2000 SESSION

008211664 HOUSE BILL NO. 1387 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 34 56 7 (Proposed by the House Committee on General Laws on February 9, 2000) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Clement) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 4.1-105 and 59.1-200 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 58.1 a chapter numbered 10.1, consisting of sections numbered 8 58.1-1031 through 58.1-1038, relating to the sale of cigarettes produced for export; penalties. 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 4.1-105 and 59.1-200 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenact and that the 10 Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 58.1, a chapter numbered 10.1, consisting of 11 sections numbered 58.1-1031 through 58.1-1038, as follows: 12 § 4.1-105. Police power of members, agents and employees of Board. 13 14 Members of the Board are vested, and such agents and employees of the Board designated by it shall 15 be vested, with like power to enforce the provisions of (i) this title and the criminal laws of the Commonwealth as is vested in the chief law-enforcement officer of a county, city, or town and; (ii) 16 17 § 18.2-371.2; and (iii) § 58.1-1038. 18 *CHAPTER 10.1.* 19 ENFORCEMENT OF ILLEGAL SALE OR DISTRIBUTION OF CIGARETTES ACT. 20 § 58.1-1031. Definitions. 21 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: 22 "Cigarette" means any product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned or heated under 23 ordinary conditions of use, and consists of or contains (i) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in 24 any substance not containing tobacco; (ii) tobacco, in any form, that is functional in the product, which, 25 because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely 26 to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette; or (iii) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any 27 substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or 28 its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette 29 described in clause (i) of this definition. 30 "Department" means the Department of Taxation. 31 "Importer" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5702 (1). 32 "Manufacturer" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5702 (d). "Package" means the same as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1332 (4). § 58.1-1032. Applicability. 33 34 35 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to (i) cigarettes allowed to be imported or brought into the United States for personal use free of federal tax or (ii) cigarettes sold or intended to be sold as 36 37 duty-free merchandise by a duty-free sales enterprise in accordance with the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 38 § 1555 (b) and any implementing regulations. This section, however, shall apply to any such cigarettes 39 that are brought back into the customs territory for resale within the customs territory. 40 § 58.1-1033. Prohibited acts. 41 It shall be unlawful for any person to: 42 1. Sell or distribute in the Commonwealth, acquire, hold, own, possess, or transport, for sale or 43 distribution in the Commonwealth, or import, or cause to be imported, into the Commonwealth for sale or distribution in the Commonwealth (i) any cigarettes the package of which bears any statement, label, 44 stamp, sticker, or notice indicating that the manufacturer did not intend the cigarettes to be sold, 45 distributed, or used in the United States, including but not limited to labels stating "For Export Only," 46 "U.S. Tax-Exempt," "For Use Outside U.S.," or similar wording; (ii) any cigarettes the package of 47 **48** which does not comply with (a) all requirements imposed by or pursuant to federal law regarding 49 warnings and other information on packages of cigarettes manufactured, packaged, or imported for sale, 50 distribution, or use in the United States, including but not limited to the precise warning labels specified 51 in the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1333, or (b) all federal trademark 52 and copyright laws; (iii) any cigarettes imported into the United States on or after January 1, 2000, in 53 violation of 26 U.S.C. § 5754 or any other federal law or regulations; (iv) any cigarettes that such 54 person otherwise knows or has reason to know the manufacturer did not intend to be sold, distributed, or used in the United States; or (v) any cigarettes for which there has not been submitted to the 55 Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services the list of the ingredients added to 56 57 tobacco in the manufacture of such cigarettes required by the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1335a; 58 59 2. Alter the package of any cigarettes, prior to sale or distribution to the ultimate consumer, so as to

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60 remove, conceal or obscure (i) any statement, label, stamp, sticker, or notice described in clauses (i) or

61 (ii) of subdivision 1 or (ii) any health warning that is not specified in, or does not conform with the 62 requirements of, the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1333; or

63 3. Affix any stamp required pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 58.1-1000 et seq.) of this title to the package 64 of any cigarettes described in subdivision 1 of this section or altered in violation of subdivision 2 of this 65 section.

§ 58.1-1034. Records to be kept; filing with Department.

A. Any person who acquires, holds, owns, possesses, transports in or imports into the Commonwealth 67 68 cigarettes which are subject to this chapter shall, with respect to such cigarettes, maintain and keep all records required pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 58.1-1000 et seq.) of this title. 69

B. On the first business day of each month, each person licensed to affix the state tax stamp to 70 cigarettes shall file with the Department, for all cigarettes imported into the United States to which such 71 72 person has affixed the tax stamp in the preceding month, (i) a copy of the permit issued pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 5713, to the person importing such cigarettes into the United States 73 allowing such person to import such cigarettes, and the customs form containing, with respect to such 74 cigarettes, the internal revenue tax information required by the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and 75 76 Firearms; (ii) a statement, signed by such person under the penalty of perjury, which shall be treated as 77 confidential by the Department and shall be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of 78 Information Act (§ 2.1-340 et seq.), identifying the brand and brand styles of all such cigarettes, and the 79 person or persons, if any, to whom such cigarettes have been conveyed for resale; and (iii) a statement, 80 signed by an officer of the manufacturer or importer under penalty of perjury, certifying that the manufacturer or importer has complied with the package health warning and ingredient reporting requirements of the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1333 and 1335a, with 81 82 83 respect to such cigarettes and §§ 3.1-336.1 and 3.1-336.2 of the Code of Virginia, including a statement 84 indicating whether the manufacturer is, or is not, a participating tobacco manufacturer within the 85 meaning of § 3.1-336.1. 86

§ 58.1-1035. Unfair cigarette sales; presumption.

