004477768 HOUSE BILL NO. 785 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 34 56 7 (Proposed by the House Committee on Education on February 12, 2000) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Harris) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-26, 22.1-212.5 through 22.1-212.9, and 22.1-212.11 through 22.1-212.15 of the Code of Virginia, relating to charter schools. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That §§ 22.1-26, 22.1-212.5 through 22.1-212.9, and 22.1-212.11 through 22.1-212.15 of the Code 10 of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 22.1-26. Joint schools. Two or more school boards may, with the consent of the State Board, establish joint or regional 12 13 schools, including public regional charter schools as defined in § 22.1-212.5, for the use of their respective school divisions and may jointly purchase, take, hold, lease, convey and condemn both real 14 15 and personal property for such joint, regional, or public regional charter schools. The school boards, 16 acting jointly, shall have the same power of condemnation as other school boards except that land so 17 condemned shall not be in excess of thirty acres for the use of any one joint school. The title to all property acquired for such purposes shall vest jointly in the school boards in such respective proportions 18 as the school boards may determine, and the schools shall be managed and controlled by the school 19 20 boards jointly, in accordance with such regulations as are promulgated by the State Board. However, the 21 regulations in force at the time of the adoption of a plan for the operation of a joint, regional, or public 22 regional *charter* school shall not be changed for such joint, *regional*, or *public* regional *charter* school by the State Board without the approval of the school boards. The school boards operating a *public* 23 24 regional charter school shall determine the school division to which any *public* regional charter school is 25 assigned for the purposes of any restrictions on the number of charter schools imposed by § 22.1-212.11. § 22.1-212.5. Objectives; definitions. 26 27 A. In order to (i) stimulate the development of innovative programs within public education; (ii) 28 provide opportunities for innovative instruction and assessment; (iii) provide parents and students with 29 more options within their school divisions; (iv) provide teachers with a vehicle for establishing schools 30 with alternative innovative instruction and school scheduling, management and structure; (v) encourage 31 the use of performance-based educational programs; (vi) establish high standards for both teachers and 32 administrators; and (vii) develop models for replication in other public schools, charter schools may be

established in Virginia as provided in this article.

B. As used in this article:

35 "At-risk pupil" means a student having a physical, emotional, intellectual, socioeconomic, or cultural 36 risk factor, as defined in Board of Education criteria, which research indicates may negatively influence 37 educational success.

38 "Charter school" means a public, nonsectarian, nonreligious, or non-home-based alternative school 39 located within a public school division. A charter school may be created as a new public school or 40 through the conversion of all or part of an existing public school; however, no charter school shall be 41 established through the conversion of a private school or a nonpublic home-based educational program. 42

"Public regional charter school" means a charter school operated by two or more school boards.

§ 22.1-212.6. Establishment and operation of charter schools; requirements.

44 A. A charter school shall be subject to all federal and state laws and regulations and constitutional provisions prohibiting discrimination on the basis of disability, race, creed, color, gender, national origin, 45 religion, ancestry, or need for special education services and shall be subject to any court-ordered 46 47 desegregation plan in effect for the school division or, in the case of a public regional charter school, **48** any court-ordered desegregation plan in effect for participating school divisions.

49 Enrollment shall be open to any child who is deemed to reside within the relevant school division or, 50 in the case of a public regional charter school, within any of the participating school divisions, as set forth in § 22.1-3, through a lottery process on a space-available basis. A waiting list shall be established 51 if adequate space is not available to accommodate all students whose parents have requested to be 52 53 entered in the lottery process. Such waiting list shall also be prioritized through a lottery process and 54 parents shall be informed of their student's position on the list.

B. A charter school shall be administered and managed by a management committee, composed of 55 parents of students enrolled in the school, teachers and administrators working in the school, and 56 representatives of any community sponsors, in a manner agreed to by the charter school applicant and 57 the local school board. Pursuant to a charter contract and as specified in § 22.1-212.7, a charter school 58 59 may operate free from specified school division policies and state regulations, except for and, as public

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60 schools, shall be subject to the requirements of the Standards of Quality, including the Standards of 61 Learning and the Standards of Accreditation.

