

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-316.2 and 19.2-316.3 of the Code of Virginia, relating to participation in detention and diversion programs.

[S 136]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 19.2-316.2 and 19.2-316.3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 19.2-316.2. Eligibility for participation in detention center incarceration program; evaluation; sentencing; withdrawal or removal from program.

A. A defendant who otherwise would have been sentenced to incarceration for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1 or who has been previously incarcerated for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1 but otherwise meets the following criteria and (i) who is determined by the court to need more security or supervision than provided by the diversion center incarceration program under § 53.1-67.7, (ii) whose age or physical condition disqualifies him from the Boot Camp Incarceration Program under § 53.1-67.1, and (iii) who can benefit from a regimented environment and structured program, may be considered for commitment to a detention center as established under § 53.1-67.8 as follows:

1. Following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence or following a finding that the defendant's probation should be revoked, upon motion of the defendant *or the attorney for the Commonwealth or upon the court's own motion*, the court may order such defendant committed to the Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed sixty days from the date of commitment for evaluation and diagnosis by the Department to determine suitability for participation in the Detention Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis shall include a complete physical and mental examination of the defendant and may be conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation and parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

2. Upon determination that (i) such defendant is physically and emotionally suited for the program, (ii) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the defendant, and (iii) facilities are available for the confinement of the defendant, the Department shall recommend to the court in writing that the defendant be committed to the Detention Center Incarceration Program.

3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the court that the defendant will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following successful completion of the program, and if the defendant would otherwise be committed to the Department, the court (i) shall impose sentence, suspend the sentence, and place the defendant on probation or (ii) following a finding that the defendant has violated the terms and conditions of his probation previously ordered, shall place the defendant on probation pursuant to this section. Such probation shall be conditioned upon the defendant's entry into and successful completion of the Detention Center Incarceration Program. The court shall order that, upon successful completion of the program, the defendant shall be released from confinement and be under intensive probation supervision for a period to be specified by the court followed by an additional period of regular probation of not less than one year. The court shall further order that the defendant, following release from confinement, shall ~~(i)~~ (a) make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, ~~(ii)~~ (b) comply with a plan of restitution or community service, ~~(iii)~~ (c) comply with a plan for payment of fines, if any, and costs of court, and ~~(iv)~~ (d) undergo appropriate substance abuse treatment, if necessary. The court may impose such other terms and conditions of probation as it deems appropriate.

4. Upon the defendant's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall cause the defendant to show cause why his probation and suspension of sentence should not be revoked. Upon a finding that the defendant voluntarily withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for intractable behavior, or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court may revoke all or part of the probation and suspended sentence and commit the defendant as otherwise provided in this chapter.

B. Any offender as described in § 19.2-316.1 paroled under § 53.1-155 or mandatorily released under § 53.1-159 and for whom probable cause that a violation of parole or *of the terms and conditions of* mandatory release, other than for the occurrence of a new felony or Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor,

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has been determined under § 53.1-165, may be considered by the Parole Board for commitment to a detention center as established under § 53.1-67.8 as follows:

1. The Parole Board or its authorized hearing officer, with the violator's consent, may order the violator to be evaluated and diagnosed by the Department of Corrections to determine suitability for participation in the Detention Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation or parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the violator and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the violator, the Department shall recommend to the Parole Board in writing that the violator be committed to the Detention Center Incarceration Program. The Department shall have the final authority to determine an individual's suitability for the program.

3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the Parole Board that the violator will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following successful completion of the program, the violator shall be placed under parole supervision for a period of not less than one year. The Parole Board may impose such other terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release as it deems appropriate. The time spent in the program shall not be counted as service of any part of a term of imprisonment for which he was sentenced upon his conviction.

4. Upon the violator's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release, the Department shall conduct a preliminary parole violation hearing to determine if probable cause exists to revoke his parole or mandatory release. Upon a finding that the violator voluntarily withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for intractable behavior, or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release, the Parole Board shall revoke parole or mandatory release and recommit the violator as provided in § 53.1-165.

§ 19.2-316.3. Eligibility for participation in diversion center incarceration program; evaluation; sentencing; withdrawal or removal from program; payment for costs.

