001630816 **HOUSE BILL NO. 55** 1 Offered January 12, 2000 2 34 56 7 Prefiled January 4, 2000 A BILL to amend and reenact § 19.2-243 of the Code of Virginia, relating to limitation on prosecution of felony due to lapse of time after finding of probable cause; misdemeanors; exceptions. Patron-Kilgore 8 9 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 10 11 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 19.2-243 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 12 § 19.2-243. Limitation on prosecution of felony due to lapse of time after finding of probable cause; 13 14 misdemeanors; exceptions. 15 Where a general district court has found that there is probable cause to believe that the accused has 16 committed a felony, the accused, if he is held continuously in custody thereafter, shall be forever 17 discharged from prosecution for such offense if no trial is commenced in the circuit court within five months from the date such probable cause was found by the district court; and if the accused is not held 18 19 in custody but has been recognized for his appearance in the circuit court to answer for such offense, he 20 shall be forever discharged from prosecution therefor if no trial is commenced in the circuit court within 21 nine months from the date such probable cause was found. If there was no preliminary hearing in the district court, or if such preliminary hearing was waived 22 23 by the accused, the commencement of the running of the five and nine months periods, respectively, set 24 forth in this section, shall be from the date an indictment or presentment is found against the accused. 25 If an indictment or presentment is found against the accused but he has not been arrested for the 26 offense charged therein, the five and nine months periods, respectively, shall commence to run from the 27 date of his arrest thereon. 28 Where a case is before a circuit court on appeal from a conviction of a misdemeanor or traffic 29 infraction in a district court, the accused shall be forever discharged from prosecution for such offense if 30 the trial de novo in the circuit court is not commenced (i) within five months from the date of the 31 conviction if the accused has been held continuously in custody or (ii) within nine months of the date of 32 the conviction if the accused has been recognized for his appearance in the circuit court. 33 The provisions of this section shall not apply to such period of time as the failure to try the accused 34 was caused: 35 1. By his insanity or by reason of his confinement in a hospital for care and observation; 36 2. By the witnesses for the Commonwealth being enticed or kept away, or prevented from attending 37 by sickness or accident; 38 3. By the granting of a separate trial at the request of a person indicted jointly with others for a 39 felony; 40 4. At any time up to and including the day and time of trial, by continuance granted on the motion 41 of the accused or his counsel, or by concurrence of the accused or his counsel in such a motion by the attorney for the Commonwealth, or by the failure of the accused or his counsel to make a timely 42 43 objection to such a motion by the attorney for the Commonwealth, or by reason of his escaping from 44 jail or failing to appear according to his recognizance; or 5. By the inability of the jury to agree in their verdict. 45 But the time during the pendency of any appeal in any appellate court shall not be included as 46 47 applying to the provisions of this section.

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