# ENGROSSED

# 2004 SESSION

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# HOUSE BILL NO. 1481

House Amendments in [] - February 16, 2004

A BILL to amend and reenact § 8.01-44.5 of the Code of Virginia, relating to exemplary damages for persons injured by intoxicated drivers.

## Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate McDonnell

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

### Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

### 10 1. That § 8.01-44.5 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 8.01-44.5. Exemplary damages for persons injured by malicious or willful or wanton drivers.

12 In any action for personal injury or death arising from the operation of a motor vehicle, engine or 13 train, the finder of fact may, in its discretion, award exemplary damages to the plaintiff if the evidence 14 proves that the defendant acted with malice toward the plaintiff or the defendant's conduct was so 15 willful or wanton as to show a conscious disregard for the rights of others.

A defendant's conduct shall be deemed sufficiently willful or wanton as to show a conscious 16 disregard for the rights of others when the evidence proves that (i) when the incident causing the injury 17 or death occurred, the defendant had a blood alcohol concentration of 0.15 percent or more by weight 18 by volume or 0.15 grams or more per 210 liters of breath; (ii) at the time the defendant began drinking 19 20 alcohol, or during the time he was drinking alcohol, he knew or should have known that his ability to 21 operate a motor vehicle, engine or train would be impaired, or when he was operating a motor vehicle 22 he knew or should have known that his ability to operate a motor vehicle was impaired; [ as a result of 23 intentional alcohol consumption ] and (iii) the defendant's intoxication was a proximate cause of the 24 injury to or death of the plaintiff.

25 However, when a defendant has unreasonably refused to submit to a test of his blood alcohol content 26 as required by § 18.2-268.2, a defendant's conduct shall be deemed sufficiently willful or wanton as to 27 show a conscious disregard for the rights of others when the evidence proves that (i) when the incident 28 causing the injury or death occurred the defendant was intoxicated [ as a result of intentional alcohol 29 *consumption*], which *intoxication* may be established by evidence concerning the conduct or condition 30 of the defendant; (ii) at the time the defendant began drinking alcohol, or during the time he was 31 drinking alcohol, he knew or should have known that his ability to operate a motor vehicle was impaired; and (iii) the defendant's intoxication was a proximate cause of the injury to the plaintiff or 32 33 death of the plaintiff's decedent. A certified copy of a court's determination of unreasonable refusal 34 pursuant to § 18.2-268.3 shall be prima facie evidence that the defendant unreasonably refused to submit 35 to the test.

[2. That the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control shall insure that all licensees are aware of
the availability of economical devices for measuring a person's blood alcohol content, and
encourage the access to such devices within a licensee's place of business, at no cost to the licensee.
Making such devices available shall not create any liability for civil damages on the part of the
licensee.