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SENATE BILL NO. 233

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee on Finance
on February 28, 2000)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Trumbo)

*A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-3812 of the Code of Virginia, relating to taxation of telecommunications service.***Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:****1. That § 58.1-3812 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 58.1-3812. Telegraph and telephone companies.

A. ~~Any~~ Subject to the limitations contained in subsection C, any county, city or town may impose a tax on a taxable purchase by a consumer of local telecommunication service if the consumer's service address is located in such county, city or town. Except as otherwise provided, the tax shall not be imposed at a rate in excess of twenty percent of the monthly gross charge to a consumer and shall not be applicable to any amount so charged in excess of fifteen dollars per month for a residential consumer; however, any county, city or town that on July 1, 1972, imposed a tax in excess of limits specified herein may continue to impose such a tax in excess of such limits, but no more. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the tax may be imposed only at a rate equal to ten percent of the monthly gross charge to a consumer of mobile local telecommunication and shall not be applicable to any amount so charged in excess of thirty dollars per month for each mobile service consumer. No county, city or town that currently is not collecting the tax on mobile local telecommunication service shall begin to collect the tax on mobile local telecommunication service before September 1, 1994, for bills sent to consumers on and after that date. However, any county with a population of at least 68,000 but not more than 69,000, any city with a population of at least 40,000 but not more than 41,000, and any city with a population of at least 66,000 but not more than 67,000 shall conform with the provisions of this section in accordance with the following schedule:

Fiscal Year	Rate	Cap
1994-95	10%	None
1995-96	10%	\$100
1996-97	10%	\$50
July 1, 1997		
and thereafter		Full Conformity

B. Any tax enacted pursuant to the provisions of this section or any change in a tax or structure already in existence shall not be effective until 120 days subsequent to written notice by certified mail from the county, city or town imposing such tax or change thereto, being received by the registered agent of the service provider that is required to collect the tax.

C. ~~Any county tax imposed hereunder shall not apply~~ *No county shall impose a tax hereunder within the limits of any incorporated town located within such county which when such town constitutes a separate school district and such town imposes a town tax authorized by this section, provided that such town (i) provides police or fire protection, and water or sewer services, provided that any such town served by a sanitary district or any such town with a population between 250 and 350 people which formerly provided its own water and sewer and is now served by a water and sewer service authority providing water or sewer services or any such town which formerly provided water and sewer services and is now served by the county in which it is located pursuant to an agreement between the town and the county shall be deemed to be providing such water or sewer services itself, or (ii) constitutes a special school district and is operated as a special school district under a town school board of three members appointed by the town council. No county shall impose a tax hereunder within the limits of any incorporated town located within such county when such town has enacted an ordinance on or before January 1, 2000, to impose a tax hereunder and such ordinance remains in effect. Except as provided in this subsection, no town shall impose a tax hereunder if the county within which such town is located imposes a county tax authorized by this section.*

D. Any county, city or town may provide for an exemption from the tax for any public safety agency as defined in § 58.1-3813.

E. Any city with a population of not less than 27,000 and not more than 28,500 may provide an exemption from the tax for any church or religious body entitled to an exemption pursuant to Article 4 (§ 58.1-3650 et seq.) of Chapter 36. Any city providing such exemption shall provide the telephone account numbers of all exempted churches and religious bodies to all service providers required to

59 collect the tax as part of the notice required pursuant to subsection B.

60 F. A service provider of local telecommunication services shall collect the tax from the consumer by
61 adding the tax to the monthly gross charge for such services. The tax shall, when collected, be stated as
62 a distinct item separate and apart from the monthly gross charge. Until the consumer pays the tax to the
63 service provider, the tax shall constitute a debt of the consumer to the county, city or town. If any
64 consumer refuses to pay the tax, the service provider shall notify the county, city or town. After the
65 consumer pays the tax to the service provider, the taxes collected shall be deemed to be held in trust by
66 the service provider until remitted to the county, city or town.

67 G. A service provider shall remit monthly to each county, city or town the amount of tax billed
68 during the preceding month to consumers with a service address in that county, city or town, less any
69 discount allowed under § 58.1-3816.1.

70 H. No county, city or town may impose the tax on consumers of mobile local telecommunication
71 service unless it also imposes the tax on the consumers of the other forms of local telecommunication
72 services.

73 I. Any consumer shall be entitled to a refund from the county, city or town imposing the tax equal to
74 the amount of any tax the consumer paid to a jurisdiction outside of the Commonwealth if such tax was
75 legally imposed in such other jurisdiction; however, the amount of credit or refund shall not exceed the
76 tax paid to the county, city or town on such purchase.

77 J. As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

78 "Affiliated group" shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in subdivision C 10 of § 58.1-3703,
79 except, for purposes of this article, the word "entity" shall be substituted for the word "corporation"
80 whenever it is used in that section.