62 C. Pursuant to a charter agreement, a charter school shall be responsible for its own operations, 63 including, but not limited to, such budget preparation, contracts for services, and personnel matters as are specified in the charter agreement. A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school 64 65 division, the governing body of a public institution of higher education, or any third party for the use of 66 a school building and grounds, the operation and maintenance thereof, and the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking which the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the 67 educational program described in its charter. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a 68 school division shall not exceed the division's costs to provide such services. 69

D. In no event shall a charter school be required to pay rent for space which is deemed available, as 70 negotiated by contract, in school division facilities. All other costs for the operation and maintenance of 71 72 the facilities used by the charter school shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the school division or, in the case of a public regional charter school, between the public regional 73 74 charter school and the participating school divisions.

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E. A charter school shall not charge tuition.

§ 22.1-212.7. Contracts for charter schools; release from certain policies and regulations.

An approved charter application shall constitute an agreement, and its terms shall be the terms of a 77 78 contract between the charter school and the local school board or, in the case of a public regional 79 charter school, between the public regional charter school and the participating school boards. The contract between the charter school and the local school board or participating school boards shall reflect all agreements regarding the release of the charter school from school division policies. Such 80 81 contract between the charter school and the local school board or participating school boards shall reflect all requests for release of the charter school from state regulations, except for the requirements of 82 83 the Standards of Quality. The local school board or participating school boards, on behalf of the charter 84 school, shall request such releases from the Board of Education. 85

86 If the charter application proposes a program to increase the educational opportunities for at-risk 87 students, the local school board or participating school boards, as the case may be, on behalf of the charter school, shall also request that the Board of Education approve an Individual School Accreditation 88 89 Plan for the evaluation of the performance of the school as authorized by the Standards of Accreditation 90 pursuant to 8 VAC 20-131-280 C of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Any material revision of the terms of the contract may be made only with the approval of the local 91 school board or participating school boards and the management committee of the charter school. 92 93

§ 22.1-212.8. Charter application.

94 A. Any person, group, or organization may submit an application for the formation of a charter 95 school. 96

B. The charter school application shall be a proposed agreement and shall include:

97 1. The mission statement of the charter school that must be consistent with the principles of the 98 Standards of Quality.

99 2. The goals and educational objectives to be achieved by the charter school, which educational 100 objectives must meet or exceed the Standards of Learning.

3. Evidence that an adequate number of parents, teachers, pupils, or any combination thereof, support 101 102 the formation of a charter school.

4. A statement of the need for a charter school in a school division or participating school divisions 103 104 in the case of a public regional charter school, or in a geographic area within a school division or participating school divisions, as the case may be. 105

5. A description of the charter school's educational program, pupil performance standards, and curriculum, which must meet or exceed any applicable Standards of Quality; the assessments to be used 106 107 108 to measure pupil progress towards achievement of the school's pupil performance standards; the timeline 109 for achievement of such standards; and the procedures for taking corrective action in the event that pupil 110 performance at the charter school falls below such standards.

6. A description of the lottery process to be used to determine enrollment. A lottery process shall 111 112 also be developed for the establishment of a waiting list for such students for whom space is unavailable and, if appropriate, a tailored admission policy that meets the specific mission or focus of the charter 113 114 school and is consistent with all federal and state laws and regulations and constitutional provisions prohibiting discrimination that are applicable to public schools and with any court-ordered desegregation 115 plan in effect for the school division or, in the case of a public regional charter school, in effect for any 116 117 of the participating school divisions.

118 7. Evidence that the plan for the charter school is economically sound for both the charter school and 119 the school division or participating school divisions, as the case may be; a proposed budget for the term of the charter; and a description of the manner in which an annual audit of the financial and 120 administrative operations of the charter school, including any services provided by the school division or 121

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122 participating school divisions, as the case may be, is to be conducted.

123 8. A plan for the displacement of pupils, teachers, and other employees who will not attend or be 124 employed in the charter school and for the placement of charter school pupils, teachers, and employees 125 upon termination or revocation of the charter.

