DepartmentofPlanningandBudget 2003FiscalImpactStatement

1.	RillN	lumber	HB2772

	HouseofOrig	in Introduced	Substitute	Engrossed
	SecondHouse	InCo mmittee	Substitute	Enrolled
2.	Patron	Morgan		
3.0	Committee	Health, WelfareandIns	stitutions	

4. Title Licensureofhospiceprograms and facilities.

5. Summary/Purpose:

The billamends Article 7 of Chapter 5 of Title 32.1 of the CodeofVirginia authorizingthe expansionofhospiceservicestoincludehospicefacilities. Thebillprovidesadefinitionfor hospiceprogramandhospicefacilityandeliminatesthedefinitionofhospice;describesthe licensing, renewalandinspectioncriteria for hospic efacilities; and addresses the regulatory criteria for licensing hospice acilities. The billincludes two enactment clauses: (i) requiring theprovisions of the bill to be effective within 280 days of enactment, and (ii) directing the BoardofHealthinitscommunicationwiththepublicregardingtheimplementationofthe bill.Underthisbill,hospicefacilitieswouldhavetosubmitanapplicationforaCertificate ofPublicNeed(COPN).

6. FiscalImpactEstimatesare: Preliminary

6a. ExpenditureImpact:

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FiscalYear	Dollars	Positions	Fund
2002-03			
2003-04	\$6,500	0.00	GeneralFund
2000 0.	\$2,500	0.00	Special-COPN
2004-05	\$8,500	0.00	GeneralFund
2001 03	\$2,500	0.00	Special-COPN

6b. RevenueImpact:

FiscalYear	Dollars	Positions	Fund
2002-03			
2003-04	\$75,500	n/a	Special-COPN
2004-05	\$75,250	n/a	Special-COPN

7. Budgetamendmentne cessary: Yes –GeneralFund:Item319(RegulationofPublic Facilities and Services – Program 56100; specifically Regulation of Health Care Facilities Subprogram56103); SpecialFund -COPN: Item311 (HealthResearch, Planning and Coordination – Program 40 600)

8. Fiscalimplications:

Hospiceprogramservicesaredeliveredtopatientsbylicensedhospiceprogramsinanumber ofsettingsincluding:assistedlivingfacilities, hospitals, nursingfacilities, as well as the

homesofhospicepatients. Overt hepastfiveyears, the number of licensed hospice programs has nearly doubled and is currently 65. The proposed bill would authorize the establishment of residential and in patient hospice facilities.

Currently, Medicare, Medicaid and major private insure respay for the professional component and will reimburse for the costs of hospice facility services established under the proposed bill. Licensing agencies in each state were contacted by a mail to determine whether they had state licensing requirements for hospice facilities, as well as to determine how many hospice facilities were currently licensed. The twenty of ive states that responded included only a handful with hospice facility licensing programs; no state has more than two hospice facilities.

The Virginia Association for Hospices projects the establishment of 10 such facilities within the next two years. The average cost of licensing ahospice program on an annual basis is currently \$1,500, of which approximately \$1,000 is for salaries and fring ebene fits and \$500 is for non-personal services costs (communications, travel, meals, lodging, etc). In spection of hospice facilities will probably require an additional day on -site beyond that normally required for the existing hospice programs, result nginad ded costs of \$100 for lodging and meals. The volume of work under the proposed billis not great enough to require an additional FTE.

Otherassumptionsusedinestimatingtheexpenditureimpactareasfollows:Promulgation of new regulations is stimated to cost\$1,000 and would come from the general fund. In addition, aone -time architectural review (\$250) and aone -time lifesafety code (LSC) in spection (\$250) of the facility would be come part of the new licensing requirements and would also have to come from the general fund. Based upon the Virginia Hospice Association's opinion, an estimate of fivenewhospice facilities has been made for each of the first two years of implementation, or a total of ten for the bien nium.

Thecostimpactofan estimatedfivenewhospicefacilitiesisprojectedtobeapproximately \$6,500inyearone, whichincludes\$3,000fortravel, meals and lodging,\$2,500fortheone - timecosts for architectural review and LSC and \$1,000 for regulatory promulgation costs. With an estimated 10 new facilities by year two, the cost would be \$8,500. This second year figure of \$8,500 excludes the one - timecosts for architectural review, LSC and regulatory promulgation. These annual costs would be offset to some extent by hospice facility licensing fees collected from each new hospice facility provider, such fees to be determined by the Board of Health.

ThisbillwouldrequirehospicefacilitiestoreceiveaCertificateofPublicNeed.Theaverage COPNapplicationfeeforproposal stoestablishhospicefacilitiesisestimatedtobe\$15,000. However,morestudyisneededtodeterminewithanycertaintywhattheaveragefacilitysize andcapitalcostsofsuchprojectswouldactuallybe.IffiveentitiessubmittedCOPN applications thatwereapprovedandsubsequentlylicensedtoestablishhospicefacilitiesin FY2004andinFY2005,thetotalrevenueineachyearwouldbe\$75,500and\$75,250 respectively.ItdoesnotappearthatadditionalVDHstaffwouldbeneededtoprocessfive moreCOPNprojectsannually.Theaddedcostsofprocessingfiveapplicationsperyear wouldbeapproximately\$500fortheinformalfactfindingconferencerelatedtoeachproject.

Language in the current Appropriation Act and the 2003 Budget Bill directs that any additional COPN revenue in excess of VDH's review costs be paid to the regional Health Systems Agencies.

9. Specificagencyorpoliticalsubdivisionsaffected: VirginiaDepartmentofHealth, DepartmentofMedicalAssistanceServices,Departmentof SocialServices,HealthSystems Agencies

10. Technicalamendmentnecessary: No.

11. Othercomments: None.

Date: 1/30/03/laf

Document: G:\Fis\2003\Hb2772.Doc

cc: Secretary of Health and Human Resources