81 "Bad debts" means any portion of a debt related to a sale of local telecommunication services, the
82 gross charges for which are not otherwise deductible or excludable, that has become worthless or
83 uncollectible, as determined under applicable federal income tax standards. If the portion of the debt
84 deemed to be bad is subsequently paid, the service provider shall report and pay the tax on that portion
85 during the reporting period in which the payment is made.

86 "Consumer" means a person who, individually or through agents, employees, officers, representatives,
87 or permittees, makes a taxable purchase of local telecommunication services.

88 "Enhanced services" means services that employ computer processing applications to act on the
89 format, code, or protocol or similar aspects of the information transmitted; provide additional, different,
90 or restructured information; or involve interaction with stored information.

91 "Gross charges" means, subject to the exclusions of this section, the amount charged or paid for the
92 taxable purchase of local telecommunication services. However, "gross charges" shall not include the
93 following:

94 1. Charges or amounts paid that vary based on the distance and/or elapsed transmission time of the
95 communication that are separately stated on the consumer's bill or invoice.

96 2. Charges or amounts paid for customer equipment, including such equipment that is leased or
97 rented by the customer from any source, if such charges or amounts paid are separately identifiable from
98 other amounts charged or paid for the provision of local telecommunication services on the service
99 provider's books and records.

100 3. Charges or amounts paid for administrative services, including, without limitation, service
101 connection and reconnection, late payments, and roamer daily surcharges.

102 4. Charges or amounts paid for special features that are not subject to taxation under § 4251 of the
103 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

104 5. Charges or amounts paid that are (i) the tax imposed by § 4251 of the Internal Revenue Code of
105 1986, as amended, or (ii) any other tax or surcharge imposed by statute, ordinance or regulatory
106 authority.

107 6. Bad debts.

108 "Local telecommunication service," subject to the exclusions stated in this section, includes, without
109 limitation, the two-way local transmission of messages through use of switched local telephone services;
110 telegraph services; teletypewriter; local cellular mobile radio telecommunication services; specialized
111 mobile radio; stationary two-way radio; or any other form of two-way mobile and portable
112 communications.

113 "Local telephone service," subject to the exclusions stated in this section, includes any service subject
114 to federal taxation as local telephone service as that term is defined in § 4252 of the Internal Revenue
115 Code of 1986, as amended, or any successor statute.

116 "Mobile local telecommunication service" means any two-way mobile or portable local
117 telecommunication service, including cellular mobile radio telecommunication service and specialized
118 mobile radio.

119 "Mobile service consumer" means a person having a telephone number for mobile local
120 telecommunication service who has made a taxable purchase of such service or on whose behalf another

121 person has made a taxable purchase of such service.

122 "Mobile service provider" means every person engaged in the business of selling mobile local
123 telecommunication services to consumers.

124 "Residential consumer" shall not include any consumer of mobile local telecommunication service.

125 "Service address" means the location of the telecommunication equipment from which the
126 telecommunication is originated or at which the telecommunication is received by a consumer. However,
127 if the service address is not a defined location, as in the case of mobile telephones, maritime systems,
128 air-to-ground systems and the like, service address shall mean the location of the subscriber's primary
129 use of the telecommunication equipment within the licensed service area. A mobile service provider may
130 obtain a signed statement from a consumer indicating which county, city or town within the licensed
131 service area is the location of the consumer's primary use of the telecommunication equipment. A
132 mobile service provider shall be entitled to rely absolutely on a consumer's signed statement and shall
133 remit the taxes collected to the county, city or town identified by the consumer. In the absence of a
134 signed statement by a consumer, a mobile service provider shall identify the county, city or town of the
135 consumer's primary use and shall remit the tax to such county, city or town based on any other
136 reasonable method, including, without limitation, the consumer's billing address, service address, or
137 telephone number within the licensed service area.

138 "Service provider" means every person engaged in the business of selling local telecommunication
139 services to consumers.

140 "Taxable purchase" means the acquisition of telecommunication services for consumption or use;
141 however, taxable purchase does not include (i) the provision of telecommunications among members of
142 an affiliated group of entities by a member of the group for their own exclusive use and consumption
143 and (ii) the purchase of telecommunications for resale in the subsequent provision of
144 telecommunications, including, without limitation, carrier access charges, right of access charges, and
145 charges for use of intercompany facilities; however, the acquisition of telecommunications by a provider
146 of enhanced services is not the purchase of telecommunications for resale, even when the cost of the
147 telecommunications is separately stated to the purchaser of the enhanced services, as long as the primary
148 object of the purchase of the telecommunications by the provider is for the provision of enhanced
149 services and not telecommunications. A person may make tax-free purchases of telecommunications for
150 resale if the person provides to the service provider a sworn affidavit indicating that the person's
151 purchases are nontaxable sales for resale.