## 2002 SESSION

022823890 **HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 164** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Rules 4 5 6 on February 25, 2002) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Pollard) Proclaiming support for the revitalization of the Virginia oyster industry. 7 WHEREAS, diseases of MSX and dermo have devastated the landings of oysters in Virginia; and 8 WHEREAS, in 1995 the General Assembly through House Joint Resolution No. 450 directed the 9 Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences to begin research on nonnative oyster species for possible use in 10 the Chesapeake Bay; and 11 WHEREAS, the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences, by following the international protocol for the introduction of nonnative species, has learned that Crassostrea ariakensis is a fast-growing, 12 13 disease-resistant oyster with significant market potential; and 14 WHEREAS, prior to the 1980's, annual oyster harvests averaged nearly one million bushels per year, 15 and since 1990 the average annual oyster harvest has been less than 50,000 bushels and in steady 16 decline as evidenced by a total harvest of only 20,000 bushels in 2001; and WHEREAS, in 1985 the ovster industry's dockside value was \$7,141,000; and 17 18 WHEREAS, in 1994 the oyster industry's dockside value was only \$812,387; and WHEREAS, Virginia's oyster industry is the only national oyster industry without a ready-stock of 19 20 available oysters; and WHEREAS, restoration efforts of *Crassostrea virginica* are being attempted, but it will likely be 21 22 many years, if ever, before a disease-resistant strain of Virginia's native oyster can be successfully 23 grown for commercial markets; and 24 WHEREAS, Virginia's oyster industry will likely not survive without some Virginia-grown stock for 25 market use; and 26 WHEREAS, the genetic breeding of triploid strains has proven to be a highly effective control 27 against normal reproductive function when applied to oysters; and 28 WHEREAS, other protocols to prevent reproduction can further substantially lessen the degree of 29 non-intended introduction of breeding stock so that the risk of such introduction is extremely low; and 30 WHEREAS, the Virginia Seafood Council has specifically endorsed the responsible use of genetically sterile Crassostrea ariakensis with proper aquaculture protocol developed by the Virginia Institute of 31 32 Marine Sciences; and 33 WHEREAS, the Virginia Institute of Marine Sciences, on November 28, 2001, released a statement 34 indicating that development of a protocol for the commercial aquaculture of triploid strains of 35 Crassostrea ariakensis can be accomplished with proper partnering of scientific evaluation; and 36 WHEREAS, any adult oyster, whether native or nonnative, filters more than fifty gallons of water per day and therefore is ecologically beneficial; and 37 38 WHEREAS, the counties of Accomack, Essex, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, Northampton, 39 Northumberland, Richmond and Westmoreland, respectively, have all adopted resolutions in support of 40 the introduction of *Crassostrea ariakensis*; and now, therefore, be it 41 RESOLVED by the House of Delegates, the Senate concurring, That the General Assembly proclaim 42 its support for the revitalization of the Virginia oyster industry. RÉSOLVED FURTHER That the General Assembly proclaim its support for the continuation of 43 efforts to establish commercial aquaculture production of genetically sterile Crassostrea ariakensis 44 within the guidelines and parameters called for or established by the Virginia Institute of Marine 45 Sciences and the Virginia Marine Resources Commission; and, be it 46 47 RESOLVED FURTHER That the General Assembly proclaim its support for the Virginia Institute of **48** Marine Sciences, the Chesapeake Bay Foundation, and other qualified scientific bodies performing the research necessary to assess the ecological risks of introducing the Crassostrea ariakensis into Virginia's 49 public waters; and that if such research fails to prove, within three years, that the Crassostrea ariakensis 50 51 will be clearly harmful to the public waters of the Commonwealth, then the General Assembly requests the introduction of the reproductive disease-resistant *Crassostrea ariakensis* into the public waters of the 52 53 Commonwealth pursuant to guidelines and parameters established by the Virginia Institute of Marine 54 Sciences and the Virginia Marine Resources Commission; and be it RESOLVED FINALLY, That the General Assembly renew Virginia's commitment to increase the 55 native oyster by ten-fold by 2010 as outlined in the Chesapeake 2000 Agreement and encourage the 56 continued and expanded federal-state cooperative efforts and the efforts of private organizations in this 57 58 endeavor.

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