## **2000 SESSION**

005217508 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 183** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 34 56 7 (Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice on February 13, 2000) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Norment) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-270, 18.2-271. 46.2-301, 46.2-357, 46.2-389, 46.2-391, 46.2-394 and 46.2-395 of the Code of Virginia, relating to suspended and 8 revoked driver's licenses; penalties. 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-270, 18.2-271, 46.2-301, 46.2-357, 46.2-389, 46.2-391, 46.2-394 10 11 and 46.2-395 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 18.2-36.1. Certain conduct punishable as involuntary manslaughter. 12 13 A. Any person who, as a result of driving under the influence in violation of subdivision (ii), (iii), or 14 (iv) of § 18.2-266 or any local ordinance substantially similar thereto unintentionally causes the death 15 of another person, shall be guilty of involuntary manslaughter. B. If, in addition, the conduct of the defendant was so gross, wanton and culpable as to show a 16 17 reckless disregard for human life, he shall be guilty of aggravated involuntary manslaughter, a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one nor more than twenty years, one year of 18 19 which shall be a mandatory, minimum term of imprisonment. 20 C. The provisions of this section shall not preclude prosecution under any other homicide statute. 21 This section shall not preclude any other revocation or suspension required by law. The driver's license 22 of any person convicted under this section shall be revoked pursuant to subsection B of § 46.2-391. 23 D. Upon a conviction under subsection A or B of this section, the court shall revoke such person's 24 driver's license for an indefinite period. However, upon expiration of three years of the revocation 25 period, the person may petition the circuit court of his residence for a restricted license to authorize such 26 person to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth in the course of his employment and to and from 27 his home to the place of his employment. The court may order that a restricted license for such a person be issued in accordance with subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, if the court is satisfied from the evidence 28 29 presented that the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself or others 30 with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. The court may prohibit the person to whom the restricted 31 license is issued from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified 32 ignition interlock system during all or any part of the term for which the restricted license is issued in accordance with the provisions set forth in §-18.2-270.1. However, prior to acting on the petition, the 33 34 court shall order that an evaluation of the person be conducted by the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action 35 Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court. The Virginia Alcohol Safety Action 36 Program shall during the term of the restricted license monitor the person's compliance with the terms of 37 the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation of such restrictions, or any of the conditions set by 38 the court related thereto, shall be reported to the court, and the court shall hold a hearing to determine if 39 the license should be revoked. No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall permit any 40 person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License 41 Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). This section shall not prohibit a person from operating any farm tractor on 42 the highways when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural 43 purposes to another tract of land used for agricultural purposes, provided that the distance between the 44 said tracts of land is no more than five miles. 45 E. Upon expiration of five years of the revocation period hereunder, such person may petition the circuit court of his residence for restoration of his privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the 46 47 Commonwealth. On such petition, and for good cause shown, the court may, in its discretion, restore to the person the privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth on whatever conditions the court **48** 49 may prescribe, subject to the provisions of law relating to issuance of driver's licenses, if the court is 50

satisfied from the evidence presented that the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and 51 welfare of himself or others with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person be conducted by the Virginia Alcohol 52 53 Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court.

54 F. Any person convicted of driving a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i) 55 while his license is revoked pursuant to subsection D of this section or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted license issued pursuant to such subsection shall be punished as follows: 56

1. If such driving does not, of itself, endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person 57 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for no more than ninety days or a 58 59 fine of not more than \$2,500, or both. However, ten days of any such confinement shall not be

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60 suspended except in cases designated in subdivision 2 (ii) of this subsection.

2. If such driving of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or takes place while such 61 62 person is in violation of § 18.2-266, irrespective of whether the driving of itself endangers the life, limb 63 or property of another and one of the offender's underlying convictions is for a violation of subsection A or B of this section, § 18.2-51.4, § 18.2-266 or a parallel local ordinance, such person shall be guilty of 64 65 a felony punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years or, in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, by 66 67 confinement in jail for twelve months; no portion of such sentence shall be suspended. However, (i) if the sentence is for more than one year in a state correctional facility, any portion of such sentence in **68** 69 excess of one year may be suspended or (ii) in cases wherein an operation is necessitated in situations 70 of apparent extreme emergency which require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any 71 part thereof, may be suspended.

