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## HOUSE BILL NO. 1049

Offered January 9, 2002 Prefiled January 9, 2002

A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-199.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to at-risk four-year-olds.

Patrons—Darner, Almand, Brink, Christian, Crittenden, Spruill and Van Landingham

Referred to Committee on Education

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

## 10 1. That § 22.1-199.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 22.1-199.1. Programs designed to promote educational opportunities.

A. The General Assembly finds that Virginia educational research supports the conclusion that poor children are more at risk of educational failure than children from more affluent homes and that reduced pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes result in improved academic performance among young children; to this end, the General Assembly establishes a long-term goal of reducing pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes for grades K through 3 in those schools in the Commonwealth with high or moderate concentrations of at-risk students.

18 With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act for this purpose, there is hereby established 19 the statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reduction program for the purpose of reaching 20 the long-term goal of statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reductions for grades K 21 through 3 in schools with high or moderate concentrations of at-risk students, consistent with the 22 provisions provided in the appropriation act.

23 In order to facilitate these primary grade ratio and class size reductions, the Department of Education 24 shall calculate the state funding of these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the 25 incremental cost of providing the lower class sizes according to the greater of the division average per-pupil cost of all divisions or the actual division per-pupil cost. Localities shall provide matching 26 27 funds for these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the composite index of local ability to 28 pay. School divisions shall notify the Department of Education of their intention to implement the 29 reduced ratios and class sizes in one or more of their qualifying schools by August 1 of each year. By 30 March 31 of each year, school divisions shall forward data substantiating that each participating school 31 has a complying pupil/teacher ratio.

In developing each proposed biennium budget for public education, the Board of Education shall
 include funding for these ratios and class sizes. These ratios and class sizes shall be included in the
 annual budget for public education.

B. The General Assembly finds that educational technology is one of the most important
components, along with highly skilled teachers, in ensuring the delivery of quality public school
education throughout the Commonwealth. Therefore, the Board of Education shall strive to incorporate
technological studies within the teaching of all disciplines. Further, the General Assembly notes that
educational technology can only be successful if teachers and administrators are provided adequate
training and assistance. To this end, the following program is established.

With such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, the Board of Education shall award to the
several school divisions grants for expanded access to educational technology. Funding for educational
technology training for instructional personnel shall be provided as set forth in the appropriation act.

Funds for improving the quality and capacity of educational technology shall also be provided as set 44 forth in the appropriation act, including, but not limited to, (i) funds for providing a technology resource 45 46 assistant to serve every elementary school in this Commonwealth beginning on July 1, 1998, (ii) funds for implementing the Family Involvement in Technology program as established in § 22.1-212.2:3, and 47 (iii) funds to maintain the currency of career and technical education programs. Any local school board 48 49 accepting funds to hire technology resource assistants, implement the Family Involvement in Technology 50 program or maintain currency of career and technical education programs shall commit to providing the 51 required matching funds, based on the composite index of local ability to pay.

Each qualifying school board shall establish an individualized technology plan, which shall be approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for integrating technology into the classroom and into schoolwide instructional programs, including career and technical education programs. The grants shall be prioritized as follows:

56 1. In the 1994 biennium, the first priority for these funds shall be to automate the library media
57 centers and provide network capabilities in Virginia's elementary, middle and high schools, or
58 combination thereof, in order to ensure access to the statewide library and other information networks. If

HB1049

any elementary, middle or high school has already met this priority, the 1994 biennium grant shall be used to provide other educational technologies identified in the relevant division's approved technology plan, such as multimedia and telecomputing packages, integrated learning systems, laptop computer loan programs, career and technical education laboratories or other electronic techniques designed to enhance public education and to facilitate teacher training in and implementation of effective instructional technology. The Board shall also distribute, as provided in the appropriation act, funds to support the purchase of electronic reference materials for use in the statewide automated reference system.