126 9. A description of the management and operation of the charter school, including the nature and 127 extent of parental, professional educator, and community involvement in the management and operation 128 of the charter school.

129 10. An explanation of the relationship that will exist between the proposed charter school and its 130 employees, including evidence that the terms and conditions of employment have been addressed with 131 affected employees.

132 11. An agreement between the parties regarding their respective legal liability and applicable 133 insurance coverage.

134 12. A description of how the charter school plans to meet the transportation needs of its pupils.

135 13. Assurances that the charter school (i) is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, 136 employment practices, and all other operations and (ii) does not charge tuition. 137

§ 22.1-212.9. Review of charter applications.

138 A. After Charter school applications shall only be received and reviewed by a local school board or, 139 in the case of a public regional charter school, by all of the participating school boards, after public 140 notice, a public hearing, and adoption by the local school board or boards of a resolution stating itsthe 141 intent to receive applications for the establishment of *such other* charter schools in the *relevant* school 142 division divisions, the local school board may receive and review all applications for charter schools. The 143 public notice shall appear once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper having a general 144 circulation in the jurisdiction of the *relevant* school divisiondivisions. The second publication shall not 145 be sooner than one calendar week after the first publication.

146 The Each local school board may that adopts a resolution announcing its intent to accept applications 147 for charter schools and publishes such notice of its intent shall establish procedures for receiving, 148 reviewing, and ruling upon applications and shall make a copy of any such procedures available to all 149 interested parties upon request. If any such board finds the charter school application is incomplete, the 150 board shall request the necessary information from the charter applicant.

151 B. To provide appropriate opportunity for input from parents, teachers, and other interested parties 152 and to obtain information to assist the local school boardboards in itstheir decision decisions to grant a 153 charter school application, the local school boardboards may establish a procedure for public notice, 154 comment, or hearings on charter school applications.

155 C. Each local school board shall provide public notice by December 31, 2000, of its intent to accept 156 or not to accept applications for charter schools.

157 § 22.1-212.11. Charter school restrictions.

158 A. On and after July 1, 1998, local school boards electing to receive applications for charter schools 159 pursuant to § 22.1-212.9 may establish a charter schoolschools within the school division and shall be 160 authorized to limit the number of schools so established; however, the total number of charter schools, including those designed to increase educational opportunities for at-risk pupils but not including any 161 162 public regional charter schools, shall not exceed ten percent of the school division's total number of schools or two charter schools, whichever is greater. Further, no more than two charters per school 163 division shall be granted prior to July 1, 2000. Priority shall be given to charter school applications 164 designed to increase the educational opportunities of at-risk students, and at least one-half of the charter 165 166 schools per division shall be reserved for such applications.

B. Local school boards that grant charter school applications shall report such action to the Board 167 168 and shall specify the maximum number of charters that may be authorized, if any; the number of charters granted; and whether a charter school is designed to increase the educational opportunities of 169 170 at-risk students.

171 C. Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent a school that is the only school in the 172 division from applying to become a charter school.

173 § 22.1-212.12. Charter school term; renewals and revocations.

174 A. A charter may be approved or renewed for a period not to exceed three school years. A charter 175 school renewal application submitted to the local school board or, in the case of a public regional 176 charter school, to the participating school boards shall contain:

177 1. A report on the progress of the charter school in achieving the goals, objectives, program and 178 performance standards for students, and such other conditions and terms as the school board or boards may require upon granting initial approval of the charter application. 179

180 2. A financial statement, on forms prescribed by the Board, that discloses the costs of administration, 181 instruction, and other spending categories for the charter school and that has been concisely and clearly 182 written to enable the school board or boards and the public to compare such costs to those of other

183 schools or comparable organizations.

184 B. A local local school board boards may revoke a charter if the charter school:

185 1. Violates the conditions, standards, or procedures established in the charter school application;

186 2. Fails to meet or make reasonable progress toward achievement of the content standards or student 187 performance standards identified in the charter application;

188 3. Fails to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management; or 189

4. Violates any provision of law from which the charter school was not specifically exempted.

190 A charter may be revoked if the local school board determines, in its discretion, that it is not in the 191 public interest or for the welfare of the students within the school division to continue the operation of 192 the school or, in the case of a public regional charter school, to continue its participation in the 193 operation of school.

