2001 SESSION

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1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 324
2 3	Offered January 10, 2001
3 4	Prefiled January 3, 2001 Establishing a joint subcommittee to study the feasibility and appropriateness of providing universal,
5	voluntary education for four-year-olds in Virginia public schools.
6	
7	Patron—Puller
8 9	Referred to Committee on Rules
10	WHEREAS, quality preschool educational efforts have received renewed attention in recent years as
11 12	studies continue to indicate that children acquire information more effectively in the years preceding
12	kindergarten; and WHEREAS, educators and policymakers agree that expanding early learning opportunities may
14	reduce the disparity in academic achievement between racial and economic groups; and
15	WHEREAS, at the federal level, Head Start, a program of preschool development for low-income
16	children instituted during the Johnson administration as part of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964
17 18	(Pub. L. No. 88-452), has demonstrated success in improving pupils' intellectual and emotional development; and
19	WHEREAS, although some studies have questioned the lasting effects of these initial positive
20	experiences for these children, educators and policymakers have continued to revisit and retool preschool
21	initiatives to ensure program quality and more sustained results; and
22 23	WHEREAS, preschool initiatives, like Head Start, may be especially beneficial if supplemented by parental efforts to stimulate infants and to remain involved in their children's educational endeavors
23 24	throughout early elementary school; and
25	WHEREAS, the value of well-crafted early childhood initiatives has been borne out in recent studies
26	indicating that at-risk children enrolled in quality preschool programs are five times less likely to
27 28	become chronic criminal offenders; and WHEREAS, several states have recently reinforced their efforts in preschool education, such as North
20 29	Carolina, where the Smart Start Program targets the school readiness and social development of
30	preschool children; and
31	WHEREAS, the North Carolina Partnership for Children has received a \$527,000 grant to establish
32 33	the National Smart Start Technical Assistance Center to aid other states in creating early childhood initiatives; and
34	WHEREAS, in Maryland, legislators are examining all-day kindergarten, the accreditation of child
35	care centers, and continuing education for child care workers; and
36 37	WHEREAS, the Commonwealth's commitment to addressing the educational and developmental needs of these students is evidenced in several initiatives, including the work of the Commission on
38	Early Childhood and Child Day Care Programs, created "to study and provide recommendations"
	addressing the need for quality developmental early childhood and child day care programs and
40 41	services"; and WHEPEAS the 10 member Commission was smare other things to determine the number of
41	WHEREAS, the 19-member Commission was, among other things, to determine the number of at-risk four-year-olds in the Commonwealth and the number of such children who are not enrolled in
43	developmental early childhood or child day care programs and develop a mechanism for the phased
44	integration of and funding for quality developmental early childhood and child day care programs; and
45 46	WHEREAS, the General Assembly has expressed in § 22.1-199.1 its finding that "effective prevention programs designed to assist children at risk of school failure and dropout are practical
40	mechanisms for reducing violent and criminal activity and for ensuring that Virginia's children will reach
48	adulthood with the skills necessary to succeed in the twenty-first century" and created a grant program
49	for schools and community-based organizations to "provide quality preschool programs for at-risk
50 51	four-year-olds who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten"; and
51 52	eligible to attend kindergarten"; and WHEREAS, these grants are to be used to provide at least half-day services, including "quality
53	preschool education, health services, social services, parental involvement including activities to promote
54	family literacy, and transportation" for the length of the school year for at-risk four-year-old children
55 56	who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend
50 57	kindergarten; and WHEREAS, the General Assembly has provided various levels of funding for this initiative, based
58	on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant per child, as specified in the

59 appropriation act, for various percentages of unserved at-risk four-year-olds and five-years-olds not 60 eligible to attend kindergarten; and

61 WHEREAS, pursuant to Item 143 C 12 of the 2000-2002 biennial budget, funding is based on 62 providing a state share of a \$5,400 grant for 60 percent of unserved four-year-olds in each locality, and 63 localities desiring to obtain this funding must supply a local match, based on the composite index of 64 local ability-to-pay; and

65 WHEREAS, pursuant to the Code of Virginia, local school boards may elect to serve more than 60 percent of the at-risk four-year-olds and may use federal funds or local funds for this expansion or may 66 seek funding through this grant program for such purposes, and grants may be awarded, "if funds are 67 available in excess of the funding for the sixty percent allocation, to expand services to at-risk 68 four-year-olds beyond the sixty percent goal"; and 69

70 WHEREAS, Tidewater educators estimate that 15 to 20 percent of eligible students are not currently 71 served by a local preschool initiative or by the state's program for at-risk four-year-olds; and

WHEREAS, expanding the Commonwealth's funding to provide for universal, voluntary delivery of 72 73 preschool services for at-risk four-year-olds requires careful examination of a variety of educational, 74 fiscal, and other policy issues; now, therefore, be it

75 RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, That a joint subcommittee be established to study the feasibility and appropriateness of providing universal, voluntary education for 76 77 four-year-olds in the public schools. The joint subcommittee shall consist of 10 legislative members as 78 follows: four members of the Senate, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Privileges and 79 Elections, and six members of the House of Delegates, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House in 80 accordance with the principles of proportional representation contained in the Rules of the House.

In conducting its study, the joint subcommittee shall consider, among other things, (i) the work and 81 recommendations of the Commission on Early Childhood and Child Day Care Programs; (ii) the administration, implementation, and funding of the current program for at-risk four-year-olds; (iii) 82 83 current participation levels by local school divisions; (iv) relevant federal laws and regulations relating 84 to preschool education and development; and (v) other issues as it deems appropriate. 85 86

The direct costs of this study shall not exceed \$10,000.

87 The Division of Legislative Services shall provide staff support for the study. All agencies of the 88 Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the joint subcommittee, upon request.

89 The joint subcommittee shall complete its work in time to submit its findings and recommendations 90 to the Governor and the 2002 Session of the General Assembly as provided in the procedures of the 91 Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents.

92 Implementation of this resolution is subject to subsequent approval and certification by the Joint 93 Rules Committee. The Committee may withhold expenditures or delay the period for the conduct of the

94 study.