A. A defendant (i) who otherwise would have been sentenced to incarceration for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1 and who the court determines requires more security or supervision than provided by intensive probation supervision or (ii) whose suspension of sentence would otherwise be revoked after a finding that the defendant has violated the terms and conditions of probation for a nonviolent felony as defined in § 19.2-316.1, may be considered for commitment to a diversion center as established under § 53.1-67.7 as follows:

1. Following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence or following a finding that the defendant's probation should be revoked, upon motion of the defendant *or the attorney for the Commonwealth or upon the court's own motion*, the court may order such defendant committed to the Department of Corrections for a period not to exceed forty-five days from the date of commitment for evaluation and diagnosis by the Department to determine suitability for participation in the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation and parole office, or other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the defendant and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the defendant, the Department shall recommend to the court in writing that the defendant be committed to the Diversion Center Incarceration Program.

3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the court that the defendant will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following successful completion of the program, and if the defendant would otherwise be committed to the Department, the court (i) shall impose sentence, suspend the sentence, and place the defendant on probation pursuant to this section or (ii) following a finding that the defendant has violated the terms and conditions of his probation previously ordered, shall place the defendant on probation pursuant to this section. Such probation shall be conditioned upon the defendant's entry into and successful completion of the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The court shall order that, upon successful completion of the program, the defendant shall be released from confinement and be under intensive probation supervision for a period to be specified by the court followed by an additional period of regular probation of not less than one year. The court shall further order that the defendant, prior to release from confinement, shall ~~(i)~~ (a) make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, ~~(ii)~~ (b) comply with a plan of restitution or community service, ~~(iii)~~ (c) comply with a plan for payment of fines, if any, and costs of court, and ~~(iv)~~ (d) undergo substance abuse treatment, if necessary. The court may impose such other terms and conditions of probation as it deems appropriate.

118 4. Upon the defendant's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by
119 the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the
120 terms and conditions of probation, the court shall cause the defendant to show cause why his probation
121 and suspension of sentence should not be revoked. Upon a finding that the defendant voluntarily
122 withdrew from the program, was removed from the program by the Department for intractable behavior,
123 or failed to comply with the terms and conditions of probation, the court may revoke all or part of the
124 probation and suspended sentence, and commit the defendant as otherwise provided in this chapter.

125 B. Any offender as described in § 19.2-316.1 paroled under § 53.1-155 or mandatorily released under
126 § 53.1-159 and for whom probable cause that a violation of parole or *of the terms and conditions of*
127 mandatory release, other than the occurrence of a new felony or Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor, has
128 been determined under § 53.1-165, may be considered by the Parole Board for commitment to a
129 diversion center as established under § 53.1-67.7 as follows:

130 1. The Parole Board or its authorized hearing officer, with the violator's consent, may order the
131 violator to be evaluated and diagnosed by the Department of Corrections to determine suitability for
132 participation in the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The evaluation and diagnosis may be
133 conducted by the Department at any state or local correctional facility, probation or parole office, or
134 other location deemed appropriate by the Department.

135 2. Upon determination that (i) such commitment is in the best interest of the Commonwealth and the
136 violator and (ii) facilities are available for the confinement of the violator, the Department shall
137 recommend to the Parole Board in writing that the violator be committed to the Diversion Center
138 Incarceration Program. The Department shall have the final authority to determine an individual's
139 suitability for the program.

140 3. Upon receipt of such a recommendation and a determination by the Parole Board that the violator
141 will benefit from the program and is capable of returning to society as a productive citizen following
142 successful completion of the program and if the violator would otherwise be committed to the
143 Department, the Parole Board shall restore the violator to parole supervision conditioned upon entry into
144 and successful completion of the Diversion Center Incarceration Program. The Parole Board shall order
145 that, upon successful completion of the program, the violator shall be placed under parole supervision
146 for a period of not less than one year. The Parole Board may impose such other terms and conditions of
147 parole or mandatory release as it deems appropriate. The time spent in the program shall not be counted
148 as service of any part of a term of imprisonment for which he was sentenced upon his conviction.

149 4. Upon the violator's (i) voluntary withdrawal from the program, (ii) removal from the program by
150 the Department for intractable behavior as defined in § 19.2-316.1, or (iii) failure to comply with the
151 terms and conditions of parole or mandatory release, the Parole Board may revoke parole or mandatory
152 release and recommit the violator as provided in § 53.1-165.

153 C. A person sentenced pursuant to this article shall be required to pay an amount to be determined
154 by the Board of Corrections pursuant to regulation to defray the cost of his keep.