2000 SESSION

008246500 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 721** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on General Laws 4 5 6 7 on March 6, 2000 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Mims) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 55-510, 55-510.1, 55-513 and 55-516 of the Code of Virginia, relating to property owners' associations. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That §§ 55-510, 55-510.1, 55-513 and 55-516 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 10 as follows: 11 § 55-510. Access to association records; meetings of the board of directors. 12 A. The association shall keep detailed records of receipts and expenditures affecting the operation and administration of the association. All financial books and records shall be kept in accordance with 13 generally accepted accounting practices. 14 15 B. Subject to the provisions of subsection C, all books and records kept by or on behalf of the 16 association, including, but not limited to, the association's membership list and addresses, which shall 17 not be used for purposes of pecuniary gain or commercial solicitation, and aggregate salary information of employees of the association, shall be available for examination and copying by a member in good 18 standing or his authorized agent so long as the request is for a proper purpose related to his membership 19 20 in the association. This right of examination shall exist without reference to the duration of membership and may be exercised (i) only during reasonable business hours or at a mutually convenient time and 21 location and (ii) upon five days' written notice reasonably identifying the purpose for the request and the 22 23 specific books and records of the association requested. 24 C. Books and records kept by or on behalf of an association may be withheld from inspection and 25 copying to the extent that they concern: 26 1. Personnel matters *relating to specific, identified persons* or a person's medical records; 27 2. Communications with legal counsel or attorney work product; 28 3. TransactionsContracts, leases, and other commercial transactions to purchase or provide goods or 29 services, currently in or under negotiation; 30 4. 3. Pending or probable litigation. Probable litigation means those instances where there has been 31 a specific threat of litigation from a party or the legal counsel of a party; 32 5. 4. Matters involving state or local administrative or other formal proceedings before a government 33 tribunal for enforcement of the association documents or rules and regulations promulgated pursuant 34 thereto to § 55-513; 35 5. Communications with legal counsel which relates to subdivisions 1 through 4 or which is 36 protected by the attorney-client privilege or the attorney work product doctrine; 37 6. Disclosure of information in violation of law; 38 7. Meeting minutes or other *confidential* records of an executive session of the board of directors 39 held in accordance with subsection \hat{C} of § 55-510.1 C; 40 8. Documentation, correspondence or management or board reports compiled for or on behalf of the 41 association or the board by its agents or committees for consideration by the board *in executive session*; 42 or 43 9. Individual unit owner or member files, other than those of the requesting lot owner, including any 44 individual lot owner's or member's files kept by or on behalf of the association. 45 D. The association may impose and collect a charge, reflecting the actual and reasonable costs of materials and labor, prior to providing copies of any books and records to a member in good standing 46 47 under this section. **48** E. Meetings of the association shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the bylaws at least 49 once each year after the formation of the association. The bylaws shall specify an officer who shall, at 50 least fourteen days in advance of any annual or regularly scheduled meeting, and at least seven days in 51 advance of any other meeting, send to each member notice of the time, place, and purposes of such 52 meeting. Notice shall be sent by United States mail to all members at the address of their respective lots 53 and to such other addresses as any of them may have designated to such officer; or notice may be hand 54 delivered by the officer, provided the officer certifies in writing that notice was delivered to the 55 member. 56 § 55-510.1. Meetings of the board of directors. 57 A. All meetings of the board of directors shall be open to all members of record. Minutes shall be

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recorded and shall be available as provided in *subsection B of* § 55-510 B.
B. Notice including the time, date and place of each meeting of the board of directors shall be

60 furnished to any member who requests such information. Requests by a member to be notified on a

61 continual basis shall be made at least once a year in writing and include the member's name, address, and zip code. Notice, reasonable under the circumstances, of special or emergency meetings shall be 62 63 given contemporaneously with the notice provided members of the association's board of directors

64 conducting the meeting.

65 Unless otherwise exempt as relating to a elosedan executive session pursuant to subsection C, at least 66 one copy of all agenda packets and materials furnished to members of an association's board of directors for a meeting shall be made available for inspection by the membership of the association at the same 67 68 time such documents are furnished to the members of the board of directors.

Any member may make an audio recording of any portion of a meeting required to be open. The 69 board of directors conducting the meeting may adopt rules governing the placement and use of 70 71 equipment necessary for recording a meeting to prevent interference with the proceedings.

