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SENATE BILL NO. 1119

Offered January 10, 2001 Prefiled January 10, 2001

A BILL to establish a pilot program of mental health courts in the Commonwealth.

Patron—Edwards

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Whereas, the tightening of state laws regulating involuntary hospitalization and the downsizing of state psychiatric hospitals has led some persons with mental illness to slip through the cracks in the community mental health system, ending up homeless, psychotic and arrested by police; and

Whereas, an estimated 283,000 mentally ill offenders were incarcerated in the nation's state and federal prisons and local jails and an additional 547,800 persons with mental illness were on probation in the community according to a report issued in 1999 by the U. S. Department of Justice; and

Whereas, the U. S. Department of Justice also found that 16 percent of all inmates in state and federal jails have a severe mental illness; and

Whereas, the mission of mental health courts is to increase public safety and deal humanely with individuals with mental disorders who enter the criminal justice system; and

Whereas, in 1999, Broward County, Florida, and King County, Washington, instituted Mental Health Courts whose goals are to provide effective cooperation between the mental health treatment system and the criminal justice system, offer faster case processing time, improve access to public mental health treatment services, improve public safety and reduce the rate of return of persons with mental illness through the courts and jail; and

Whereas, on November 13, 2000, President Clinton signed into law landmark legislation that establishes a national mental health courts demonstration program for nonviolent offenders with severe mental illnesses that seeks to divert such offenders from jails and place them into appropriate community programs; and

Whereas, this law authorizes appropriations of \$10 million a year for fiscal years 2001 through 2004 for grants to states and municipalities to establish up to 100 programs across the nation to hear all cases involving individuals with severe mental illnesses charged with misdemeanors or nonviolent felonies with the purpose of diverting as many of these cases as possible away from criminal incarceration into appropriate mental health treatment services, and funds would also support specialized training for law-enforcement and judicial personnel to identify and address the unique needs of people with serious mental illness that come into contact with the criminal justice system; now, therefore, be it

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. § 1. The Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court shall provide for the establishment of at least two and no more than five mental health courts in the Commonwealth, to commence operation by January 1, 2002. The mental health courts shall be established and administered so as to be eligible for federal funding under "America's Law Enforcement and Mental Health Project." The Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court shall apply for any federal grants or other funding available to establish such courts. The Executive Secretary shall report to the General Assembly on the effectiveness and utilization of the mental health courts by January 1, 2004.