72 3. If any such offense of driving is a second or subsequent violation, the person shall be punished as 73 provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers the 74 life, limb, or property of another.

75 G. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection F, following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to 76 77 be evaluated for and to participate in the Boot Camp Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.1, or 78 the Detention Center Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.2, or the Diversion Center 79 Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.3. 80

§ 18.2-51.4. Maiming, etc., of another resulting from driving while intoxicated.

81 A. Any person who, as a result of driving while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266 or any local ordinance substantially similar thereto in a manner so gross, wanton and culpable as to show a reckless disregard for human life, unintentionally causes the serious bodily injury of another person resulting in 82 83 84 permanent and significant physical impairment shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. The drivers' license of 85 any person convicted under this section shall be revoked pursuant to subsection B of § 46.2-391.

B. Upon a conviction under subsection A of this section, the court shall revoke such person's driver's 86 87 license for an indefinite period. However, upon expiration of three years of the revocation period, the 88 person may petition the circuit court of his residence for a restricted license to authorize such person to 89 drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth in the course of his employment and to and from his home 90 to the place of his employment. The court may order that a restricted license for such a person be issued 91 in accordance with subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented 92 that the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself or others with regard 93 to the driving of a motor vehicle. The court may prohibit the person to whom the restricted license is issued from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock 94 system during all or any part of the term for which the restricted license is issued in accordance with 95 the provisions set forth in § 18.2-270.1. However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order 96 97 that an evaluation of the person be conducted by the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court. The Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program shall 98 99 during the term of the restricted license monitor the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the court. Any violation of such restrictions, or any of the conditions set by the 100 court related thereto, shall be reported to the court, and the court shall hold a hearing to determine if the 101 102 license should be revoked. No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall permit any 103 person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License 104 Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). This section shall not prohibit a person from operating any farm tractor on 105 the highways when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural 106 purposes to another tract of land used for agricultural purposes, provided that the distance between the 107 said tracts of land is no more than five miles.

108 C. Upon expiration of five years of the revocation period hereunder, such person may petition the 109 circuit court of his residence for restoration of his privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the 110 Commonwealth. On such petition, and for good cause shown, the court may, in its discretion, restore to 111 the person the privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth on whatever conditions the court 112 may prescribe, subject to the provisions of law relating to issuance of driver's licenses, if the court is 113 satisfied from the evidence presented that the defendant does not constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself or others with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. However, prior to acting on 114 115 the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person be conducted by the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court. 116

117 D. Any person convicted of driving a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i) 118 while his license is revoked pursuant to subsection B of this section or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted license issued pursuant to such subsection shall be punished as follows: 119

1. If such driving does not, of itself, endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person 120 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for no more than ninety days and a 121

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122 fine of not more than \$2,500, either or both. However, ten days of any such confinement shall not be 123 suspended except in cases designated in subdivision 2 (ii) of this subsection.

124 2. If such driving of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or takes place while such 125 person is in violation of § 18.2-266, irrespective of whether the driving of itself endangers the life, limb 126 or property of another and one of the offender's underlying convictions is for subsection A of this 127 section, §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-266 or a parallel local ordinance, such person shall be guilty of a felony 128 punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five 129 years or, in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, by confinement in jail 130 for twelve months; no portion of such sentence shall be suspended. However, (i) if the sentence is for 131 more than one year in a state correctional facility, any portion of such sentence in excess of one year may be suspended or (ii) in cases wherein an operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme 132 133 emergency which require such operation to save life or limb, the sentence, or any part thereof, may be 134 suspended.

3. If any such offense of driving is a second or subsequent violation, such person shall be punished
as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers
the life, limb, or property of another.

E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection D, following conviction and prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to be evaluated for and to participate in the Boot Camp Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.1, or the Detention Center Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.2, or the Diversion Center
Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.3.

F. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the period of license revocation or suspension
 shall not begin to expire until the person convicted has surrendered his license to the court or to the
 Department of Motor Vehicles.

