2003 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 1151

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance

on January 28, 2003)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Stolle)

4 5 6 7 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, and 40.1-103 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 3 of Chapter 12 of Title 18.2 a section numbered 18.2-510.1, and by adding a section numbered 63.2-910.1, relating to protection of infants; penalty. 8 9

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, and 40.1-103 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted, 10 11 and that the Code of Virginia is amended, by adding in Article 3 of Chapter 12 of Title 18.2 a section numbered 18.2-510.1, and by adding a section numbered 63.2-910.1 as follows: 12 13

§ 18.2-371. Causing or encouraging acts rendering children delinquent, abused, etc.; penalty.

14 Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older, including the parent of any child, who (i) willfully 15 contributes to, encourages, or causes any act, omission, or condition which renders a child delinquent, in need of services, in need of supervision, or abused or neglected as defined in § 16.1-228, or (ii) engages 16 17 in consensual sexual intercourse with a child fifteen 15 or older not his spouse, child, or grandchild, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. This section shall not be construed as repealing, modifying, or 18 in any way affecting §§ 18.2-18, 18.2-19, 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-66, and 18.2-347. 19

20 If the prosecution is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a hospital, rescue 21 squad or fire department, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this section 22 that such parent delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to a 23 rescue squad or fire department that employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 2 weeks of 24 the child's life. 25

§ 18.2-371.1. Abuse and neglect of children; penalty.

26 A. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of eighteen 27 18 who by willful act or omission or refusal to provide any necessary care for the child's health causes 28 or permits serious injury to the life or health of such child shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. For 29 purposes of this subsection, "serious injury" shall include but not be limited to (i) disfigurement, (ii) a fracture, (iii) a severe burn or laceration, (iv) mutilation, (v) maiming, (vi) forced ingestion of dangerous 30 31 substances, or (vii) life-threatening internal injuries.

B. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of eighteen 32 33 18 whose willful act or omission in the care of such child was so gross, wanton and culpable as to show 34 a reckless disregard for human life shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. If the prosecution is based solely 35 on the accused parent having left the child at a hospital, rescue squad or fire department, it shall be an 36 affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this subsection that such parent delivered the child 37 to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to a rescue squad or fire department that 38 employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 2 weeks of the child's life.

39 C. Any parent, guardian or other person having care, custody, or control of a minor child who in 40 good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and 41 practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall not, for that reason alone, be considered 42 in violation of this section. 43

§ 18.2-510.1. Duty to report childbirth; concealing birth or parents' identity; penalty.

44 A. Any woman who, without a health care professional in attendance, gives birth after more than 24 45 weeks have elapsed since the beginning of her last menstrual period and who, though she is reasonably able to do so, fails to report the birth, whether a live birth or stillbirth, within 2 weeks of the event, to 46 47 the health department or to a law-enforcement agency is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

48 B. If such birth is a stillbirth or if the infant dies prior to the birth being reported to the health 49 department or law-enforcement agency, any person who takes any action to conceal the birth or to 50 conceal the identity of a parent of an infant whose birth was not attended by a health care professional 51 and not reported as required by subsection A, from the health department or a law-enforcement agency, 52 is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

§ 40.1-103. Cruelty and injuries to children.

54 It shall be unlawful for any person employing or having the custody of any child willfully or negligently to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be 55 injured, or willfully or negligently to cause or permit such child to be placed in a situation that its life, 56 health or morals may be endangered, or to cause or permit such child to be overworked, tortured, 57 tormented, mutilated, beaten or cruelly treated. Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a 58 59 Class 6 felony.

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If the prosecution is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a hospital, rescue
squad or fire department, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this section
that such parent delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to a
rescue squad or fire department that employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 2 weeks of
the child's life.
§ 63.2-910.1. Acceptance of children by local departments of social services.

A local department of social services has the authority to take custody of abandoned children, to
arrange appropriate placements for abandoned children, including foster care, and to institute
proceedings for the termination of parental rights of abandoned children as provided in this title and
Title 16.1.

70 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

- 71 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot
- 72 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and cannot be

73 determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

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