C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the authority of the local school board boards 194 195 to decline to renew a charter agreement.

196 § 22.1-212.13. Employment of professional, licensed personnel.

197 A. Charter school personnel shall be employees of the local school board or boards granting the 198 charter or, in the case of a public regional charter school chartered by the Board, of the participating 199 school divisions.

B. Professional, licensed personnel may volunteer for assignment to a charter school. Assignment in 200 201 a charter school shall be for one contract year. Upon request of the employee and the recommendation 202 of the management committee of the charter school, reassignment to the charter school shall occur on an 203 annual basis.

204 C. At the completion of each contract year, professional, licensed personnel who request assignment 205 to a noncharter school in the *relevant* school division or who are not recommended for reassignment in the charter school, other than for the grounds cited in § 22.1-307, shall be guaranteed an involuntary 206 207 transfer to a noncharter school in the school division according to the employment policies of the school 208 division.

209 D. Professional, licensed personnel of a charter school shall be granted the same employment benefits 210 given to professional, licensed personnel in noncharter schools in accordance with the policies of the 211 relevant school board.

E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the authority of the local school board to 212 213 assign professional, licensed personnel to a charter school or any other public school as provided in 214 §§ 22.1-293 and 22.1-295. 215

§ 22.1-212.14. Funding of charter schools; services provided.

216 A. For the purposes of this article, students enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the 217 average daily membership of the *relevant* school division; however, charter schools shall not be reported 218 in fall membership for purposes of calculating the state and local shares required to fund the Standards 219 of Quality if the enrollment at the charter school is less than 100 students and constitutes less than five 220 percent of the total enrollment of the relevant grades in that school division.

221 B. Insofar as constitutionally valid, a local school board or, in the case of a public regional charter 222 school, the participating school boards may establish by contract an agreement stating the conditions for 223 funding the charter school.

C. Services provided the charter school by the local school board or participating school boards may 224 225 include food services; custodial and maintenance services; curriculum, media, and library services; 226 warehousing and merchandising; and such other services not prohibited by the provisions of this article 227 or state and federal laws.

228 D. Funding and service agreements between local school boards and charter schools shall not provide 229 a financial incentive or constitute a financial disincentive to the establishment of a charter school, 230 including any public regional charter school.

231 E. Any educational and related fees collected from students enrolled at a charter school shall be 232 credited to the account of such charter school established by the *relevant* local school board.

233 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the proportionate share of state and federal resources 234 allocated for students with disabilities and school personnel assigned to special education programs shall 235 be directed to charter schools enrolling such students. The proportionate share of moneys allocated under 236 other federal or state categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools serving students 237 eligible for such aid.

238 G. The management committee of a charter school is authorized to accept gifts, donations, or grants 239 of any kind made to the charter school and to spend such funds in accordance with the conditions 240 prescribed by the donor. However, no gift, donation, or grant shall be accepted by the management committee of a charter school if the conditions for such funds are contrary to law or the terms of the 241 242 agreement between the local school board and the charter school or, in the case of a public regional 243 charter school, the participating school boards and the public regional charter school. 244

H. The Department of Education shall provide technical assistance to local school boards electing to

245 receive, review, and act upon applications for charter schools.

246 § 22.1-212.15. Evaluation of charter schools; reports.

247 School boards establishing charter schools shall submit annual evaluations of such schools to the 248 Board of Education. The Board shall review the evaluations against any Board regulations and policies 249 waived for the charter schools to determine the efficacy of such waivers and whether the charter schools 250 accomplished established goals and objectives. Such school boards shall also submit annually to the 251 Board a comparison of the performance of charter school students and students enrolled in the regular 252 schools of thesuch relevant school division and a report of the number of students enrolled in such 253 charter schools at the end of the school year.

The Board shall report annually its findings and evaluations of any charter schools established in the Commonwealth to the Governor and the General Assembly, beginning in January 1999.

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