72 If a meeting is conducted by telephone conference or video conference or similar electronic means, at least two members of the board of directors shall be physically present at the meeting place included 73 in the notice. The audio equipment shall be sufficient for any member in attendance to hear what is said 74 75 by any member of the board of directors participating in the meeting who is not physically present.

76 Voting by secret or written ballot in an open meeting shall be a violation of this chapter except for 77 the election of officers.

78 C. The board of directors may convene in *closedexecutive* session to consider personnel matters; 79 consult with legal counsel; discuss and consider contracts, potential or pending or probable litigation 80 and matters involving violations of the declaration or rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto for 81 which a member, his family members, tenants, guests or other invitees are responsible; or discuss and consider the personal liability of members to the association, upon the affirmative vote in an open 82 meeting to assemble in *closedexecutive* session. The motion shall state specifically the purpose for the 83 84 elosedexecutive session. Reference to the motion and the stated purpose for the elosedexecutive session 85 shall be included in the minutes. The board of directors shall restrict the consideration of matters during 86 the closed such portions of meetings to only those purposes specifically exempted and stated in the 87 motion. No contract, motion or other action adopted, passed or agreed to in *closed executive* session shall 88 become effective unless the board of directors, following the elosed executive session, reconvenes in open 89 meeting and takes a vote on such contract, motion or other action which shall have its substance 90 reasonably identified in the open meeting. The requirements of this section shall not require the 91 disclosure of information in violation of law.

92 D. Subject to reasonable rules adopted by the board of directors, the board of directors shall 93 provide a designated period of time during a meeting to allow members an opportunity to comment on 94 any matter relating to the association. During a meeting at which the agenda is limited to specific 95 topics or at a special meeting, the board of directors may limit the comments of members to the topics 96 listed on the meeting agenda. 97

§ 55-513. Adoption and enforcement of rules.

98 A. The board of directors of the association shall have the power to establish, adopt, and enforce 99 rules and regulations with respect to use of the common areas and with respect to such other areas of 100 responsibility assigned to the association by the declaration, except where expressly reserved by the declaration to the members. Rules and regulations may be adopted by resolution and shall be reasonably 101 102 published or distributed throughout the development. A majority of votes cast, in person or by proxy, at a meeting convened in accordance with the provisions of the association's bylaws and called for that 103 104 purpose, shall repeal or amend any rule or regulation adopted by the board of directors. Rules and regulations may be enforced by any method normally available to the owner of private property in 105 Virginia, including, but not limited to, application for injunctive relief or damages, during which the 106 court may award to the association court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. 107

108 B. The board of directors of the association shall also have the power, to the extent the declaration 109 or rules and regulations duly adopted pursuant thereto expressly so provide, to (i) suspend a member's right to use facilities or services, including utility services, provided directly through the association for 110 111 nonpayment of assessments which are more than sixty days past due, to the extent that access to the lot through the common areas is not precluded and provided that such suspension shall not endanger the 112 health, safety, or property of any owner, tenant, or occupant and (ii) assess charges against any member 113 for any violation of the declaration or rules and regulations for which the member or his family 114 members, tenants, guests, or other invitees are responsible. 115

116 Before any such charges or suspension may be imposed, the member shall be given an opportunity to 117 be heard and to be represented by counsel before the board of directors or other tribunal specified in the 118 documents. Notice of a hearing, including the charges or other sanctions that may be imposed, shall be hand delivered or mailed by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the member at the 119 120 address of record with the association at least fourteen days prior to the hearing.

The amount of any charges so assessed shall not be limited to the expense or damage to the 121

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122 association caused by the violation, but shall not exceed fifty dollars for a single offense or ten dollars 123 per day for any offense of a continuing nature and shall be treated as an assessment against the 124 member's lot for the purposes of § 55-516. However, the total charges for any offense of a continuing 125 nature shall not be assessed for a period exceeding ninety days.

126 The hearing result shall be hand delivered or mailed by registered or certified mail, return receipt

127 requested, to the member at the address of record with the association within three days of the hearing. 128

§ 55-516. Lien for assessments.