2. In the 1996 biennium and thereafter, the first priority for funding shall be consistent with those 66 components of the Board of Education's revised six-year technology plan which focus on (i) retrofitting 67 and upgrading existing school buildings to efficiently use educational technology; (ii) providing (a) one 68 69 network-ready multimedia microcomputer for each classroom, (b) a five-to-one ratio of pupils to network-ready microcomputers, (c) graphing calculators and relevant scientific probes/sensors as required 70 71 by the Standards of Learning, and (d) training and professional development on available technologies and software to all levels and positions, including professional development for personnel delivering 72 career and technical education at all levels and positions; and (iii) assisting school divisions in 73 74 developing integrated voice-, video-, and data-connectivity to local, national and international resources.

This funding may be used to implement a local school division's long-range technology plan, at the
discretion of the relevant school board, if the local plan meets or exceeds the goals and standards of the
Board's revised six-year technology plan and has been approved by the Superintendent of Public
Instruction.

3. The Departments of Education, Information Technology, and General Services shall coordinate
 master contracts for the purchase by local school boards of the aforementioned educational technologies
 and reference materials.

4. Beginning on July 1, 1998, a technology replacement program shall be, with such funds as may be 82 83 appropriated for this purpose, implemented to replace obsolete educational hardware and software. As 84 provided in § 22.1-129 D, school boards may donate obsolete educational technology hardware and 85 software which are being replaced. Any such donations shall be offered to other school divisions and to preschool programs in the Commonwealth, or to public school students as provided in guidelines to be 86 87 promulgated by the Board of Education. Such guidelines shall include criteria for determining student 88 eligibility and need; a reporting system for the compilation of information concerning the number and 89 socioeconomic characteristics of recipient students; and notification of parents of the availability of such 90 donations of obsolete educational hardware and software.

91 5. In fiscal year 2000, the Board of Education shall, with such funds as are appropriated for this 92 purpose, contract for the development or purchase of interactive educational software and other instructional materials designed as tutorials to improve achievement on the Standards of Learning 93 94 assessments. Such interactive educational software and other instructional materials may be used in 95 media centers, computer laboratories, libraries, after-school or before-school programs or remedial programs by teachers and other instructional personnel or provided to parents and students to be used in 96 97 the home. This interactive educational software and other instructional materials shall only be used as 98 supplemental tools for instruction, remediation, and acceleration of the learning required by the K 99 through 12 Standards of Learning objectives.

100 Consistent with school board policies designed to improve school-community communications and 101 guidelines for providing instructional assistance in the home, each school division shall strive to 102 establish a voice mail communication system after regular school hours for parents, families, and 103 teachers by the year 2000.

104 C. The General Assembly finds that effective prevention programs designed to assist children at risk 105 of school failure and dropout are practical mechanisms for reducing violent and criminal activity and for ensuring that Virginia's children will reach adulthood with the skills necessary to succeed in the 106 107 twenty-first century; to this end, the following program is hereby established. With such funds as are 108 appropriated for this purpose, the General Assembly hereby establishes a grant program to be disbursed 109 by the Department of Education to schools and community-based organizations to provide quality preschool programs for at-risk four-year-olds who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk 110 111 five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten.

112 The grants shall be used to provide at least half-day services for the length of the school year for 113 at-risk four-year-old children who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk five-year-olds 114 who are not eligible to attend kindergarten. The services shall include quality preschool education, health 115 services, social services, parental involvement including activities to promote family literacy, and 116 transportation.

117 The Department of Education, in cooperation with such other state agencies that may coordinate
118 child day care and early childhood programs, shall establish guidelines for quality preschool education
119 and criteria for the service components, consistent with the findings of the November 1993 study by the
120 Board of Education, the Department of Education, and the Council on Child Day Care and Early

121 Childhood Programs.

122 The guidelines for quality preschool education and criteria for preschool education services may be 123 differentiated according to the agency providing the services in order to comply with various relevant federal or state requirements. However, the guidelines for quality preschool education and the criteria for 124 125 preschool education services shall require when such services are being provided by the public schools 126 of the Commonwealth, and may require for other service providers, that (i) one teacher shall be 127 employed for any class of nine students or less, (ii) if the average daily membership in any class 128 exceeds nine students but does not exceed eighteen, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the 129 class, and (iii) the maximum class size shall be eighteen students.

