therapy" means the evaluation, analysis, assessment, and delivery of
90 education and training in activities of daily living (ADL); the design, fabrication, and application of
91 orthoses (splints); guidance in the selection and use of adaptive equipment; therapeutic activities to
92 enhance functional performance; prevocational evaluation and training; and consultation concerning the
93 adaptation of physical environments for individuals who have disabilities.

⁹⁴ "Practice of podiatry" means the medical, mechanical and surgical treatment of the ailments of the human foot and ankle, but does not include amputation proximal to the metatarsal-phalangeal joints. The Board of Medicine shall determine whether a specific type of treatment of the foot and ankle is within the scope of practice of podiatry.

98 "Practice of radiologic technology" means the application of x-rays to human beings for diagnostic or99 therapeutic purposes.

100 "Practice of respiratory care" means the (i) administration of pharmacological, diagnostic, and 101 therapeutic agents related to respiratory care procedures necessary to implement a treatment, disease prevention, pulmonary rehabilitative, or diagnostic regimen prescribed by a practitioner of medicine or 102 103 osteopathic medicine; (ii) transcription and implementation of the written or verbal orders of a practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine pertaining to the practice of respiratory care; (iii) 104 observation and monitoring of signs and symptoms, general behavior, general physical response to 105 respiratory care treatment and diagnostic testing, including determination of whether such signs, 106 107 symptoms, reactions, behavior or general physical response exhibit abnormal characteristics; and (iv) 108 implementation of respiratory care procedures, based on observed abnormalities, or appropriate reporting, 109 referral, respiratory care protocols or changes in treatment pursuant to the written or verbal orders by a licensed practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine or the initiation of emergency procedures, 110 pursuant to the Board's regulations or as otherwise authorized by law. The practice of respiratory care 111 may be performed in any clinic, hospital, skilled nursing facility, private dwelling or other place deemed 112 113 appropriate by the Board in accordance with the written or verbal order of a practitioner of medicine or 114 osteopathic medicine, and shall be performed under qualified medical direction.

115 "Qualified medical direction" means, in the context of the practice of respiratory care, having readily 116 accessible to the respiratory care practitioner a licensed practitioner of medicine or osteopathic medicine 117 who has specialty training or experience in the management of acute and chronic respiratory disorders 118 and who is responsible for the quality, safety, and appropriateness of the respiratory services provided 119 by the respiratory care practitioner.

120 "Radiologic technologist" means an individual, other than a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy,

121 podiatry, or chiropractic, or a dentist licensed pursuant to Chapter 27 (§ 54.1-2700 et seq.) of this title,

122 who (i) performs, may be called upon to perform, or who is licensed to perform a comprehensive scope

123 of diagnostic radiologic procedures employing equipment which emits ionizing radiation and (ii) is

124 delegated or exercises responsibility for the operation of radiation-generating equipment, the shielding of

- patient and staff from unnecessary radiation, the appropriate exposure of radiographs or other procedures
 which contribute to any significant extent to the site or dosage of ionizing radiation to which a patient is
 exposed.
- "Radiologic technologist, limited" means an individual, other than a licensed radiologic technologist,
 dental hygienist or person who is otherwise authorized by the Board of Dentistry under Chapter 27 of
 this title and the regulations pursuant thereto, who performs diagnostic radiographic procedures
 employing equipment which emits ionizing radiation which is limited to specific areas of the human
 body.
- "Respiratory care" means the practice of the allied health profession responsible for the direct and
 indirect services, including inhalation therapy and respiratory therapy, in the treatment, management,
 diagnostic testing, control and care of patients with deficiencies and abnormalities associated with the
 cardiopulmonary system under qualified medical direction.
- 137 § 54.1-2956.12. Powers of the Board concerning dietitians.

The Board shall be empowered to take such actions as may be necessary to ensure the competence
and integrity of any person who claims to be a dietitian or who holds himself out to the public as a
dietitian or who engages in the practice of dietetics, and to that end it may license practitioners as
dietitians.

142 § 54.1-2956.13. Licensure of dietitians.

143 It shall be unlawful for a person to practice or to hold himself out as practicing as a dietitian unless 144 he holds a license as such issued by the Board.

- 145 § 54.1-2956.14. Exceptions to requirements for licensure as a dietitian.
- **146** *A. A license as a dietitian shall not be required for:*

147 1. Any student performing activities related to an educational program under the supervision of a
 148 licensed dietitian or any person completing the supervised practice required for licensure;

149 2. A registered dietetic technician working under the supervision and direction of a licensed 150 dietitian;

151 3. A government employee or a person under contract to the government acting within the scope of 152 such employment or contract;

4. Any health professional licensed or certified under this title when engaging in the profession forwhich he is licensed or any person working under the supervision of such a professional;

155 5. A certified teacher employed by or under contract to any public or private elementary or 156 secondary school or institution of higher education;

- 157 6. Any person with management responsibility for food service department policies, procedures or
 158 outcomes in any food service department in any program or facility licensed by the Commonwealth;
- 159 7. Any person who does not hold himself out to be a dietitian who furnishes general nutrition on
 160 food, food materials, or dietary supplements or explains to customers about foods or food products in
 161 connection with marketing and distribution of food or food products; or

162 8. Any person who provides weight control, wellness, or exercise services involving nutrition
163 provided the program has been reviewed by a licensed dietitian, no change is initiated without prior
164 approval of the dietitian, and consultation is available from a licensed dietitian.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 54.1-2956.12, any person who, prior to June 30, 2004, is
practicing in Virginia as a dietitian shall not be required to obtain a license from the Board to continue
to practice until July 1, 2006.

168 § 54.1-2956.15. Requirements for licensure as a dietitian.

169 The Board shall adopt regulations establishing requirements for licensure as a dietitian that shall170 include, but not be limited to:

171 1. At least a bachelors degree in human nutrition, nutrition education, foods and nutrition, food
172 systems management, dietetics, or public health nutrition or a related field from an accredited college
173 that meets the requirements of the Commission on Dietetic Registration;

174 2. At least 900 hours of supervised experience approved by the Commission on Dietetic Registration;
175 3. Passage of the examination for registration administered by the Commission on Dietetic
176 Registration or current registration with the Commission on Dietetic Registration; and

177 4. Documentation that the applicant for licensure has not had his license or certification as a
178 dietitian suspended or revoked and is not the subject of any disciplinary proceedings in another
179 jurisdiction.

180 § 54.1-2956.16. Advisory Board on Dietitians; membership; qualifications.

181 The Advisory Board on Dietitians, hereinafter referred to as the "Advisory Board," shall assist the

182 Board of Medicine in carrying out the provisions of this chapter regarding the qualifications,
 183 examination, licensure, and regulation of dietitians.

184 The Advisory Board shall consist of five members to be appointed by the Governor for four-year 185 terms, as follows: three members shall be dietitians who have practiced their professions in Virginia for 186 not less than three years prior to their appointments; one shall be a physician; and one shall be a 187 citizen member appointed from the Commonwealth at-large. Vacancies occurring other than by 188 expiration of term shall be filled for the unexpired term. No person shall be eligible to serve on the 189 Advisory Board for more than two successive terms.

190 Members of the Advisory Board shall receive compensation for their services and shall be
 191 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as
 192 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

193 The Department of Health Professions shall provide staff support to the Advisory Board. All agencies **194** of the Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Advisory Board, upon request.

195 The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2007.