146 G. The provisions of this section shall not apply to, and shall have no effect upon, any
 147 disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the
 148 Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

H. For the purpose of this section a "prior offense" means a violation of: (i) the provisions of \$150 § 18.2-266, former § 18.1-54 (formerly § 18-75), this section, the ordinance of any county, city or town in this Commonwealth or the laws of any other state or of the United States substantially similar to the provisions of §§ 18.2-266 through 18.2-269 or this section or (ii) the provisions of subsection A of \$46.2-341.24 or the substantially similar laws of any other state or of the United States.

154 I. The provisions of Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 shall apply, mutatis
 155 mutandis, upon arrest for a violation of this section.

156 § 18.2-270. Penalty for driving while intoxicated; subsequent offense; prior conviction.

157 Except as otherwise provided herein, any person violating any provision of § 18.2-266 shall be guilty158 of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

159 Any person convicted of a second offense committed within less than five years after a first offense 160 under § 18.2-266 shall be punishable by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$2,500 and by confinement in jail for not less than one month nor more than one year. Forty-eight hours of such 161 162 confinement shall be a mandatory, minimum sentence not subject to suspension by the court. Any 163 person convicted of a second offense committed within a period of five to ten years of a first offense 164 under § 18.2-266 shall be punishable by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$2,500 and by 165 confinement in jail for not less than one month nor more than one year. Any person convicted of a third 166 or subsequent offense three or more offenses of § 18.2-266 committed within a ten-year years of an offense under § 18.2-266 period shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. Upon conviction for a fourth or 167 subsequent offense within ten years, the sentence shall include a mandatory, minimum term of 168 169 imprisonment of one year, none of which may be suspended in whole or in part. Unless otherwise 170 modified by the court, the defendant shall remain on probation and under the terms of any suspended 171 sentence for the same period as his operator's license was suspended, not to exceed three years.

172 In addition to the penalty otherwise authorized by this section or § 16.1-278.9, any person convicted 173 of a violation of § 18.2-266 committed while transporting a person seventeen years of age or younger 174 shall be (i) fined an additional minimum of \$500 and not more that \$1000 and (ii) sentenced to perform 175 forty hours of community service in a program benefiting children or, for a subsequent offense, eighty 176 hours of community service in such a program.

For the purpose of this section, a *an adult* conviction, or finding of guilty in the case of a juvenile, under the following shall be considered a prior conviction: (i) the provisions of § 18.2-36.1 or the substantially similar laws of any other state or of the United States, (ii) the provisions of § 18.2-51.4, § 18.2-266, former § 18.1-54 (formerly § 18-75), the ordinance of any county, city or town in this Commonwealth or the laws of any other state or of the United States substantially similar to the provisions of § 18.2-51.4, and §§ 18.2-266 through 18.2-269 or (iii) the provisions of subsection A of 184

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183 § 46.2-341.24 or the substantially similar laws of any other state or of the United States.

§ 18.2-271. Forfeiture of driver's license for driving while intoxicated.

185 A. Except as provided in § 18.2-271.1, the judgment of conviction if for a first offense under 186 § 18.2-266 or for a similar offense under any county, city, or town ordinance, or for a first offense 187 under subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, shall of itself operate to deprive the person so convicted of the 188 privilege to drive or operate any motor vehicle, engine or train in the Commonwealth for a period of 189 one year from the date of such judgment. This suspension period shall be in addition to the suspension 190 period provided under § 46.2-391.2.

191 B. If a person is (i) tried on a process alleging a second offense of Any adult convicted, or any 192 juvenile found guilty, of violating § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or any substantially 193 similar local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, two or more times in any combination within 194 ten years of a first offense

195 for which the person was convicted, or found guilty in the case of a juvenile, under § 18.2-266 or 196 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any valid county, city, or town ordinance or law of any other state or 197 of the United States substantially similar to § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 and (ii) is 198 convicted thereof, such person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine or train shall, upon the 199 second conviction, have his driver's license be revoked for a period of three years from the date of the 200 judgment of conviction as provided in subsection A of § 46.2-391. This suspension period shall be in 201 addition to the suspension period provided under § 46.2-391.2. Any period of license suspension or 202 revocation imposed pursuant to this section, in any case, shall run consecutively with any period of suspension for failure to permit a blood or breath sample to be taken as required by §§ 18.2-268.1 203 through 18.2-268.12 or §§ 46.2-341.26:1 through 46.2-341.26:11. 204

