2000 SESSION

002968720 HOUSE BILL NO. 734 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 4 5 6 7 (Proposed by the House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns on February 12, 2000) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Devolites) A BILL to amend and reenact § 15.2-2242 of the Code of Virginia, relating to provisions of a subdivision ordinance. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 8 9 1. That § 15.2-2242 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 15.2-2242. Optional provisions of a subdivision ordinance. 11 A subdivision ordinance may include: 12 1. Provisions for variations in or exceptions to the general regulations of the subdivision ordinance in cases of unusual situations or when strict adherence to the general regulations would result in substantial 13 14 injustice or hardship. 15 2. A requirement for the furnishing of a preliminary opinion from the applicable health official 16 regarding the suitability of a subdivision for installation of subsurface sewage disposal systems where 17 such method of sewage disposal is to be utilized in the development of a subdivision. 3. A requirement that, in the event streets in a subdivision will not be constructed to meet the 18 standards necessary for inclusion in the secondary system of state highways or for state street 19 20 maintenance moneys paid to municipalities, the subdivision plat and all approved deeds of subdivision, 21 or similar instruments, must contain a statement advising that the streets in the subdivision do not meet 22 state standards and will not be maintained by the Department of Transportation or the localities enacting 23 the ordinances. Grantors of any subdivision lots to which such statement applies must include the 24 statement on each deed of conveyance thereof. However, localities in their ordinances may establish 25 minimum standards for construction of streets that will not be built to state standards. For streets constructed or to be constructed, as provided for in this subsection, a subdivision 26 ordinance may require that the same procedure be followed as that set forth in provision 5 of 27 28 § 15.2-2241. Further, the subdivision ordinance may provide that the developer's financial commitment 29 shall continue until such time as the local government releases such financial commitment in accordance 30 with provision 11 of § 15.2-2241. 4. Reasonable provision for the voluntary funding of off-site road improvements and reimbursements 31 32 of advances by the governing body. If a subdivider or developer makes an advance of payments for or 33 construction of reasonable and necessary road improvements located outside the property limits of the 34 land owned or controlled by him, the need for which is substantially generated and reasonably required 35 by the construction or improvement of his subdivision or development, and such advance is accepted, 36 the governing body may agree to reimburse the subdivider or developer from such funds as the 37 governing body may make available for such purpose from time to time for the cost of such advance 38 together with interest, which shall be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, at 39 a rate equal to the rate of interest on bonds most recently issued by the governing body on the 40 following terms and conditions: 41 a. The governing body shall determine or confirm that the road improvements were substantially 42 generated and reasonably required by the construction or improvement of the subdivision or development and shall determine or confirm the cost thereof, on the basis of a study or studies 43 44 conducted by qualified traffic engineers and approved and accepted by the subdivider or developer. 45 b. The governing body shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, a report accepted and approved by the subdivider or developer, indicating the governmental services required to be furnished to the subdivision or development and an estimate of the annual cost thereof for the period during which the 46 47 reimbursement is to be made to the subdivider or developer. **48** 49 c. The governing body may make annual reimbursements to the subdivider or developer from funds 50 made available for such purpose from time to time, including but not limited to real estate taxes assessed and collected against the land and improvements on the property included in the subdivision or 51 development in amounts equal to the amount by which such real estate taxes exceed the annual cost of 52 53 providing reasonable and necessary governmental services to such subdivision or development. 54 5. In a county having the urban county executive form of government, in any city located within or adjacent thereto, or any county adjacent thereto or a town located within such county, in any county 55 with a population between 57,000 and 57,450, or in any county with a population between 60,000 and 56 63,000, and in any city with a population between 140,000 and 160,000, provisions for payment by a 57 subdivider or developer of land of a pro rata share of the cost of reasonable and necessary road 58 59 improvements, located outside the property limits of the land owned or controlled by him but serving an

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60 area having related traffic needs to which his subdivision or development will contribute, to reimburse

61 an initial subdivider or developer who has advanced such costs or constructed such road improvements. Such ordinance may apply to road improvements constructed after July 1, 1988, in a county having the 62 63 urban county executive form of government; in a city located within or adjacent to a county having the 64 urban county executive form of government, or in a county adjacent to a county having the urban 65 county executive form of government or town located within such county and in any county with a 66 population between 57,000 and 57,450, or in any county with a population between 60,000 and 63,000, 67 such ordinance may only apply to road improvements constructed after the effective date of such 68 ordinance.

