## DepartmentofPlanningandBudget 2003FiscalImpactStatement

L.	BIIINumber	SB/60			
	HouseofOrigin	n 🔀 Introduced 🔲 Substitute 🔲 Engrossed			
	SecondHouse	☐ InCom mittee ☐ Substitute ☐ Enrolled			
2.	Patron	Wampler			
3.Committee		Agriculture, Conservation, & Natural Resources			
1.	Title	Personalwatercrafteducationcourse			

- **5. Summary/Purpose:** The bill requires allowners or operators of personal water craft (popularly known as a jetski) to successfully complete aboatings a fetyeducation course approved by the Director of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries or an equivalent course in an other state or country. Currently this is only required of operators 14 or 15 years old, and of all persons renting personal water craft to others.
- 6. FiscalImpactEstimatesarepreliminary:
  - 6a. ExpenditureImpact:

FiscalYear	Dollars	<b>Positions</b>	Fund
2003-03	\$855,000	-	NGF
2004-04	\$0	-	NGF

- **6b. RevenueImpact:** None.
- **7. Budgetamendmentnecessary:** Yes, Item 392.
- 8. Fiscalimplications: The bill would require all operators of a personal water craft to complete aboatings a fetyeducation course. Since most users of personal water craft have not currently satisfied this requirement a substantial number of people will need to take such a course in order to meet the legal requirement to operate a personal water craft ton July 1,2003. Currently, there are a out 25,000 personal water craft in Virginia. The Department of Game and Inland Fisheries (DGIF) estimates there are about 3.80 per a torsper personal water craft. This would equate to a total pool of 95,000 people that need to take the boatings a fety course (assuming of course that very few people have already taken such a course).

ThecurrentsystemofvolunteersusedbyDGIFcannotsupportsuchanincreaseinvolume. Therefore, the agency will need to hir einstructors to provide the training. The course itself takes eighthours and is all day. An individual instructor can handle 25 students in each class. Assuming that 95,000 peoplemust take the course, 3,800 classes must be conducted. An instructor would cost \$25 dollars perhour for a total of \$200 perclass. If you add course materials and facility costs, the cost perclass may be a shigh as \$225. Therefore, the fiscal impact of 3,800 classes on the agency is \$855,000.

Takingintoconsiderationthattheremaybelessoperatorsthanprojected,or asignificant numberthatmayhavealreadytakenthecourse,orlowercostsperclass,thefiscalimpact maybeaslowas\$600,000(assumes3,000classesat\$200perclass).However,theremaybe ahighernumberofoperatorsorhigherperclasscoststha tcouldpushthecostshigherthan \$855,000.

The funding for the boatings af etycourses would come from the Boating Safety and Regulation Fundor the Game Protection Fund, which are the funds used for the general operations of the agency. However, the a gency cannot absorb the significant costs of providing training to 95,000 people, thus the agency would have to reduce services in other areas.

Thefiscalimpactofthisbillassumesthatallthetrainingclasseswouldtakeplacepriorto July1,2003,w henthelawwouldgointoeffect.Itislikelythatsomeofthetrainingcosts wouldbeincurredinfiscalyear2004sincesomepeoplemaynotrushtotakeacourseprior totheeffectivedateofthebill.Ifthatisthecasethetotalcostswouldbethe samebutspread overtwofiscalyears.

- **9. Specificagencyorpoliticalsubdivisionsaffected:** DepartmentofGameandInland Fisheries.
- **10.** Technicalamendmentnecessary: No.
- 11. Othercomments: None.

**Date:** 01/16/03/mst

**Document:** G:\GaSessions \2003Session \Fis\Sb760.Doc

cc:SecretaryofNaturalResources