129 A. Once perfected, the association shall have a lien on every lot for unpaid assessments levied 130 against that lot in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and all lawful provisions of the 131 declaration. The lien, once perfected, shall be prior to all other subsequent liens and encumbrances 132 except (i) real estate tax liens on that lot, (ii) liens and encumbrances recorded prior to the recordation 133 of the declaration, and (iii) sums unpaid on and owing under any mortgage or deed of trust recorded prior to the perfection of said lien. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the priority of 134 135 mechanics' and materialmen's liens. Notice of a memorandum of lien to a holder of a credit line deed of 136 trust under § 55-58.2 shall be given in the same fashion as if the association's lien were a judgment.

137 B. The association, in order to perfect the lien given by this section, shall file before the expiration 138 of twelve months from the time *the first* such assessment became due and payable in the clerk's office 139 of the circuit court in the county or city in which such development is situated, a memorandum, verified 140 by the oath of the principal officer of the association, or such other officer or officers as the declaration 141 may specify, which contains the following:

142 1. The name of the development;

143 2. A description of the lot;

144 3. The name or names of the persons constituting the owners of that lot;

145 4. The amount of unpaid assessments currently due or past due relative to such lot together with the 146 date when each fell due;

147 5. The date of issuance of the memorandum;

148 6. The name of the association and the name and current address of the person to contact to arrange 149 for payment or release of the lien; and

150 7. A statement that the association is obtaining a lien in accordance with the provisions of the 151 Virginia Property Owners' Association Act as set forth in Chapter 26 (§ 55-508 et seq.) of Title 55.

152 It shall be the duty of the clerk in whose office such memorandum is filed as hereinafter provided to 153 record and index the same as provided in subsection D, in the names of the persons identified therein as 154 well as in the name of the association. The cost of recording and releasing the memorandum shall be 155 taxed against the person found liable in any judgment or decree enforcing such lien.

156 C. Prior to filing a memorandum of lien, a written notice shall be sent to the property owner by 157 certified mail, at the property owner's last known address, informing the property owner that a 158 memorandum of lien will be filed in the circuit court clerk's office of the applicable city or county. The 159 notice shall be sent at least ten days before the actual filing date of the memorandum of lien.

160 D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, or any other provision of law requiring documents to be recorded in the miscellaneous lien books or the deed books in the clerk's office of any 161 162 court, on or after July 1, 1989, all memoranda of liens arising under this section shall be recorded in the 163 deed books in the clerk's office. Any memorandum shall be indexed in the general index to deeds, and 164 the general index shall identify the lien as a lien for lot assessments.

165 E. No suit to enforce any lien perfected under subsection B shall be brought after twenty-four 166 months from the time when the memorandum of lien was recorded; however, the filing of a petition to enforce any such lien in any suit wherein the petition may be properly filed shall be regarded as the 167 168 institution of a suit under this section. Nothing herein shall extend the time within which any such lien 169 may be perfected.

170 F. The judgment or decree in an action brought pursuant to this section shall include, without 171 limitation, reimbursement for costs and reasonable attorney's fees, together with of the prevailing party. 172 If the association prevails, it may also recover interest at the maximum lawful legal rate for the sums 173 secured by the lien from the time each such sum became due and payable.

174 G. When payment or satisfaction is made of a debt secured by the lien perfected by subsection B 175 hereof, the lien shall be released in accordance with the provisions of § 55-66.3. Any lien which is not 176 so released shall subject the lien creditor to the penalty set forth in subdivision A (1) of § 55-66.3. For 177 the purposes of § 55-66.3, the principal officer of the association, or any other officer or officers as the 178 declaration may specify, shall be deemed the duly authorized agent of the lien creditor.

179 H. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit actions at law to recover sums for which 180 subsection A hereof creates a lien, maintainable pursuant to § 55-515.

181 I. At any time after perfecting the lien pursuant to this section, the property owners' association may 182 sell the unit at public sale, subject to prior liens, conducted in compliance with the following:

183 1. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivision 2, the property owners' association shall 184 give written notice of the time, date and place of any proposed sale in execution of the lien by personal 185 delivery or by mail to (i) the present owner of the property to be sold at his last known address as such 186 owner and address appear in the records of the property owners' association, (ii) any lienholder who 187 holds a note against the property secured by a deed of trust recorded at least thirty days prior to the 188 proposed sale and whose address is recorded with the deed of trust, and (iii) any assignee of such a note 189 secured by a deed of trust provided the assignment and address of the assignee are likewise recorded at 190 least thirty days prior to the proposed sale. Mailing a copy of the advertisement or the notice containing 191 the same information to the owner by certified or registered mail no less than fourteen days prior to 192 such sale and to lienholders and their assigns, at the addresses noted in the memorandum of lien, by 193 ordinary mail no less than fourteen days prior to such sale, shall be a sufficient compliance with the 194 requirement of notice.