69 Such provisions shall provide for the adoption of a pro rata reimbursement plan which shall include 70 reasonable standards to identify the area having related traffic needs, to determine the total estimated or 71 actual cost of road improvements required to adequately serve the area when fully developed in 72 accordance with the comprehensive plan or as required by proffered conditions, and to determine the 73 proportionate share of such costs to be reimbursed by each subsequent subdivider or developer within 74 the area, with interest (i) at the legal rate or (ii) at an inflation rate prescribed by a generally accepted 75 index of road construction costs, whichever is less.

76 For any subdivision ordinance adopted pursuant to provision 5 of this section after February 1, 1993, 77 no such payment shall be assessed or imposed upon a subsequent developer or subdivider if (i) prior to 78 the adoption of a pro rata reimbursement plan the subsequent subdivider or developer has proffered 79 conditions pursuant to § 15.2-2303 for offsite road improvements and such proffered conditions have 80 been accepted by the locality, (ii) the locality has assessed or imposed an impact fee on the subsequent development or subdivision pursuant to Article 8 (§ 15.2-2317 et seq.) of Chapter 22, or (iii) the 81 subsequent subdivider or developer has received final site plan, subdivision plan, or plan of development 82 83 approval from the locality prior to the adoption of a pro rata reimbursement plan for the area having 84 related traffic needs.

85 The amount of the costs to be reimbursed by a subsequent developer or subdivider shall be 86 determined before or at the time the site plan or subdivision is approved. The ordinance shall specify 87 that such costs are to be collected at the time of the issuance of a temporary or final certificate of 88 occupancy or functional use and occupancy within the development, whichever shall come first. The 89 ordinance also may provide that the required reimbursement may be paid (i) in lump sum, (ii) by 90 agreement of the parties on installment at a reasonable rate of interest or rate of inflation, whichever is 91 less, for a fixed number of years, or (iii) on such terms as otherwise agreed to by the initial and 92 subsequent subdividers and developers.

93 Such ordinance provisions may provide that no certificate of occupancy shall be issued to a 94 subsequent developer or subdivider until (i) the initial developer certifies to the locality that the 95 subsequent developer has made the required reimbursement directly to him as provided above or (ii) the 96 subsequent developer has deposited the reimbursement amount with the locality for transfer forthwith to 97 the initial developer.

98 6. Provisions for establishing and maintaining access to solar energy to encourage the use of solar heating and cooling devices in new subdivisions. The provisions shall be applicable to a new subdivision only when so requested by the subdivider.

7. Provisions, in any town with a population between 14,500 and 15,000, granting authority to the 101 102 governing body, in its discretion, to use funds escrowed pursuant to provision 5 of § 15.2-2241 for improvements similar to but other than those for which the funds were escrowed, if the governing body 103 (i) obtains the written consent of the owner or developer who submitted the escrowed funds; (ii) finds 104 105 that the facilities for which funds are escrowed are not immediately required; and (iii) releases the 106 owner or developer from liability for the construction or for the future cost of constructing those improvements for which the funds were escrowed; and (iv) accepts liability for future construction of 107 108 these improvements. If such town fails to locate such owner or developer after making a reasonable 109 attempt to do so, the town may proceed as if such consent had been granted. In addition, the escrowed 110 funds to be used for such other improvement may only come from an escrow that does not exceed a 111 principal amount of \$30,000 plus any accrued interest and shall have been escrowed for at least five 112 vears.