87 For the purposes of this chapter, cigarettes imported or reimported into the United States for sale or 88 distribution under any trade name, trade dress, or trademark that is the same as, or is confusingly 89 similar to, any trade name, trade dress, or trademark used for cigarettes manufactured in the United 90 States for sale or distribution in the United States shall be presumed to have been purchased outside of

91 the ordinary channels of trade.

92 § 58.1-1036. Revocation or suspension of permit by Department; civil penalties; sharing of 93 information.

94 A. The Department may revoke or suspend the permit of any wholesale dealer, as defined in 95 58.1-1000, for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the Department as provided in § 58.1-1011. 96

97 B. In addition, the Department may impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater of 98 500 percent of the retail value of the cigarettes involved or \$5,000 upon finding a violation of this 99 chapter and may assess the tax due and any interest on the product acquired, possessed, sold, or offered 100 for sale in violation of this chapter.

101 C. For the purpose of enforcing this chapter, the Department may request or share information with 102 any federal, state or local agency, including any agency of another state or local agency thereof. 103

§ 58.1-1037. Other penalties for violation; civil actions.

A. Any violation of § 58.1-1033 or § 58.1-1034 shall constitute a prohibited practice as provided in 104 § 59.1-200, and, in addition to any remedies or penalties set forth in this chapter, shall be subject to 105 any remedies or penalties available for a violation of that section. 106

B. Any person who commits any of the acts prohibited by § 58.1-1033, either knowingly or having 107 108 reason to know he is doing so, or who fails to comply with any of the requirements of § 58.1-1034, 109 shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

110 C. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, any person may bring an action for appropriate 111 injunctive or other equitable relief for a violation of this chapter, for actual damages, if any, sustained 112 by reason of the violation, and, as determined by the court, interest on the damages from the date of the complaint, and taxable costs. If the court finds that the violation was willful, it may increase damages to 113 114 an amount not exceeding three times the actual damages sustained by reason of the violation. 115

§ 58.1-1038. Seizure.

116 Cigarettes that are acquired, held, owned, possessed, transported in, imported into, or sold or distributed in the Commonwealth in violation of this chapter shall be deemed contraband and shall be 117 118 subject to seizure, forfeiture and destruction. Such cigarettes shall be deemed contraband whether or not the violation of this chapter is with knowledge. 119

120 § 59.1-200. Prohibited practices.

121 A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer 122 transaction are hereby declared unlawful:

123 1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another; 124

2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;

125 3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection or association of the supplier, or of the goods or 126 services, with another; 127

4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;

128 5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or 129 benefits; 130

6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model;

131 7. Advertising or offering for sale goods which are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, or reconditioned, or which are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first 132 133 class," without clearly and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods 134 are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects or "not first class"; 135

136 8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell 137 at the price or upon the terms advertised.

138 In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or 139 servant thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms 140 advertised or offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph 141 shall not apply when it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such 142 goods or services are advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or 143 amount of such goods or services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement 144 or offer did in fact have or reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;

145 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts 146 of price reductions;

147 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or parts 148 installed;

149 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material which appears to be an 150 invoice or bill for merchandise or services previously ordered;

12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale," 151 "wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the 152 153 supplier's business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in 154 manufacturing the goods or services advertised or offered for sale;

155 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of 156 defense, or attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages, 157 or penalties which are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of this 158 Commonwealth, or under federal statutes or regulations;

159 14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connection 160 with a consumer transaction;

161 15. Violating any provision of §§ 3.1-796.78, 3.1-796.79, or § 3.1-796.82, relating to the sale of 162 certain animals by pet dealers which is described in such sections, is a violation of this chapter;

163 16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to:

164 a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign 165 attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be 166 readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does not permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of 167 168 this subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not less than twenty days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card 169 170 account for the return of defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of 171 purchase. In the case of merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase 172 and any refund may be delayed for a period of ten banking days to allow for the check to clear. This 173 subdivision does not apply to sale merchandise which is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, 174 or otherwise reduced for clearance; nor does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the 175 purchaser has requested the supplier to order merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand 176 not ordinarily carried in the store or the store's catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection 177 with a transaction for the sale or lease of motor vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in 178 § 46.2-100;

179 b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time 180 of the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the 181 premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill 182 of sale. Disclosure shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches

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183 the agreement;

184 16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess 185 of five dollars (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment on such account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances 186 187 within sixty days of receiving overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into 188 statements of account furnished consumers by suppliers within such sixty-day period, no separate or 189 additional notice is required;

190 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute which arises in 191 connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an 192 agreement;

193 18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Spa Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.) of this 194 title:

195 19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et seq.) of this title; 196

197 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et 198 seq.) of this title;

199 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 200 (§ 59.1-207.17 et seq.) of this title; 201

22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.) of this title;

23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 (§ 59.1-424 et seq.) of this title;

24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;

205 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 206 17.6 (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.) of this title; 207

26. Violating any provision of § 3.1-949.1, relating to the pricing of merchandise;

208 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.) of this 209 title;

210 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.) of 211 this title;

212 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et 213 seq.) of this title;

214 30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et seq.) of this title;

216 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.) of this 217 title: 218

32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1; and 219

33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1.

B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or 221 222 lease solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the 223 Commonwealth or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute or regulation 224 provides that a violation of such law, statute or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable 225 such contract or lease.

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