205 C. If a person is tried on a process alleging Any adult convicted, or any juvenile found guilty, of a third or subsequent offense of violating § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or any substantially similar local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, three or more times in any 206 207 combination within ten years of two other offenses for which the person was convicted, or found guilty 208 in the case of a juvenile, under § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or any valid county, city or 209 210 town ordinance or law of any other state or of the United States substantially similar to § 18.2-266 or 211 subsection A of <u>§ 46.2-341.24</u>, and is convicted thereof, such person shall not be eligible for participation in a program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 and shall, upon the third conviction, have his license 212 213 revoked as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-391. The court trying such case shall order the surrender 214 of the *person's* driver's license of the person so convicted, to be disposed of in accordance with 215 § 46.2-398, and shall notify such person that his license has been revoked indefinitely.

216 D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the period of license revocation or suspension 217 shall not begin to expire until the person convicted has surrendered his license to the court or to the 218 Department of Motor Vehicles.

219 E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to, and shall have no effect upon, any 220 disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the 221 Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). 222

§ 46.2-301. Driving while license, permit, or privilege to drive suspended or revoked.

223 A. In addition to any other penalty provided by this section, any motor vehicle administratively 224 impounded or immobilized under the provisions of § 46.2-301.1 may, in the discretion of the court, be 225 impounded or immobilized for an additional period of up to ninety days upon conviction of an offender 226 for driving while his driver's license, learner's permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked for (i) a violation of § §§ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, or driving while under the influence in violation of §§ -18.2-266, or -46.2-341.24 or a substantially similar ordinance or law in any 227 228 229 other jurisdiction or (ii) driving after adjudication as an habitual offender, where such adjudication was based in whole or in part on an alcohol-related offense, or where such person's license has been administratively suspended under the provisions of § 46.2-391.2. However, if, at the time of the 230 231 232 violation, the offender was driving a motor vehicle owned by another person, the court shall have no 233 jurisdiction over such motor vehicle but may order the impoundment or immobilization of a motor 234 vehicle owned solely by the offender at the time of arrest. All costs of impoundment or immobilization, 235 including removal or storage expenses, shall be paid by the offender prior to the release of his motor 236 vehicle.

237 B. Except as provided in §§ 46.2-304 and 46.2-357, no resident or nonresident (i) whose driver's 238 license, learner's permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked or (ii) who 239 has been directed not to drive by any court, by the Commissioner, or by operation of law pursuant to this title or (iii) who has been forbidden, as prescribed by law, by the Commissioner, the State Corporation Commission, the Commonwealth Transportation Commissioner, any court, or the 240 241 Superintendent of State Police, to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth shall thereafter drive 242 243 any motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment on any highway in the Commonwealth until the period of such suspension or revocation has terminated. A clerk's notice of suspension of 244

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245 license for failure to pay fines or costs given in accordance with § 46.2-395 shall be sufficient notice for
246 the purpose of maintaining a conviction under this section. For the purposes of this section, the phrase
247 "motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment" shall not include mopeds.

C. A first or second offense of violating this section shall constitute a Class 2 1 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent offense shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor. A third or subsequent offense shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor punishable by a minimum, mandatory term of confinement in jail of ten days which shall not be suspended in whole or in part. However, the court shall not be required to impose a minimum, mandatory term of confinement in any case where a motor vehicle is operated in violation of this section in a situation of apparent extreme emergency which requires such operation to save life or limb.

In addition, the court shall suspend the person's *driver's* license, permit, or privilege to drive for the
 same period for which it had been previously suspended or revoked when the person violated this
 section.

D. In the event the person has violated this section by driving during a period of suspension or revocation which was not for a definite period of time, the court shall suspend the person's license, permit or privilege to drive for an additional period not to exceed ninety days. Any additional suspension ordered under the provisions of this section shall commence upon the expiration of the previous suspension or revocation unless the previous suspension or revocation has expired prior to the ordering of an additional suspension or revocation.

§ 46.2-357. Operation of motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment by habitual
 offender prohibited; penalty; enforcement of section.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person determined or adjudicated an habitual offender to drive any motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment on the highways of the Commonwealth while the revocation of the person's driving privilege remains in effect. However, the revocation determination shall not prohibit the person from operating any farm tractor on the highways when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural purposes to another tract of land used for agricultural purposes, provided that the distance between the said tracts of land is no more than five miles.

