2004 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 231]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 59.1-198 and 59.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, relating to cure offers 3 for consumer disputes involving consumer purchases.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That §§ 59.1-198 and 59.1-204 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 8 § 59.1-198. Definitions. 9

As used in this chapter:

10 "Business opportunity" means the sale of any products, equipment, supplies or services which are sold to an individual for the purpose of enabling such individual to start a business to be operated out of 11 12 his residence, but does not include a business opportunity which is subject to the Business Opportunity 13 Sales Act, Chapter 21 (§ 59.1-262 et seq.) of this title.

14 "Consumer transaction" means:

15 1. The advertisement, sale, lease, license or offering for sale, lease or license, of goods or services to be used primarily for personal, family or household purposes; 16

17 2. Transactions involving the advertisement, offer or sale to an individual of a business opportunity that requires both his expenditure of money or property and his personal services on a continuing basis 18 19 and in which he has not been previously engaged;

20 3. Transactions involving the advertisement, offer or sale to an individual of goods or services 21 relating to the individual's finding or obtaining employment; and

4. A layaway agreement, whereby part or all of the price of goods is payable in one or more 22 23 payments subsequent to the making of the layaway agreement and the supplier retains possession of the 24 goods and bears the risk of their loss or damage until the goods are paid in full according to the 25 layaway agreement.

26 "Cure offer" means a written offer of one or more things of value, including but not limited to the 27 payment of money, that is made by a supplier and that is delivered to a person claiming to have suffered a loss as a result of a consumer transaction or to the attorney for such person. A cure offer 28 29 shall be reasonably calculated to remedy a loss claimed by the person and it shall include a minimum 30 additional amount equaling 10 percent of the value of the cure offer or \$500, whichever is greater, as 31 compensation for inconvenience, any attorney's or other fees, expenses, or other costs of any kind that 32 such person may incur in relation to such loss; provided, however that the minimum additional amount 33 need not exceed \$4,000.

34 "Goods" means all real, personal or mixed property, tangible or intangible. For purposes of this 35 chapter, intangible property includes but shall not be limited to "computer information" and "informational rights" in computer information as defined in § 59.1-501.2. 36

37 "Person" means any natural person, corporation, trust, partnership, association and any other legal 38 entity.

39 "Services" includes but shall not be limited to (i) work performed in the business or occupation of 40 the supplier, (ii) work performed for the supplier by an agent whose charges or costs for such work are 41 transferred by the supplier to the consumer or purchaser as an element of the consumer transaction, or 42 (iii) the subject of an "access contract" as defined in § 59.1-501.2.

43 "Supplier" means a seller, lessor or licensor who advertises, solicits or engages in consumer 44 transactions, or a manufacturer, distributor or licensor who advertises and sells, leases or licenses goods 45 or services to be resold, leased or sublicensed by other persons in consumer transactions. 46

§ 59.1-204. Individual action for damages or penalty.

47 A. Any person who suffers loss as the result of a violation of this chapter shall be entitled to initiate an action to recover actual damages, or \$500, whichever is greater. If the trier of fact finds that the **48** 49 violation was willful, it may increase damages to an amount not exceeding three times the actual 50 damages sustained, or \$1,000, whichever is greater.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in addition to any damages awarded, 51 such person also may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees and court costs. 52

53 C. No cure offer shall be admissible in any proceeding initiated under § 59.1-204, unless the cure 54 offer is delivered by a supplier to the person claiming loss or to any attorney representing such person, 55 prior to the filing of the supplier's initial responsive pleading in such proceeding. If the cure offer is 56 timely delivered by the supplier, then the supplier may introduce the cure offer into evidence at trial.

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- The supplier shall not be liable for such person's attorney's fees and court costs incurred following delivery of the cure offer unless the actual damages found to have been sustained and awarded, without consideration of attorney's fees and court costs, exceed the value of the cure offer. 57
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