2003 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1527

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice

on February 12, 2003)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Purkey)

- A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-278.9 of the Code of Virginia, relating to loss of driving privileges for driving under the influence or refusal to submit to blood or breath test; deferred findings.
- 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
- 10 1. That § 16.1-278.9 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

\$ 16.1-278.9. Delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm and drug offenses;
truancy.

13 A. If a court has found facts which would justify a finding that a child at least thirteen 13 years of 14 age at the time of the offense is delinquent and such finding involves (i) a violation of § 18.2-266 or of a similar ordinance of any county, city or town, (ii) a refusal to take a blood or breath test in violation 15 of § 18.2-268.2, (iii) a felony violation of §§ 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1 or § 18.2-250, (iv) a misdemeanor 16 17 violation of §§ 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or § 18.2-250 or a violation of § 18.2-250.1, (v) the unlawful purchase or possession of alcohol in violation of § 4.1-305 or the unlawful drinking or possession of 18 19 alcoholic beverages in or on public school grounds in violation of § 4.1-309, (vi) public intoxication in 20 violation of § 18.2-388 or a similar ordinance of a county, city or town, (vii) the unlawful use or possession of a handgun or possession of a "streetsweeper" as defined below, or (viii) a violation of § 18.2-83, the court shall order that the child be denied a driver's license. In addition to any other 21 22 23 penalty authorized by this section, if the offense involves a violation designated under clause (i) and the 24 child was transporting a person seventeen 17 years of age or younger, the court shall impose the additional fine and order community service as provided in § 18.2-270. If the offense involves a 25 violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (viii), the denial of a driver's license shall be for a 26 27 period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of seventeen 17, whichever is longer, for a first 28 such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of eighteen 18, whichever is 29 longer, for a second or subsequent such offense. If the offense involves a violation designated under 30 clause (iv), (v) or (vi) the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of six months unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of sixteen 16 years and three months, in which case the 31 32 child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of six months following the 33 date he reaches the age of sixteen 16 and three months. If the offense involves a violation designated 34 under clause (i), (ii), (v) or (vi), the court shall impose the license sanction without entering a judgment 35 of guilt and shall defer disposition of the delinquency charge until such time as the court disposes of the 36 case pursuant to subsection F of this section. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause 37 (iii) or (iv), the court shall impose the license sanction and shall dispose of the delinquency charge 38 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the offense involves a violation designated 39 under clause (vii), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of not less than thirty 30 days, 40 except when the offense involves possession of a concealed handgun or a striker 12, commonly called a 41 "streetsweeper," or any semi-automatic folding stock shotgun of like kind with a spring tension drum 42 magazine capable of holding twelve shotgun shells, in which case the denial of driving privileges shall 43 be for a period of two 2 years unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of sixteen 16 years and three 3 months, in which event the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be 44 delayed for a period of two years following the date he reaches the age of sixteen 16 and three months. 45

A1. If a court finds that a child at least thirteen 13 years of age has failed to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in § 22.1-258, the court shall order the denial of the child's driving privileges for a period of not less than thirty 30 days. If such failure to comply involves a child under the age of sixteen 16 years and three months, the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of not less than thirty 30 days following the date he reaches the age of sixteen 16 and three months.

52 If the court finds a second or subsequent such offense, it may order the denial of a driver's license 53 for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of eighteen 18, whichever is longer, or 54 delay the child's ability to apply for a driver's license for a period of one year following the date he 55 reaches the age of sixteen 16 and three months, as may be appropriate.

56 B. Any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the time of the court's finding 57 as provided in subsection A1 shall be ordered to surrender his driver's license, which shall be held in 58 the physical custody of the court during any period of license denial.

59 C. The court shall report any order issued under this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles,

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60 which shall preserve a record thereof. The report and the record shall include a statement as to whether

the child was represented by or waived counsel or whether the order was issued pursuant to subsectionA1 of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of this chapter or

63 the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys

64 for the Commonwealth and courts. No other record of the proceeding shall be forwarded to the

65 Department of Motor Vehicles unless the proceeding results in an adjudication of guilt pursuant to subsection F.

67 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any child denied a68 driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of69 withdrawal of the order of denial under subsection E.

D. If the finding as to the child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (vi) of subsection A, the child may be referred to a certified alcohol safety action program in accordance with \$ 18.2-271.1 upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vii) or (viii) of subsection A, such child may be referred to appropriate rehabilitative or educational services upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth.

76 The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a 77 restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any child who has a driver's license at the time of the 78 offense or at the time of the court's finding as provided in subsection A1 for any of the purposes set 79 forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school, except that no restricted license 80 shall be issued if the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, or if it involves a second or subsequent violation of any offense designated in subsection 81 A or a second finding by the court of failure to comply with school attendance and meeting 82 requirements as provided in subsection A1. The issuance of the restricted permit shall be set forth within 83 84 the court order, a copy of which shall be provided to the child, and shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the child as is reasonably necessary to 85 86 identify him. The child may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in accordance with its terms. 87 Any child who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section 88 shall be guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

E. Upon petition made at least ninety 90 days after issuance of the order, the court may review and withdraw any order of denial of a driver's license if for a first such offense or finding as provided in subsection A1. For a second or subsequent such offense or finding, the order may not be reviewed and withdrawn until one year after its issuance.

93 F. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (v), (v) or 94 (vii) of subsection A, upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions prescribed by the court and after the child's driver's license has been restored, the court shall or, in the event the violation resulted in the 95 96 injury or death of any person or if the finding involves a violation designated under clause (i) or (ii) of subsection A, may discharge the child and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal 97 98 under these provisions shall be without an adjudication of guilt but a record of the proceeding shall be 99 retained for the purpose of applying this section in subsequent proceedings. Failure of the child to fulfill 100 such terms and conditions shall result in an adjudication of guilt. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed 101 102 pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or 103 § 18.2-251.