B. Except as provided in subsection D, any person found to be an habitual offender under this
article, who is thereafter convicted of driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment
in the Commonwealth while the revocation determination is in effect, shall be punished as follows:

1. If such driving does not, of itself, endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person shall be guilty of a *Class 1* misdemeanor punishable by *minimum, mandatory term of* confinement in jail for no more *less* than ninety *ten* days, and a fine of not more than \$2,500, either or both. However, ten days of any such confinement which shall not be suspended except in cases designated in subdivision 2 (ii) of this subsection.

281 2. If such driving of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or takes place while such person is in violation of § 18.2-36.1, § 18.2-51.4, § 18.2-266, or § 46.2-341.24, irrespective of whether 282 283 the driving of itself endangers the life, limb or property of another andone of the offender's underlying 284 convictions is for the person has been previously convicted of a violation of \$\$ 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 285 18.2-266 or 46.2-341.24 or a parallel local ordinance, such person shall be guilty of a felony punishable 286 by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than five years or, in 287 the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, by confinement in jail for twelve 288 months and no portion of such sentence shall be suspended. However, (i) if the sentence is more than 289 one year in a state correctional facility, any portion of such sentence in excess of one year may be 290 suspended or (ii) in cases wherein such operation is necessitated in situations of apparent extreme 291 emergency which require such operation to save life or limb, said sentence, or any part thereof may be 292 suspended. For the purposes of this section, an offense in violation of a valid local ordinance, or law of 293 any other jurisdiction, which ordinance or law is substantially similar to any provision of law herein 294 shall be considered an offense in violation of such provision of law.

295 3. If the offense of driving while a determination as an habitual offender is in effect is a second or
296 subsequent such offense, such person shall be punished as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection,
297 irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers the life, limb, or property of another.

298 C. For the purpose of enforcing this section, in any case in which the accused is charged with 299 driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment while his license, permit, or privilege 300 to drive is suspended or revoked or is charged with driving without a license, the court before hearing 301 the charge shall determine whether the person has been determined an habitual offender and, by reason 302 of this determination, is barred from driving a motor vehicle or self-propelled machinery or equipment 303 on the highways in the Commonwealth. If the court determines the accused has been determined to be 304 an habitual offender and finds there is probable cause that the alleged offense under this section is a 305 felony, it shall certify the case to the circuit court of its jurisdiction for trial.

306 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection B, following conviction and 307 prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to 308 be evaluated for and to participate in the Boot Camp Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.1, or 309 the Detention Center Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.2, or the Diversion Center 310 Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.3.

311 § 46.2-389. Required revocation for one year upon conviction or finding of guilty of certain offenses; 312 exceptions.

313 A. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke, and not thereafter reissue for a period of time specified 314 in subsection B, except as provided in § 18.2-271 or § 18.2-271.1, the driver's license of any resident or 315 nonresident on receiving a record of his conviction or a record of his having been found guilty in the case of a juvenile of any of the following crimes, committed in violation of a state law or a valid 316 county, city, or town ordinance or law of the United States, or a law of any other state, substantially 317 318 paralleling and substantially conforming to a like state law and to all changes and amendments of it: 319

1. Voluntary or involuntary manslaughter resulting from the driving of a motor vehicle;

2. Violation of § 18.2-266 or § 18.2-272, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 or violation of a valid 320 321 substantially similar local ordinance paralleling and substantially conforming to § 18.2-266 or 322 <u>§ 18.2-272;</u>

323 3. Periury or the making of a false affidavit to the Department under this chapter or any other law of 324 the Commonwealth requiring the registration of motor vehicles or regulating their operation on the 325 highways; 326

4. The making of a false statement to the Department on any application for a driver's license;

327 5. Any crime punishable as a felony under the motor vehicle laws of the Commonwealth or any 328 other felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;

6. Failure to stop and disclose his identity at the scene of the accident, on the part of a driver of a 329 330 motor vehicle involved in an accident resulting in the death of or injury to another person; or 331

7. Violation of § 18.2-36.1 or § 18.2-51.4.

332 B. For Upon conviction of an offense set forth in subsection A, the person's period of revocation 333 *driver's license* shall be *revoked* for one year, except; *however*, for a violation of subdivision A 1 or A 334 7, the revocation driver's license shall be for an indefinite period revoked as provided in subsection B of 335 § 46.2-391.