130 School divisions may apply for and be granted waivers from these guidelines by the Department of131 Education.

132 During the 1995-1996 fiscal year, the Board of Education shall, with such funds as are appropriated
133 for this purpose, distribute grants, based on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant
134 per child, as specified in the appropriation act, for thirty percent of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds in
135 the Commonwealth pursuant to the funding provided in the appropriation act.

136 During the 1996-1997 fiscal year and thereafter, grants shall be distributed, with such funds as are 137 appropriated for this purpose, based on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant per 138 child, as specified in the appropriation act, for at least sixty percent of the unserved at-risk 139 four-year-olds and five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten in the Commonwealth, such 140 sixty percent to be calculated by adding services for thirty percent more of the unserved at-risk children 141 to the thirty percent of unserved at-risk children in each locality provided funding in the appropriation 142 act.

143 Local school boards may elect to serve more than sixty percent of the at-risk four-year-olds and may 144 use federal funds or local funds for this expansion or may seek funding through this grant program for 145 such purposes. Grants may be awarded, if funds are available in excess of the funding for the sixty 146 percent allocation, to expand services to at-risk four-year-olds beyond the sixty percent goal.

147 During the 2002-2003 fiscal year and thereafter, grants shall be distributed, as specified in the 148 appropriation act, based on an allocation formula providing full funding of the state share of the grant 149 per child for 100 percent of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds and five-year-olds who are not eligible 150 to attend kindergarten in the Commonwealth, such 100 percent to be calculated by adding services for 151 forty percent more of the unserved at-risk children to the sixty percent of unserved at-risk children in 152 each locality provided funding in the appropriation act, and providing state funding for each locality 153 that has been delivering these services without receiving state funding therefor.

In order for a locality to qualify for these grants, the local governing body shall commit to providing the required matching funds, based on the composite index of local ability to pay. Localities may use, for the purposes of meeting the local match, local or other nonstate expenditures for existing qualifying programs and shall also continue to pursue and coordinate other funding sources, including child care subsidies.

159 Funds received through this program shall be used to supplement, not supplant, any local funds 160 currently provided for preschool programs within the locality; however, in those localities that have not 161 been the recipients of any state share for these services prior to the 2001-2002 fiscal year, local 162 appropriations for less than the amount appropriated by the local government for these programs in the 163 2001-2002 fiscal year shall not be construed as supplanting of state funds, if the amount appropriated 164 by the relevant local government for these programs in the 2001-2002 fiscal year exceeds the amount 165 required for the local matching funds in the 2002-2003 fiscal year, based on the composite index of 166 local ability to pay.

167 D. The General Assembly finds that local autonomy in making decisions on local educational needs 168 and priorities results in effective grass-roots efforts to improve education in the Commonwealth's public 169 schools only when coupled with sufficient state funding; to this end, the following block grant program 170 is hereby established. With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act, the Department of 171 Education shall distribute block grants to localities to enable compliance with the Commonwealth's 172 requirements for school divisions in effect on January 1, 1995. Therefore, for the purpose of such 173 compliance, the block grant herein established shall consist of a sum equal to the amount appropriated 174 in the appropriation act for the covered programs, including the at-risk add-on program; dropout 175 prevention, specifically Project YES; Project Discovery; English as a second language programs, 176 including programs for overage, nonschooled students; Advancement Via Individual Determination 177 (AVID); the Homework Assistance Program; programs initiated under the Virginia Guaranteed 178 Assistance Program, except that such funds shall not be used to pay any college expenses of 179 participating students; Reading Recovery; and school/community health centers. Each school board may use any funds received through the block grant to implement the covered programs and other programs 180 designed to save the Commonwealth's children from educational failure. 181

E. In order to reduce pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes in elementary schools, from such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, each school board may employ additional classroom teachers, remedial teachers, and reading specialists for each of its elementary schools over the requirements of the Standards of Quality. State and local funding for such additional classroom teachers, remedial teachers, and reading specialists shall be apportioned as provided in the appropriation act.