195 2. The advertisement of sale by the property owners' association shall be in a newspaper having a 196 general circulation in the city or county wherein the property to be sold, or any portion thereof, lies 197 pursuant to the following provisions:

198 a. The property owners' association shall advertise once a week for four successive weeks; however, 199 if the property or some portion thereof is located in a city or in a county immediately contiguous to a 200 city, publication of the advertisement five different days, which may be consecutive days, shall be 201 deemed adequate. The sale shall be held on any day following the day of the last advertisement which is 202 no earlier than eight days following the first advertisement nor more than thirty days following the last 203 advertisement.

204 b. Such advertisement shall be placed in that section of the newspaper where legal notices appear or 205 where the type of property being sold is generally advertised for sale. The advertisement of sale, in 206 addition to such other matters as the property owners' association finds appropriate, shall set forth a 207 description of the property to be sold, which description need not be as extensive as that contained in the deed of trust, but shall identify the property by street address, if any, or, if none, shall give the 208 209 general location of the property with reference to streets, routes, or known landmarks. Where available, 210 tax map identification may be used but is not required. The advertisement shall also include the date, 211 time, place, and terms of sale and the name of the property owners' association. It shall set forth the 212 name, address and telephone number of the representative, agent, or attorney who may be able to 213 respond to inquiries concerning the sale.

214 c. In addition to the advertisement required by subdivisions a and b above, the property owners' 215 association shall give such other further and different advertisement as the association finds appropriate.

216 3. In the event of postponement of sale, which postponement shall be at the discretion of the 217 property owners' association, advertisement of such postponed sale shall be in the same manner as the 218 original advertisement of sale.

219 4. Failure to comply with the requirements for advertisement contained in this section shall, upon 220 petition, render a sale of the property voidable by the court. 221

5. In the event of a sale, the property owners' association shall have the following powers and duties:

a. Written one-price bids may be made and shall be received by the property owners' association 222 223 from any person for entry by announcement at the sale. Any person other than a member of the property owners' association may bid at the foreclosure sale, including a person who has submitted a 224 225 written one-price bid. Upon request to the property owners' association, any other bidder in attendance at 226 a foreclosure sale shall be permitted to inspect written bids.

b. The property owners' association may require of any bidder at any sale a cash deposit of as much 227 228 as ten percent of the sale price before his bid is received, which shall be refunded to him if the property 229 is not sold to him. The deposit of the successful bidder shall be applied to his credit at settlement, or if 230 such bidder fails to complete his purchase promptly, the deposit shall be applied to pay the costs and 231 expenses of the sale, and the balance, if any, shall be retained by the property owners' association in 232 connection with that sale.

233 c. The property owners' association shall receive and receipt for the proceeds of sale, no purchaser 234 being required to see to the application of the proceeds, and apply the same in the following order: first, 235 to the reasonable expenses of sale; second, to the satisfaction of all taxes, levies and assessments, with 236 costs and interest; third, to the satisfaction of the lien for the owners' assessments; fourth, to the 237 satisfaction in the order of priority of any remaining inferior claims of record; and fifth, to pay the 238 residue of the proceeds to the owner or his assigns; provided, however, that the association as to such 239 residue shall not be bound by any inheritance, devise, conveyance, assignment or lien of or upon the 240 owner's equity, without actual notice thereof prior to distribution.

241 2. That the Virginia Housing Study Commission shall review the operation of property owners associations covered by the Property Owners Association Act (§ 55-508 et seq.) and whether the 242 243 Real Estate Board should be charged with the investigation and resolution of alleged violations of 244 state law involving such associations. In conducting its review, the Commission shall consider the

- 245 authority possessed by the Real Estate Board to conduct investigations and to take enforcement
- 246 action under the Condominium Act (§ 55-79.39 et seq.). The Commission shall complete its work 247 in time to submit its findings and report to the 2001 session of the General Assembly as provided
- 247 In this to submit its midnigs and report to the 2001 session of the General Assembly as provided 248 in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative
- 249 documents.