336 § 46.2-391. Revocation of license for multiple convictions of driving while intoxicated; exception; 337 petition for restoration of privilege.

338 A. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue for three years the driver's 339 license of any person on receiving a record of the conviction of any person who is adjudged to be a 340 second offender convicted of (i) any combination of two or more offenses, if the second or subsequent 341 violation occurred within ten years of the prior adjudication, in violation of the provisions of subsection 342 A of § 46.2-341.24 (driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of drugs or intoxicants), 343 § 18.2-51.4 (maiming committed while driving under the influence of drugs or intoxicants), or 344 § 18.2-266 (driving under the influence of drugs or intoxicants), or (ii) any two or more offenses of 345 § 18.2-272 (driving while the driver's license has been forfeited for a conviction under § 18.2-266) if the 346 second or subsequent violation occurred within ten years of the prior adjudication. However, if the Commissioner has received a copy of a court order as provided in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, he 347 348 shall proceed as provided in the order of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, an offense in a349 violation of a federal law or a law of any other state or a valid local ordinance, or law of any other jurisdiction, which ordinance or law is substantially similar to any provision of Virginia law herein 350 shall be considered an offense in violation of such provision of Virginia law. county, city, or town of the Commonwealth similar to subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, §§ 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266 or § 18.2-272, if 351 352 353 the second violation adjudication occurred within ten years from the prior violation. However, if the 354 Commissioner has received a copy of a court order as provided in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, he shall 355 proceed as provided in the order of the court.

356 B. The Commissioner shall forthwith revoke and not thereafter reissue the driver's license of any 357 person after receiving a record of the conviction of any person convicted of (i) a violation of § 18.2-36.1 358 or § 18.2-51.4 adjudged to be a third offender or (ii) any combination of three convictions within a 359 period of ten years in of a violation of the provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, §§ 18.2-51.4, or 360 § 18.2-266, or a violation of federal law or asubstantially similar ordinance or law of any other jurisdiction state or a valid ordinance of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth similar to 361 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, §§ 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266 or § 18.2-272. At the expiration of ten years from 362 363 the date of the revocation hereunder, the person may petition the circuit court in the county or city in 364 which he resides, and for good cause shown, his license may in the discretion of the court be restored 365 on such conditions as the court may prescribe.

C. Any person who has had his driver's license revoked in accordance with subsection B of this 366 section may petition the circuit court of his residence, or, if a nonresident of Virginia, any circuit court: 367

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368 1. For restoration of his privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth after the expiration 369 of five years from the date of his last conviction. On such petition, and for good cause shown, the court 370 may, in its discretion, restore to the person the privilege to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth on whatever conditions the court may prescribe, subject to the provisions of law relating to issuance of 371 372 driver's licenses, if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that: (i) at the time of his previous 373 convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or other 374 drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the petition, he is no longer addicted to or psychologically 375 dependent on the use of alcohol or other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not constitute a threat to the 376 safety and welfare of himself or others with regard to the driving of a motor vehicle. However, prior to 377 acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the person be conducted by a Virginia 378 Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be submitted to the court. The court 379 may, in lieu of restoring the person's privilege to drive, authorize the issuance of a restricted license for 380 a period not to exceed five years in accordance with the provisions of subsection E of § 18.2-271.1. The 381 court shall notify the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program which shall during the term of the 382 restricted license monitor the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the 383 court. Any violation of the restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the 384 restrictions or revoke the license.

385 2. For a restricted permit license to authorize such person to drive a motor vehicle in the 386 Commonwealth in the course of his employment and to drive a motor vehicle to and from his home to 387 the place of his employment after the expiration of three years from the date of his last conviction. The 388 court may order that a restricted license for such purposes be issued in accordance with the procedures 389 of subsection E of § 18.2-271.1, if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that (i) at the time 390 of the previous convictions, the petitioner was addicted to or psychologically dependent on the use of 391 alcohol or other drugs; (ii) at the time of the hearing on the petition, he is no longer addicted to or 392 psychologically dependent on the use of alcohol or such other drugs; and (iii) the defendant does not 393 constitute a threat to the safety and welfare of himself and others with regard to the driving of a motor 394 vehicle. The court may prohibit the person to whom a restricted license is issued from operating a motor 395 vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system during all or any part 396 of the term for which the restricted license is issued, in accordance with the provisions set forth in 397 § 18.2-270.1. However, prior to acting on the petition, the court shall order that an evaluation of the 398 person be conducted by a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and recommendations therefrom be 399 submitted to the court. The Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program shall during the term of the 400 restricted license monitor the person's compliance with the terms of the restrictions imposed by the 401 court. Any violation of the restrictions shall be reported to the court, and the court may then modify the 402 restrictions or revoke the license.

403 In the computation of the five-year and three-year periods under subdivisions 1 and 2 of this
404 subsection, such person shall be given credit for any period his driver's license was revoked under
405 § 46.2-360 after adjudication as an habitual offender.

406 D. Any person convicted of driving a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment (i)
407 while his license is revoked pursuant to subsection A or B or (ii) in violation of the terms of a restricted
408 license issued pursuant to subsection C shall be punished as follows:

1. If such driving does not, of itself, endanger the life, limb, or property of another, such person shall be guilty of a *Class 1* misdemeanor punishable by *a minimum, mandatory term of* confinement in jail for no *less than ten* more than ninety days, or a fine of not more than \$2,500, or both. However, ten days of any such confinement which shall not be suspended except in cases designated in subdivision 2 (ii) of this subsection.

414 2. a. If such driving (i) of itself endangers the life, limb, or property of another or (ii) takes place 415 while such person is in violation of § 18.2-36.1, § 18.2-51.4, § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, 416 or a substantially similar law or ordinance of another jurisdiction, irrespective of whether the driving of 417 itself endangers the life, limb or property of another and one of the offender's underlying convictions is 418 for person has been previously convicted of a violation of § 18.2-36.1, § 18.2-51.4, § 18.2-266, 419 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or a parallel substantially similar local ordinance, or law of another 420 jurisdiction, such person shall be guilty of a felony punishable by confinement in a state correctional 421 facility for not less than one year nor more than five years or, in the discretion of the jury or the court 422 trying the case without a jury, by confinement in jail for twelve months and no portion of such sentence 423 shall be suspended.

424 2.b. However, (i) if the sentence is more than one year in a state correctional facility, any portion of
425 such sentence in excess of one year may be suspended or (ii) in cases wherein such operation is
426 necessitated in situations of apparent extreme emergency which require such operation to save life or
427 limb, said sentence, or any part thereof may be suspended.

428 3. If any such offense of driving is a second or subsequent violation, such person shall be punished

429 as provided in subdivision 2 of this subsection, irrespective of whether the offense, of itself, endangers 430 the life, limb, or property of another.

431 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3 of subsection D, following conviction and 432 prior to imposition of sentence with the consent of the defendant, the court may order the defendant to 433 be evaluated for and to participate in the Boot Camp Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.1, or 434 the Detention Center Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.2, or the Diversion Center 435 Incarceration Program pursuant to § 19.2-316.3.

436 F. Any period of driver's license revocation imposed pursuant to this section shall commence with 437 the surrender of the license to the court or to the Department of Motor Vehicles.

438 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a person from operating any farm tractor on the highways 439 when it is necessary to move the tractor from one tract of land used for agricultural purposes to 440 another such tract of land when the distance between the tracts is no more than five miles. 441

§ 46.2-394. Revocation of license for fourth conviction of certain offenses.

442 If any person is convicted four timesof a fourth offense as provided in of a violation of 443 §§ 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 46.2-301, §46.2-865, §46.2-894, and or §46.2-895, or any substantially similar 444 ordinance or law of any county, city, or town in Virginia other jurisdiction, the court in which the 445 conviction is held shall revoke his driver's license for five years.

§ 46.2-395. Suspension of license for failure or refusal to pay fines or costs. 446

447 A. Any person, whether licensed by Virginia or not, who drives a motor vehicle on the highways in 448 the Commonwealth shall thereby, as a condition of such driving, consent to pay all lawful fines, court 449 costs, forfeitures, restitution, and penalties assessed against him for violations of the laws of the Commonwealth; of any county, city, or town; or of the United States. For the purpose of this section, 450 451 such fines and costs shall be deemed to include any fee assessed by the court under the provisions of § 18.2-271.1 for entry by a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-51.4 or § 18.2-266 into an alcohol 452 453 safety action program.

454 B. In addition to any penalty provided by law, when any person is convicted of any violation of the 455 law of the Commonwealth or of the United States or of any valid local ordinance and fails or refuses to 456 provide for immediate payment in full of any fine, costs, forfeitures, restitution, or penalty lawfully 457 assessed against him, or fails to make deferred payments or installment payments as ordered by the court, the court shall forthwith suspend the person's privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the highways 458 459 in the Commonwealth. The driver's license of the person shall continue suspended until the fine, costs, 460 forfeiture, restitution, or penalty has been paid in full. However, if the defendant, after having his license 461 suspended, pays the reinstatement fee to the Department of Motor Vehicles and enters into an agreement 462 under § 19.2-354 that is acceptable to the court to make deferred payments or installment payments of unpaid fines, costs, forfeitures, restitution, or penalties as ordered by the court, the court shall restore 463 464 the defendant's driver's license. If the person has not obtained a license as required by provided in this 465 chapter, or is a nonresident, the court may direct in the judgment of conviction that the person shall not 466 drive any motor vehicle in Virginia for a period to coincide with the nonpayment of the amounts due.

C. Before transmitting to the Commissioner a record of the person's failure or refusal to pay all or 467 468 part of any fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty or a failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to § 19.2-354, the clerk of the court that convicted the person shall send or provide the person 469 470 written notice of the suspension of his license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle in Virginia, effective 471 ten days from the date of conviction, if the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty is not paid prior 472 to the effective date of the suspension as stated on the notice. Notice shall be provided to the person at 473 the time of trial or shall be mailed by first-class mail to the address certified on the summons or bail 474 recognizance document as the person's current mailing address, or to such mailing address as the person 475 has subsequently provided to the court as a change of address. If so mailed on the date of conviction or 476 within two business days thereof, or if delivered to the person at the time of trial, such notice shall be 477 adequate notice of the license suspension and of the person's ability to avoid suspension by paying the 478 fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty prior to the effective date. No other notice shall be required 479 to make the suspension effective. A record of the person's failure or refusal and of the license 480 suspension shall be sent to the Commissioner if the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty remains 481 unpaid on the effective date of the suspension specified in the notice or on the failure to make a 482 scheduled payment.

483 C1. Whenever a person provides for payment of a fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution or penalty other 484 than by cash and such provision for payment fails, the clerk of the court that convicted the person shall 485 send to the person written notice of the failure and of the suspension of his license or privilege to drive 486 in Virginia. The license suspension shall be effective ten days from the date of the notice. The notice 487 shall be the effective notice of the suspension and of the person's ability to avoid the suspension by paying the full amount owed by cash, cashier's check or certified check prior to the effective date of the 488 489 suspension if the notice is mailed by first class mail to the address provided by the person to the court 490 pursuant to subsection C or § 19.2-354. Upon such a failure of payment and notice, the fine, costs, 491 forfeiture, restitution or penalty due shall be paid only by cash, cashier's check or certified check, unless492 otherwise ordered by the court, for good cause shown.

493 D. If the person pays the amounts assessed against him subsequent to the time the *suspended* license
494 has been transmitted to the Department, and his license is not under suspension or revocation for any
495 other lawful reason, except pursuant to this section, then the Commissioner shall return the license to the
496 person on presentation of the official report of the court evidencing the payment of the fine, costs,
497 forfeiture, restitution, or penalty.

E. If the court has suspended or revoked the driver's license for any lawful reason other than this section, or the conviction is one for which revocation or suspension is required under any provision of this title, except for this section, then the suspension permitted under this section shall be in addition to, and run consecutively with, the revocation or suspension. The period of suspension shall be calculated from the date of the assessment of the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty until the date it has been paid.

504 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment in state

- 505 correctional facilities. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation
- 506 is \$0 in FY 2010.